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Requirement		Requirement	
Number	Requirement Language	Number	Requirement Language
	Definition of Graduate Medical Education		Definition of Graduate Medical Education
	Graduate medical education is the crucial step of professional		Graduate medical education is the crucial step of professional
	development between medical school and autonomous clinical practice. It is in this vital phase of the continuum of medical education that residents		development between medical school and autonomous clinical practice. It is in this vital phase of the continuum of medical education that residents
	learn to provide optimal patient care under the supervision of faculty		learn to provide optimal patient care under the supervision of faculty
	members who not only instruct, but serve as role models of excellence,		members who not only instruct, but serve as role models of excellence,
	compassion, cultural sensitivity, professionalism, and scholarship.		compassion, cultural sensitivity, professionalism, and scholarship.
	Graduate medical education transforms medical students into physician		Graduate medical education transforms medical students into physician
	scholars who care for the patient, patient's family, and a diverse		scholars who care for the patient, patient's family, and a diverse
	community; create and integrate new knowledge into practice; and		community; create and integrate new knowledge into practice; and
	educate future generations of physicians to serve the public. Practice		educate future generations of physicians to serve the public. Practice
	patterns established during graduate medical education persist many years later.	[None]	patterns established during graduate medical education persist many years later.
III.A.	years rater.	[HONO]	years rater.
	Graduate medical education has as a core tenet the graded authority and responsibility for patient care. The care of patients is undertaken with appropriate faculty supervision and conditional independence, allowing residents to attain the knowledge, skills, attitudes, judgment, and empathy required for autonomous practice. Graduate medical education develops physicians who focus on excellence in delivery of safe, equitable, affordable, quality care; and the health of the populations they serve. Graduate medical education values the strength that a diverse group of physicians brings to medical care, and the importance of inclusive and psychologically safe learning environments.  Graduate medical education occurs in clinical settings that establish the foundation for practice-based and lifelong learning. The professional development of the physician, begun in medical school, continues through faculty modeling of the effacement of self-interest in a humanistic environment that emphasizes joy in curiosity, problem-solving, academic		Graduate medical education has as a core tenet the graded authority and responsibility for patient care. The care of patients is undertaken with appropriate faculty supervision and conditional independence, allowing residents to attain the knowledge, skills, attitudes, judgment, and empathy required for autonomous practice. Graduate medical education develops physicians who focus on excellence in delivery of safe, equitable, affordable, quality care; and the health of the populations they serve. Graduate medical education values the strength that a diverse group of physicians brings to medical care, and the importance of inclusive and psychologically safe learning environments.  Graduate medical education occurs in clinical settings that establish the foundation for practice-based and lifelong learning. The professional development of the physician, begun in medical school, continues through faculty modeling of the effacement of self-interest in a humanistic environment that emphasizes joy in curiosity, problem-solving, academic
	rigor, and discovery. This transformation is often physically, emotionally,		rigor, and discovery. This transformation is often physically, emotionally,
	and intellectually demanding and occurs in a variety of clinical learning		and intellectually demanding and occurs in a variety of clinical learning
	environments committed to graduate medical education and the well-		environments committed to graduate medical education and the well-
	being of patients, residents, fellows, faculty members, students, and all		being of patients, residents, fellows, faculty members, students, and all
Int.A. (Continued)	members of the health care team.	[None] - (Continued)	members of the health care team.
	Definition of Specialty		Definition of Specialty
	Allergy and immunology specialists provide expert medical care for patients with		Allergy and immunology specialists provide expert medical care for patients
	allergic and immunologic disorders. These specialists may serve as consultants, educators, and physician scientists in asthma, allergic disorders, immunologic		with allergic and immunologic disorders. These specialists may serve as consultants, educators, and physician scientists in asthma, allergic disorders,
Int.B.		[None]	immunologic disorders, and immunodeficiency diseases.
	Length of Educational Program	[	Length of Program
	The educational program in allergy and immunology must be 24 months in		The educational program in allergy and immunology must be 24 months in
Int.C.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	4.1.	length. (Core)
	Oversight	Section 1	Section 1: Oversight

Roman Numeral		Reformatted	
Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
Number		Number	Kequirement Language
	Sponsoring Institution  The Sponsoring Institution is the organization or entity that assumes the		Sponsoring Institution The Sponsoring Institution is the organization or entity that assumes the
	ultimate financial and academic responsibility for a program of graduate medical education, consistent with the ACGME Institutional Requirements.		ultimate financial and academic responsibility for a program of graduate medical education, consistent with the ACGME Institutional Requirements.
I.A.	When the Sponsoring Institution is not a rotation site for the program, the most commonly utilized site of clinical activity for the program is the primary clinical site.	[None]	When the Sponsoring Institution is not a rotation site for the program, the most commonly utilized site of clinical activity for the program is the primary clinical site.
I.A.1.	The program must be sponsored by one ACGME-accredited Sponsoring Institution. (Core)	1.1.	The program must be sponsored by one ACGME-accredited Sponsoring Institution. (Core)
	Participating Sites		
I.B.	A participating site is an organization providing educational experiences or educational assignments/rotations for residents.	[None]	Participating Sites A participating site is an organization providing educational experiences or educational assignments/rotations for residents.
I.B.1.	The program, with approval of its Sponsoring Institution, must designate a primary clinical site. (Core)	1.2.	The program, with approval of its Sponsoring Institution, must designate a primary clinical site. (Core)
I.B.2.	There must be a program letter of agreement (PLA) between the program and each participating site that governs the relationship between the program and the participating site providing a required assignment. (Core)	1.3.	There must be a program letter of agreement (PLA) between the program and each participating site that governs the relationship between the program and the participating site providing a required assignment. (Core)
I.B.2.a)	The PLA must:	[None]	
I.B.2.a).(1)	be renewed at least every 10 years; and, (Core)	1.3.a.	The PLA must be renewed at least every 10 years. (Core)
I.B.2.a).(2)	be approved by the designated institutional official (DIO). (Core)	1.3.b.	The PLA must be approved by the designated institutional official (DIO). (Core)
I.B.3.	The program must monitor the clinical learning and working environment at all participating sites. (Core)	1.4.	The program must monitor the clinical learning and working environment at all participating sites. (Core)
I.B.3.a).	At each participating site there must be one faculty member, designated by the program director as the site director, who is accountable for resident education at that site, in collaboration with the program director. (Core)	1.5.	At each participating site there must be one faculty member, designated by the program director as the site director, who is accountable for resident education at that site, in collaboration with the program director. (Core)
I.B.4.	The program director must submit any additions or deletions of participating sites routinely providing an educational experience, required for all residents, of one month full time equivalent (FTE) or more through the ACGME's Accreditation Data System (ADS). (Core)	1.6.	The program director must submit any additions or deletions of participating sites routinely providing an educational experience, required for all residents, of one month full time equivalent (FTE) or more through the ACGME's Accreditation Data System (ADS). (Core)
I.B.5.	Resident education at a participating site that is a private practitioner's office must be limited to those offices of program faculty members and must have defined goals and objectives. (Core)	1.6.a.	Resident education at a participating site that is a private practitioner's office must be limited to those offices of program faculty members and must have defined goals and objectives. (Core)
I.C.	Workforce Recruitment and Retention The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must engage in practices that focus on mission-driven, ongoing, systematic recruitment and retention of a diverse and inclusive workforce of residents, fellows (if present), faculty members, senior administrative GME staff members, and other relevant members of its academic community. (Core)		Workforce Recruitment and Retention The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must engage in practices that focus on mission-driven, ongoing, systematic recruitment and retention of a diverse and inclusive workforce of residents, fellows (if present), faculty members, senior administrative GME staff members, and other relevant members of its academic community. (Core)

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Requirement		Requirement	
Number	Requirement Language	Number	Requirement Language
I.D.	Resources	1.8.	Resources The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure the availability of adequate resources for resident education. (Core)
I.D.1.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure the availability of adequate resources for resident education. (Core)	1.8.	Resources The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure the availability of adequate resources for resident education. (Core)
I.D.1.a)	This must include the availability of adequate clinical and teaching space, including meeting rooms, examination rooms, computers, and office space outside of the inpatient and outpatient units. (Detail)	1.8.a.	This must include the availability of adequate clinical and teaching space, including meeting rooms, examination rooms, computers, and office space outside of the inpatient and outpatient units. (Detail)
I.D.1.b)	The program must provide a sufficient number of adult and pediatric patients during the 24-month program to provide education in allergic disorders, asthma, immunodeficiency diseases, and immunologic disorders. (Core)	1.8.b.	The program must provide a sufficient number of adult and pediatric patients during the 24-month program to provide education in allergic disorders, asthma, immunodeficiency diseases, and immunologic disorders. (Core)
I.D.2.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure healthy and safe learning and working environments that promote resident well-being and provide for:	1.9.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure healthy and safe learning and working environments that promote resident well-being and provide for:
I.D.2.a)	access to food while on duty; (Core)	1.9.a.	access to food while on duty; (Core)
I.D.2.b)	safe, quiet, clean, and private sleep/rest facilities available and accessible for residents with proximity appropriate for safe patient care; (Core)	1.9.b.	safe, quiet, clean, and private sleep/rest facilities available and accessible for residents with proximity appropriate for safe patient care; (Core)
I.D.2.c)	clean and private facilities for lactation that have refrigeration capabilities, with proximity appropriate for safe patient care; (Core)	1.9.c.	clean and private facilities for lactation that have refrigeration capabilities, with proximity appropriate for safe patient care; (Core)
I.D.2.d)	security and safety measures appropriate to the participating site; and, (Core)	1.9.d.	security and safety measures appropriate to the participating site; and, (Core)
I.D.2.e)	accommodations for residents with disabilities consistent with the Sponsoring Institution's policy. (Core)	1.9.e.	accommodations for residents with disabilities consistent with the Sponsoring Institution's policy. (Core)
I.D.3.	Residents must have ready access to specialty-specific and other appropriate reference material in print or electronic format. This must include access to electronic medical literature databases with full text capabilities. (Core)	1.10.	Residents must have ready access to specialty-specific and other appropriate reference material in print or electronic format. This must include access to electronic medical literature databases with full text capabilities. (Core)
I.E.	Other Learners and Health Care Personnel The presence of other learners and other health care personnel, including, but not limited to residents from other programs, subspecialty fellows, and advanced practice providers, must not negatively impact the appointed residents' education. (Core)	1.11.	Other Learners and Health Care Personnel The presence of other learners and other health care personnel, including, but not limited to residents from other programs, subspecialty fellows, and advanced practice providers, must not negatively impact the appointed residents' education. (Core)
II.	Personnel	Section 2	Section 2: Personnel
II.A.	Program Director	2.1.	Program Director There must be one faculty member appointed as program director with authority and accountability for the overall program, including compliance with all applicable program requirements. (Core)
II.A.1.	There must be one faculty member appointed as program director with authority and accountability for the overall program, including compliance with all applicable program requirements. (Core)	2.1.	Program Director There must be one faculty member appointed as program director with authority and accountability for the overall program, including compliance with all applicable program requirements. (Core)
II.A.1.a)	The Sponsoring Institution's GMEC must approve a change in program director and must verify the program director's licensure and clinical appointment. (Core)	2.2.	The Sponsoring Institution's GMEC must approve a change in program director and must verify the program director's licensure and clinical appointment. (Core)

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Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
Humber	Final approval of the program director resides with the Review Committee.	Number	Final approval of the program director resides with the Review Committee.
II.A.1.a).(1)	(Core)	2.2.a.	(Core)
II.A.1.b)	The program must demonstrate retention of the program director for a length of time adequate to maintain continuity of leadership and program stability. (Core)	2.3.	The program must demonstrate retention of the program director for a length of time adequate to maintain continuity of leadership and program stability. (Core)
II.A.2.	The program director and, as applicable, the program's leadership team, must be provided with support adequate for administration of the program based upon its size and configuration. (Core)	2.4.	The program director and, as applicable, the program's leadership team, must be provided with support adequate for administration of the program based upon its size and configuration. (Core)
	At a minimum, the program director must be provided with the dedicated time and support specified below for administration of the program. Additional support for program leadership must be provided as specified below. This additional support may be for the program director only or divided among the program director and one or more associate (or assistant) program directors. (Core)		At a minimum, the program director must be provided with the dedicated time and support specified below for administration of the program. Additional support for program leadership must be provided as specified below. This additional support may be for the program director only or divided among the program director and one or more associate (or assistant) program directors. (Core)
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 1-6   Minimum Support Required (FTE) for Program Director: 0.15   Minimum Additional Support Required (FTE) for Program Leadership in Aggregate: 0.05  Number of Approved Resident Positions: 7-10   Minimum Support Required (FTE) for Program Director: 0.2   Minimum Additional Support Required (FTE)		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 1-6   Minimum Support Required (FTE) for Program Director: 0.15   Minimum Additional Support Required (FTE) for Program Leadership in Aggregate: 0.05  Number of Approved Resident Positions: 7-10   Minimum Support Required (FTE) for Program Director: 0.2   Minimum Additional Support Required (FTE)
II.A.2.a)	for Program Leadership in Aggregate: 0.1	2.4.a.	for Program Leadership in Aggregate: 0.1
II.A.3.	Qualifications of the program director:	2.5.	Qualifications of the Program Director The program director must possess specialty expertise and at least three years of documented educational and/or administrative experience, or qualifications acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)
II.A.3.a)	must include specialty expertise and at least three years of documented educational and/or administrative experience, or qualifications acceptable to the Review Committee; (Core)	2.5.	Qualifications of the Program Director The program director must possess specialty expertise and at least three years of documented educational and/or administrative experience, or qualifications acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)
II.A.3.b)	must include current certification in the specialty for which they are the program director by the American Board of Allergy and Immunology or by the American Osteopathic Board of Internal Medicine or the American Osteopathic Board of Pediatrics, or specialty qualifications that are acceptable to the Review Committee; (Core)	2.5.a.	The program director must possess current certification in the specialty for which they are the program director by the American Board of Allergy and Immunology or by the American Osteopathic Board of Internal Medicine or the American Osteopathic Board of Pediatrics, or specialty qualifications that are acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)
II.A.3.c)	must include ongoing clinical activity; and, (Core)	2.5.b.	The program director must demonstrate ongoing clinical activity. (Core)
II.A.3.d)	must include leadership qualities and sufficient time and effort devoted to the program to provide day-to-day continuity of leadership and to fulfill the responsibilities of meeting the educational goals of the program. (Detail)	2.5.c.	The program director must have leadership qualities and sufficient time and effort devoted to the program to provide day-to-day continuity of leadership and to fulfill the responsibilities of meeting the educational goals of the program. (Detail)

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Requirement		Requirement	
Number	Requirement Language	Number	Requirement Language
	Program Director Responsibilities		
			Program Director Responsibilities
	The program director must have responsibility, authority, and		The program director must have responsibility, authority, and
	accountability for: administration and operations; teaching and scholarly		accountability for: administration and operations; teaching and scholarly
	activity; resident recruitment and selection, evaluation, and promotion of		activity; resident recruitment and selection, evaluation, and promotion of
	residents, and disciplinary action; supervision of residents; and resident	2.6	residents, and disciplinary action; supervision of residents; and resident
II.A.4. II.A.4.a)	education in the context of patient care. (Core)  The program director must:	2.6. [None]	education in the context of patient care. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(1)	be a role model of professionalism; (Core)	2.6.a.	The program director must be a role model of professionalism. (Core)
π.Α.Ψ.α).(1)	design and conduct the program in a fashion consistent with the needs of	2.0.a.	The program director must design and conduct the program in a fashion
	the community, the mission(s) of the Sponsoring Institution, and the		consistent with the needs of the community, the mission(s) of the
II.A.4.a).(2)	mission(s) of the program; (Core)	2.6.b.	Sponsoring Institution, and the mission(s) of the program. (Core)
-7(7	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		The program director must administer and maintain a learning
	administer and maintain a learning environment conducive to educating		environment conducive to educating the residents in each of the ACGME
II.A.4.a).(3)	the residents in each of the ACGME Competency domains; (Core)	2.6.c.	Competency domains. (Core)
			The program director must have the authority to approve or remove
	have the authority to approve or remove physicians and non-physicians		physicians and non-physicians as faculty members at all participating
	as faculty members at all participating sites, including the designation of		sites, including the designation of core faculty members, and must
	core faculty members, and must develop and oversee a process to		develop and oversee a process to evaluate candidates prior to approval.
II.A.4.a).(4)	evaluate candidates prior to approval; (Core)	2.6.d.	(Core)
	have the authority to remove residents from supervising interactions		The program director must have the authority to remove residents from
II.A.4.a).(5)	and/or learning environments that do not meet the standards of the program; (Core)	2.6.e.	supervising interactions and/or learning environments that do not meet the standards of the program. (Core)
π.π.π.α).(0)	submit accurate and complete information required and requested by the	2.0.0.	The program director must submit accurate and complete information
II.A.4.a).(6)	DIO, GMEC, and ACGME; (Core)	2.6.f.	required and requested by the DIO, GMEC, and ACGME. (Core)
	provide a learning and working environment in which residents have the		The program director must provide a learning and working environment in
	opportunity to raise concerns, report mistreatment, and provide feedback		which residents have the opportunity to raise concerns, report
	in a confidential manner as appropriate, without fear of intimidation or		mistreatment, and provide feedback in a confidential manner as
II.A.4.a).(7)	retaliation; (Core)	2.6.g.	appropriate, without fear of intimidation or retaliation. (Core)
	ensure the program's compliance with the Sponsoring Institution's		The program director must ensure the program's compliance with the
	policies and procedures related to grievances and due process, including		Sponsoring Institution's policies and procedures related to grievances
II.A.4.a).(8)	when action is taken to suspend or dismiss, or not to promote or renew the appointment of a resident; (Core)	2.6.h.	and due process, including when action is taken to suspend or dismiss, or
III.A.7.aj.(0)	ine appointment of a resident, (ode)	£.V.II.	not to promote or renew the appointment of a resident. (Core)  The program director must ensure the program's compliance with the
	ensure the program's compliance with the Sponsoring Institution's		Sponsoring Institution's policies and procedures on employment and non-
II.A.4.a).(9)	policies and procedures on employment and non-discrimination; (Core)	2.6.i.	discrimination. (Core)
7 3 7	Residents must not be required to sign a non-competition guarantee or		Residents must not be required to sign a non-competition guarantee or
II.A.4.a).(9).(a)	restrictive covenant. (Core)	3.1.	restrictive covenant. (Core)
-			The program director must document verification of education for all
	document verification of education for all residents within 30 days of		residents within 30 days of completion of or departure from the program.
II.A.4.a).(10)	completion of or departure from the program; and, (Core)	2.6.j.	(Core)
	provide verification of an individual resident's education upon the		The program director must provide verification of an individual resident's
II.A.4.a).(11)	resident's request, within 30 days; and (Core)	2.6.k.	education upon the resident's request, within 30 days. (Core)

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Requirement		Requirement	
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	provide applicants who are offered an interview with information related to		The program director must provide applicants who are offered an
	the applicant's eligibility for the relevant specialty board examination(s).		interview with information related to the applicant's eligibility for the
II.A.4.a).(12)	(Core)	2.6.l.	relevant specialty board examination(s). (Core)
	Faculty		Faculty
	Faculty members are a foundational element of graduate medical		Faculty members are a foundational element of graduate medical
	education – faculty members teach residents how to care for patients.		education – faculty members teach residents how to care for patients.
	Faculty members provide an important bridge allowing residents to grow		Faculty members provide an important bridge allowing residents to grow
	and become practice-ready, ensuring that patients receive the highest		and become practice-ready, ensuring that patients receive the highest
	quality of care. They are role models for future generations of physicians		quality of care. They are role models for future generations of physicians
	by demonstrating compassion, commitment to excellence in teaching and		by demonstrating compassion, commitment to excellence in teaching and
	patient care, professionalism, and a dedication to lifelong learning.		patient care, professionalism, and a dedication to lifelong learning.
	Faculty members experience the pride and joy of fostering the growth and		Faculty members experience the pride and joy of fostering the growth and
	development of future colleagues. The care they provide is enhanced by		development of future colleagues. The care they provide is enhanced by
	the opportunity to teach and model exemplary behavior. By employing a		the opportunity to teach and model exemplary behavior. By employing a
	scholarly approach to patient care, faculty members, through the		scholarly approach to patient care, faculty members, through the
	graduate medical education system, improve the health of the individual and the population.		graduate medical education system, improve the health of the individual and the population.
	and the population.		and the population.
	Faculty members ensure that patients receive the level of care expected		Faculty members ensure that patients receive the level of care expected
	from a specialist in the field. They recognize and respond to the needs of		from a specialist in the field. They recognize and respond to the needs of
	the patients, residents, community, and institution. Faculty members		the patients, residents, community, and institution. Faculty members
	provide appropriate levels of supervision to promote patient safety.		provide appropriate levels of supervision to promote patient safety.
	Faculty members create an effective learning environment by acting in a		Faculty members create an effective learning environment by acting in a
	professional manner and attending to the well-being of the residents and		professional manner and attending to the well-being of the residents and
II.B.	themselves.	[None]	themselves.
	There must be a sufficient number of faculty members with competence to		There must be a sufficient number of faculty members with competence to
II.B.1.	instruct and supervise all residents. (Core)	2.7.	instruct and supervise all residents. (Core)
II.B.2.	Faculty members must:	[None]	
			Faculty Responsibilities
II.B.2.a)	be role models of professionalism; (Core)	2.8.	Faculty members must be role models of professionalism. (Core)
	demonstrate commitment to the delivery of safe, equitable, high-quality,		Faculty members must demonstrate commitment to the delivery of safe,
II.B.2.b)	cost-effective, patient-centered care; (Core)	2.8.a.	equitable, high-quality, cost-effective, patient-centered care. (Core)
	demonstrate a strong interest in the education of residents, including		Faculty members must demonstrate a strong interest in the education of
	devoting sufficient time to the educational program to fulfill their		residents, including devoting sufficient time to the educational program to
II.B.2.c)	supervisory and teaching responsibilities; (Core)	2.8.b.	fulfill their supervisory and teaching responsibilities. (Core)
	administer and maintain an educational environment conducive to		Faculty members must administer and maintain an educational
II.B.2.d)	educating residents; (Core)	2.8.c.	environment conducive to educating residents. (Core)
	regularly participate in organized clinical discussions, rounds, journal		Faculty members must regularly participate in organized clinical
II.B.2.e)	clubs, and conferences; and, (Core)	2.8.d.	discussions, rounds, journal clubs, and conferences. (Core)
	pursue faculty development designed to enhance their skills at least		Faculty members must pursue faculty development designed to enhance
II.B.2.f)	annually: (Core)	2.8.e.	their skills at least annually: (Core)
II.B.2.f).(1)	as educators and evaluators; (Detail)	2.8.e.1.	as educators and evaluators; (Detail)
	in quality improvement, eliminating health inequities, and patient safety;		in quality improvement, eliminating health inequities, and patient safety;
II.B.2.f).(2)	(Detail)	2.8.e.2.	(Detail)
II.B.2.f).(3)	in fostering their own and their residents' well-being; and, (Detail)	2.8.e.3.	in fostering their own and their residents' well-being; and, (Detail)
	in patient care based on their practice-based learning and improvement		in patient care based on their practice-based learning and improvement
II.B.2.f).(4)	efforts. (Detail)	2.8.e.4.	efforts. (Detail)

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Requirement Number	Poquirement Language	Requirement Number	Paguirement Language
Number	Requirement Language	Number	Requirement Language Faculty Qualifications
			Faculty members must have appropriate qualifications in their field and
II.B.3.	Faculty Qualifications	2.9.	hold appropriate institutional appointments. (Core)
			Faculty Qualifications
	Faculty members must have appropriate qualifications in their field and		Faculty members must have appropriate qualifications in their field and
II.B.3.a)	hold appropriate institutional appointments. (Core)	2.9.	hold appropriate institutional appointments. (Core)
-	Each physician faculty member must have a valid unrestricted license to		Each physician faculty member must have a valid unrestricted license to
	practice medicine in the jurisdiction where the program's institutional sponsor is		practice medicine in the jurisdiction where the program's institutional sponsor is
II.B.3.a).(1)	located. (Detail)	2.9.a.	located. (Detail)
	Physician faculty members must demonstrate competence in both clinical care		Physician faculty members must demonstrate competence in both clinical care
II.B.3.a).(2)	and teaching abilities. (Core)	2.9.b.	and teaching abilities. (Core)
II.B.3.b)	Physician faculty members must:	[None]	
			Physician faculty members must have current certification in the specialty
	have current certification in the specialty by the American Board of Allergy		by the American Board of Allergy and Immunology or the American
	and Immunology or the American Osteopathic Board of Internal Medicine or		Osteopathic Board of Internal Medicine or the American Osteopathic Board of
	the American Osteopathic Board of Pediatrics, or possess qualifications		Pediatrics, or possess qualifications judged acceptable to the Review
II.B.3.b).(1)	judged acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)	2.10.	Committee. (Core)
	Physician faculty members who are not specialists in allergy and immunology		Physician faculty members who are not specialists in allergy and immunology
	must be certified in their specialty by the appropriate American Board of Medical		must be certified in their specialty by the appropriate American Board of Medica
II B 3 b) /3)	Specialties (ABMS) board or AOA certifying board, or possess qualifications acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)	2.10.a.	Specialties (ABMS) board or AOA certifying board, or possess qualifications acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)
II.B.3.b).(2)		Z. 10.a.	
	Faculty members must be certified by the American Board of Allergy and Immunology, AOA certification in allergy and immunology, or possess		Faculty members must be certified by the American Board of Allergy and Immunology, AOA certification in allergy and immunology, or possess
II.B.3.b).(3)	qualifications acceptable to the Review Committee. (Detail)	2.10.b.	qualifications acceptable to the Review Committee. (Detail)
11.2.0.0).(0)	At least one faculty member must be an allergist and immunologist who has	2.10.0.	At least one faculty member must be an allergist and immunologist who has
	completed an ACGME-accredited or AOA-approved residency in pediatrics.		completed an ACGME-accredited or AOA-approved residency in pediatrics.
II.B.3.b).(4)	(Detail)	2.10.c.	(Detail)
, , ,	At least one faculty member must be an allergist and immunologist who has		At least one faculty member must be an allergist and immunologist who has
	completed an ACGME-accredited or AOA-approved residency in internal		completed an ACGME-accredited or AOA-approved residency in internal
II.B.3.b).(5)	medicine. (Detail)	2.10.d.	medicine. (Detail)
	Core Faculty		
			Core Faculty
	Core faculty members must have a significant role in the education and		Core faculty members must have a significant role in the education and
	supervision of residents and must devote a significant portion of their		supervision of residents and must devote a significant portion of their
	entire effort to resident education and/or administration, and must, as a		entire effort to resident education and/or administration, and must, as a
	component of their activities, teach, evaluate, and provide formative		component of their activities, teach, evaluate, and provide formative
II.B.4.	feedback to residents. (Core)	2.11.	feedback to residents. (Core)
II P 4 o)	Core faculty members must complete the annual ACGME Faculty Survey.	2.11.a.	Core faculty members must complete the annual ACGME Faculty Survey.
II.B.4.a) II.B.4.b)	(Core) The faculty must include at least two core faculty members. (Detail)	2.11.a. 2.11.b.	(Core) The faculty must include at least two core faculty members. (Detail)
ט.4.ט.וו	The faculty must include at least two core faculty members. (Detail)	۷. ۱۱. <i>۵</i> .	Program Coordinator
II.C.	Program Coordinator	2.12.	There must be a program coordinator. (Core)
	i rogram coordinator	<u></u>	Program Coordinator
II.C.1.	There must be a program coordinator. (Core)	2.12.	There must be a program coordinator. (Core)
	The program coordinator must be provided with dedicated time and		The program coordinator must be provided with dedicated time and
	support adequate for administration of the program based upon its size		support adequate for administration of the program based upon its size
II.C.2.	and configuration. (Core)	2.12.a.	and configuration. (Core)

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Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
II.C.2.a)	At a minimum, the program coordinator must be provided with the dedicated time and support specified below for administration of the program. (Core)  Number of Approved Resident Positions: 1-6   Minimum FTE: 0.3  Number of Approved Resident Positions: 7-10   Minimum FTE: 0.4	2.12.b.	At a minimum, the program coordinator must be provided with the dedicated time and support specified below for administration of the program. (Core)  Number of Approved Resident Positions: 1-6   Minimum FTE: 0.3  Number of Approved Resident Positions: 7-10   Minimum FTE: 0.4
	Other Program Personnel		Other Program Personnel
II.D.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must jointly ensure the availability of necessary personnel for the effective administration of the program. (Core)	2.13.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must jointly ensure the availability of necessary personnel for the effective administration of the program. (Core)
III.	Resident Appointments	Section 3	Section 3: Resident Appointments
III.A.	Eligibility Requirements	3.2.	Eligibility Requirements  An applicant must meet one of the following qualifications to be eligible for appointment to an ACGME-accredited program: (Core)
III.A.1.	An applicant must meet one of the following qualifications to be eligible for appointment to an ACGME-accredited program: (Core)	3.2.	Eligibility Requirements  An applicant must meet one of the following qualifications to be eligible for appointment to an ACGME-accredited program: (Core)
III.A.1.a)	graduation from a medical school in the United States, accredited by the Liaison Committee on Medical Education (LCME) or graduation from a college of osteopathic medicine in the United States, accredited by the American Osteopathic Association Commission on Osteopathic College Accreditation (AOACOCA); or, (Core)	3.2.a.	graduation from a medical school in the United States, accredited by the Liaison Committee on Medical Education (LCME) or graduation from a college of osteopathic medicine in the United States, accredited by the American Osteopathic Association Commission on Osteopathic College Accreditation (AOACOCA); or, (Core)
III.A.1.b)	graduation from a medical school outside of the United States, and meeting one of the following additional qualifications: (Core)	3.2.b.	graduation from a medical school outside of the United States, and meeting one of the following additional qualifications: (Core)  • holding a currently valid certificate from the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG) prior to appointment; or, (Core)  • holding a full and unrestricted license to practice medicine in the United States licensing jurisdiction in which the ACGME-accredited program is located. (Core)
			graduation from a medical school outside of the United States, and meeting one of the following additional qualifications: (Core)  • holding a currently valid certificate from the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG) prior to appointment; or, (Core)
III.A.1.b).(1)	holding a currently valid certificate from the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG) prior to appointment; or, (Core)	3.2.b.	<ul> <li>holding a full and unrestricted license to practice medicine in the United States licensing jurisdiction in which the ACGME-accredited program is located. (Core)</li> </ul>
			graduation from a medical school outside of the United States, and meeting one of the following additional qualifications: (Core)  • holding a currently valid certificate from the Educational Commission for
III.A.1.b).(2)	holding a full and unrestricted license to practice medicine in the United States licensing jurisdiction in which the ACGME-accredited program is located. (Core)	3.2.b.	<ul> <li>Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG) prior to appointment; or, (Core)</li> <li>holding a full and unrestricted license to practice medicine in the United States licensing jurisdiction in which the ACGME-accredited program is located. (Core)</li> </ul>

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III.A.2.	or transfer into ACGME-accredited residency programs must be completed in ACGME-accredited residency programs, AOA-approved residency programs, Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada (RCPSC)-accredited or College of Family Physicians of Canada (CFPC)-accredited residency programs located in Canada, or in residency programs with ACGME International (ACGME-I) Advanced Specialty Accreditation. (Core)		or transfer into ACGME-accredited residency programs must be completed in ACGME-accredited residency programs, AOA-approved residency programs, Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada (RCPSC)-accredited or College of Family Physicians of Canada (CFPC)-accredited residency programs located in Canada, or in residency programs with ACGME International (ACGME-I) Advanced Specialty Accreditation. (Core)
  III.A.2.a)	Residency programs must receive verification of each resident's level of competency in the required clinical field using ACGME, CanMEDS, or ACGME-I Milestones evaluations from the prior training program upon matriculation. (Core)	3.3.a.	Residency programs must receive verification of each resident's level of competency in the required clinical field using ACGME, CanMEDS, or ACGME-I Milestones evaluations from the prior training program upon matriculation. (Core)
III.A.2.b)	Prior to appointment in the program, residents must have successfully completed:	3.3.a.1.	Prior to appointment in the program, residents must have successfully completed:
III.A.2.b).(1)	a residency program in internal medicine and/or pediatrics that satisfies the requirements in III.A.2.; (Core)	3.3.a.1.a.	a residency program in internal medicine and/or pediatrics that satisfies the requirements in 3.3.; (Core)
III.A.2.b).(2)	two years of a residency program in internal medicine that satisfies the requirements in III.A.2., and been accepted into a research pathway of the American Board of Internal Medicine (ABIM), as attested to by the ABIM and American Board of Allergy and Immunology (ABAI); or, (Core)	3.3.a.1.b.	two years of a residency program in internal medicine that satisfies the requirements in 3.3., and been accepted into a research pathway of the American Board of Internal Medicine (ABIM), as attested to by the ABIM and American Board of Allergy and Immunology (ABAI); or, (Core)
III.A.2.b).(3)	two years of a residency program in pediatrics that satisfies the requirements in III.A.2., and been accepted into a research pathway of the American Board of Pediatrics (ABP), as attested to by the ABP and ABAI. (Core)	3.3.a.1.c.	two years of a residency program in pediatrics that satisfies the requirements in 3.3., and been accepted into a research pathway of the American Board of Pediatrics (ABP), as attested to by the ABP and ABAI. (Core)
III.A.3.	Resident Eligibility Exception The Review Committee for Allergy and Immunology will allow the following exception to the resident eligibility requirements: (Core)	3.3.b.	Resident Eligibility Exception The Review Committee for Allergy and Immunology will allow the following exception to the resident eligibility requirements: (Core)
III.A.3.a)	An ACGME-accredited residency program may accept an exceptionally qualified international graduate applicant who does not satisfy the eligibility requirements listed in III.A.1III.A.2., but who does meet all of the following additional qualifications and conditions: (Core)	3.3.b.1.	An ACGME-accredited residency program may accept an exceptionally qualified international graduate applicant who does not satisfy the eligibility requirements listed in 3.2. – 3.3., but who does meet all of the following additional qualifications and conditions: (Core)
III.A.3.a).(1)	review and approval of the applicant's exceptional qualifications by the	3.3.b.1.a.	evaluation by the program director and residency selection committee of the applicant's suitability to enter the program, based on prior training and review of the summative evaluations of this training; and, (Core) review and approval of the applicant's exceptional qualifications by the
III.A.3.a).(2)	GMEC; and, (Core)  verification of Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates	3.3.b.1.b.	GMEC; and, (Core)  verification of Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates
III.A.3.a).(3)	(ECFMG) certification. (Core)  Applicants accepted through this exception must have an evaluation of their performance by the Clinical Competency Committee within 12 weeks of matriculation. (Core)	3.3.b.1.c. 3.3.b.2.	(ECFMG) certification. (Core)  Applicants accepted through this exception must have an evaluation of their performance by the Clinical Competency Committee within 12 weeks of matriculation. (Core)
III.B.	Resident Complement The program director must not appoint more residents than approved by the Review Committee. (Core)	3.4.	Resident Complement The program director must not appoint more residents than approved by the Review Committee. (Core)

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III.C.	Resident Transfers  The program must obtain verification of previous educational experiences and a summative competency-based performance evaluation prior to acceptance of a transferring resident, and Milestones evaluations upon matriculation. (Core)	3.5.	Resident Transfers The program must obtain verification of previous educational experiences and a summative competency-based performance evaluation prior to acceptance of a transferring resident, and Milestones evaluations upon matriculation. (Core)
	Educational Program		Section 4: Educational Program
	The ACGME accreditation system is designed to encourage excellence and innovation in graduate medical education regardless of the organizational affiliation, size, or location of the program.		The ACGME accreditation system is designed to encourage excellence and innovation in graduate medical education regardless of the organizational affiliation, size, or location of the program.
	The educational program must support the development of knowledgeable, skillful physicians who provide compassionate care.		The educational program must support the development of knowledgeable, skillful physicians who provide compassionate care.
IV.	It is recognized programs may place different emphasis on research, leadership, public health, etc. It is expected that the program aims will reflect the nuanced program-specific goals for it and its graduates; for example, it is expected that a program aiming to prepare physician-scientists will have a different curriculum from one focusing on community health.	Section 4	It is recognized programs may place different emphasis on research, leadership, public health, etc. It is expected that the program aims will reflect the nuanced program-specific goals for it and its graduates; for example, it is expected that a program aiming to prepare physician-scientists will have a different curriculum from one focusing on community health.
	Educational Components		Educational Components
IV.A.1.	The curriculum must contain the following educational components:  a set of program aims consistent with the Sponsoring Institution's mission, the needs of the community it serves, and the desired distinctive capabilities of its graduates, which must be made available to program applicants, residents, and faculty members; (Core)	4.2. 4.2.a.	The curriculum must contain the following educational components:  a set of program aims consistent with the Sponsoring Institution's mission, the needs of the community it serves, and the desired distinctive capabilities of its graduates, which must be made available to program applicants, residents, and faculty members; (Core)
IV.A.2.	competency-based goals and objectives for each educational experience designed to promote progress on a trajectory to autonomous practice. These must be distributed, reviewed, and available to residents and faculty members; (Core)	4.2.b.	competency-based goals and objectives for each educational experience designed to promote progress on a trajectory to autonomous practice. These must be distributed, reviewed, and available to residents and faculty members; (Core)
IV.A.3.	delineation of resident responsibilities for patient care, progressive responsibility for patient management, and graded supervision; (Core)	4.2.c.	delineation of resident responsibilities for patient care, progressive responsibility for patient management, and graded supervision; (Core)
IV.A.4.	a broad range of structured didactic activities; and, (Core)	4.2.d.	a broad range of structured didactic activities; and, (Core)
IV.A.4.a)	Residents must be provided with protected time to participate in core didactic activities. (Core)	4.11.	Didactic and Clinical Experiences Residents must be provided with protected time to participate in core didactic activities. (Core)
IV.A.5.	formal educational activities that promote patient safety-related goals,	4.2.e.	formal educational activities that promote patient safety-related goals,
	tools, and techniques. (Core)		ACGME Competencies The Competencies provide a conceptual framework describing the required domains for a trusted physician to enter autonomous practice. These Competencies are core to the practice of all physicians, although the specifics are further defined by each specialty. The developmental trajectories in each of the Competencies are articulated through the
IV.B.	ACGME Competencies	[None]	Milestones for each specialty.

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IV.B.1.	The program must integrate the following ACGME Competencies into the curriculum:	[None]	The program must integrate all ACGME Competencies into the curriculum.
	Professionalism  Residents must demonstrate a commitment to professionalism and an		ACGME Competencies – Professionalism Residents must demonstrate a commitment to professionalism and an adherence to ethical principles. (Core)
IV.B.1.a)	adherence to ethical principles. (Core)	4.3.	Residents must demonstrate competence in:
			ACGME Competencies – Professionalism Residents must demonstrate a commitment to professionalism and an adherence to ethical principles. (Core)
IV.B.1.a).(1)	Residents must demonstrate competence in:	4.3.	Residents must demonstrate competence in:
IV.B.1.a).(1).(a)	compassion, integrity, and respect for others; (Core)	4.3.a.	compassion, integrity, and respect for others; (Core)
IV.B.1.a).(1).(b)	responsiveness to patient needs that supersedes self-interest; (Core)	4.3.b.	responsiveness to patient needs that supersedes self-interest; (Core)
IV.B.1.a).(1).(c)	cultural humility; (Core)	4.3.c.	cultural humility; (Core)
IV.B.1.a).(1).(d)	respect for patient privacy and autonomy; (Core)	4.3.d.	respect for patient privacy and autonomy; (Core)
IV.B.1.a).(1).(e)	accountability to patients, society, and the profession; (Core)	4.3.e.	accountability to patients, society, and the profession; (Core)
	respect and responsiveness to diverse patient populations, including but not limited to diversity in gender, age, culture, race, religion, disabilities,		respect and responsiveness to diverse patient populations, including but not limited to diversity in gender, age, culture, race, religion, disabilities,
IV.B.1.a).(1).(f)	national origin, socioeconomic status, and sexual orientation; (Core)	4.3.f.	national origin, socioeconomic status, and sexual orientation; (Core)
IV.B.1.a).(1).(g)	ability to recognize and develop a plan for one's own personal and professional well-being; and, (Core)	4.3.g.	ability to recognize and develop a plan for one's own personal and professional well-being; and, (Core)
IV.B.1.a).(1).(h)	appropriately disclosing and addressing conflict or duality of interest. (Core)	4.3.h.	appropriately disclosing and addressing conflict or duality of interest. (Core)
IV.B.1.b)	Patient Care and Procedural Skills	[None]	
IV.B.1.b).(1)	Residents must be able to provide patient care that is patient- and family-centered, compassionate, equitable, appropriate, and effective for the treatment of health problems and the promotion of health. (Core)	4.4.	ACGME Competencies – Patient Care and Procedural Skills (Part A) Residents must be able to provide patient care that is patient- and family- centered, compassionate, equitable, appropriate, and effective for the treatment of health problems and the promotion of health. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(a)	Residents must demonstrate proficiency in:	4.4.a.	Residents must demonstrate proficiency in:
IV.B.1.b).(1).(a).(i)	conducting comprehensive and detailed medical interviews with children and adults who present with suspected allergic and/or immunologic disorders; (Core)		conducting comprehensive and detailed medical interviews with children and adults who present with suspected allergic and/or immunologic disorders; (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(a).(ii)	performing a physical examination appropriate to age and the specialty; (Core)	4.4.a.2.	performing a physical examination appropriate to age and the specialty; (Core)
IV R 1 b) (1) (2) (iii)	assessing the risks and benefits of allergic and immunologic disorder therapies, including environmental controls, allergen immunotherapy, pharmacotherapy, and immunomodulatory therapy with consideration for cost and compliance;	4.4.a.3.	assessing the risks and benefits of allergic and immunologic disorder therapies, including environmental controls, allergen immunotherapy, pharmacotherapy, and immunomodulatory therapy with consideration for cost and compliance;
IV.B.1.b).(1).(a).(iii)	and, (Core)	4.4.a.s.	and, (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(a).(iv)	selecting, performing, and interpreting the results of diagnostic tests and studies with consideration for cost. (Core)	4.4.a.4.	selecting, performing, and interpreting the results of diagnostic tests and studies with consideration for cost. (Core)
IV R 1 h) (1) (h)	Residents must, to the satisfaction of the program director or designated faculty member, demonstrate proficiency in performing and evaluating results for the following: (Core)	4.4 b	Residents must, to the satisfaction of the program director or designated faculty member, demonstrate proficiency in performing and evaluating results for the following: (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(b)	following: (Core)	4.4.b.	following: (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(b).(i)	allergen immunotherapy; (Core)	4.4.b.1.	allergen immunotherapy; (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(b).(ii)	contact or delayed hypersensitivity testing; (Core)	4.4.b.2.	contact or delayed hypersensitivity testing; (Core)

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IV.B.1.b).(1).(b).(iii)	drug hypersensitivity diagnosis and treatment; (Core)	4.4.b.3.	drug hypersensitivity diagnosis and treatment; (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(b).(iv)	food hypersensitivity diagnosis and treatment; (Core)	4.4.b.4.	food hypersensitivity diagnosis and treatment; (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(b).(v)	immediate hypersensitivity skin testing; (Core)	4.4.b.5.	immediate hypersensitivity skin testing; (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(b).(vi)	immunoglobulin treatment and/or other immunomodulator therapies; and, (Core)		immunoglobulin treatment and/or other immunomodulator therapies; and, (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(b).(vii)	pulmonary function testing. (Core)	4.4.b.7.	pulmonary function testing. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(c)	Residents must enter all required procedures into the ACGME Resident Case Log System. (Core)	4.4.c.	Residents must enter all required procedures into the ACGME Resident Case Log System. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2)	Residents must be able to perform all medical, diagnostic, and surgical procedures considered essential for the area of practice. (Core)	4.5.	ACGME Competencies – Patient Care and Procedural Skills (Part B) Residents must be able to perform all medical, diagnostic, and surgical procedures considered essential for the area of practice. (Core)
IV.B.1.c)	Medical Knowledge  Residents must demonstrate knowledge of established and evolving biomedical, clinical, epidemiological, and social-behavioral sciences, including scientific inquiry, as well as the application of this knowledge to patient care. (Core)	4.6.	ACGME Competencies – Medical Knowledge Residents must demonstrate knowledge of established and evolving biomedical, clinical, epidemiological, and social-behavioral sciences, including scientific inquiry, as well as the application of this knowledge to patient care. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(1)	Residents must demonstrate proficiency in their knowledge of all required core didactic topics through performance in objective examinations and application to patient care. (Core)	4.6.a.	Residents must demonstrate proficiency in their knowledge of all required core didactic topics through performance in objective examinations and application to patient care. (Core)
	Practice-based Learning and Improvement  Residents must demonstrate the ability to investigate and evaluate their care of patients, to appraise and assimilate scientific evidence, and to continuously improve patient care based on constant self-evaluation and		ACGME Competencies – Practice-Based Learning and Improvement  Residents must demonstrate the ability to investigate and evaluate their care of patients, to appraise and assimilate scientific evidence, and to continuously improve patient care based on constant self-evaluation and
IV.B.1.d)	lifelong learning; (Core)	4.7.	lifelong learning. (Core)
IV.B.1.d).(1)	Residents must demonstrate competence in:	[None]	Decidents moved domesticate community as in identifying strengths
IV.B.1.d).(1).(a)	identifying strengths, deficiencies, and limits in one's knowledge and expertise; (Core)	4.7.a.	Residents must demonstrate competence in identifying strengths, deficiencies, and limits in one's knowledge and expertise. (Core)
IV.B.1.d).(1).(b)	setting learning and improvement goals; (Core)	4.7.b.	Residents must demonstrate competence in setting learning and improvement goals. (Core)
IV.B.1.d).(1).(c)	identifying and performing appropriate learning activities; (Core)	4.7.c.	Residents must demonstrate competence in identifying and performing appropriate learning activities. (Core)
IV.B.1.d).(1).(d)	systematically analyzing practice using quality improvement methods, including activities aimed at reducing health care disparities, and implementing changes with the goal of practice improvement; (Core)	4.7.d.	Residents must demonstrate competence in systematically analyzing practice using quality improvement methods, including activities aimed at reducing health care disparities, and implementing changes with the goal of practice improvement. (Core)
IV.B.1.d).(1).(e)	incorporating feedback and formative evaluation into daily practice; and, (Core)	4.7.e.	Residents must demonstrate competence in incorporating feedback and formative evaluation into daily practice. (Core)
IV.B.1.d).(1).(f)	locating, appraising, and assimilating evidence from scientific studies related to their patients' health problems. (Core)	4.7.f.	Residents must demonstrate competence in locating, appraising, and assimilating evidence from scientific studies related to their patients' health problems. (Core)
IV.B.1.e)	Interpersonal and Communication Skills  Residents must demonstrate interpersonal and communication skills that result in the effective exchange of information and collaboration with patients, their families, and health professionals. (Core)	4.8.	ACGME Competencies – Interpersonal and Communication Skills Residents must demonstrate interpersonal and communication skills that result in the effective exchange of information and collaboration with patients, their families, and health professionals. (Core)

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IV.B.1.e).(1)	Residents must demonstrate competence in:	[None]	
	communicating effectively with patients and patients' families, as		Residents must demonstrate competence in communicating effectively
	appropriate, across a broad range of socioeconomic circumstances,		with patients and patients' families, as appropriate, across a broad range of socioeconomic circumstances, cultural backgrounds, and language
	cultural backgrounds, and language capabilities, learning to engage interpretive services as required to provide appropriate care to each		capabilities, learning to engage interpretive services as required to
IV.B.1.e).(1).(a)	patient; (Core)	4.8.a.	provide appropriate care to each patient. (Core)
, , , , ,			Residents must demonstrate competence in communicating effectively
	communicating effectively with physicians, other health professionals,		with physicians, other health professionals, and health-related agencies.
IV.B.1.e).(1).(b)	and health-related agencies; (Core)	4.8.b.	(Core)
			Desidents would demonstrate assurate as in condition offs the base
IV.B.1.e).(1).(c)	working effectively as a member or leader of a health care team or other professional group; (Core)	4.8.c.	Residents must demonstrate competence in working effectively as a member or leader of a health care team or other professional group. (Core)
1 <b>v.b.</b> 1.e).(1).(0)	educating patients, patients' families, students, other residents, and other	7.0.0.	Residents must demonstrate competence in educating patients, patients'
IV.B.1.e).(1).(d)	health professionals; (Core)	4.8.d.	families, students, other residents, and other health professionals. (Core)
, , , , ,	acting in a consultative role to other physicians and health professionals;		Residents must demonstrate competence in acting in a consultative role
IV.B.1.e).(1).(e)	(Core)	4.8.e.	to other physicians and health professionals. (Core)
	maintaining comprehensive, timely, and legible health care records, if		Residents must demonstrate competence in maintaining comprehensive,
IV.B.1.e).(1).(f)	applicable; and, (Core)	4.8.f.	timely, and legible health care records, if applicable. (Core)
	counseling and educating patients about diagnosis, prognosis, and treatment.		Residents must demonstrate competence in counseling and educating patients
IV.B.1.e).(1).(g)	(Core)	4.8.h.	about diagnosis, prognosis, and treatment. (Core)
	Residents must learn to communicate with patients and patients' families to partner with them to assess their care goals, including, when		Residents must learn to communicate with patients and patients' families to partner with them to assess their care goals, including, when
IV.B.1.e).(2)	appropriate, end-of-life goals. (Core)	4.8.g.	appropriate, end-of-life goals. (Core)
, , ,	Systems-based Practice		
			ACGME Competencies - Systems-Based Practice
	Residents must demonstrate an awareness of and responsiveness to the		Residents must demonstrate an awareness of and responsiveness to the
	larger context and system of health care, including the structural and		larger context and system of health care, including the structural and
IV.B.1.f)	social determinants of health, as well as the ability to call effectively on other resources to provide optimal health care. (Core)	4.9.	social determinants of health, as well as the ability to call effectively on other resources to provide optimal health care. (Core)
IV.B.1.f).(1)	Residents must demonstrate competence in:	[None]	other resources to provide optimal health care. (oore)
, , ,		<u> </u>	Residents must demonstrate competence in working effectively in various
	working effectively in various health care delivery settings and systems		health care delivery settings and systems relevant to their clinical
IV.B.1.f).(1).(a)	relevant to their clinical specialty; (Core)	4.9.a.	specialty. (Core)
			Residents must demonstrate competence in coordinating patient care
D/D 4 6 (4) (1)	coordinating patient care across the health care continuum and beyond as		across the health care continuum and beyond as relevant to their clinical
IV.B.1.f).(1).(b)	relevant to their clinical specialty; (Core)	4.9.b.	specialty. (Core)
IV.B.1.f).(1).(c)	advocating for quality patient care and optimal patient care systems; (Core)	4.9.c.	Residents must demonstrate competence in advocating for quality patient care and optimal patient care systems. (Core)
	participating in identifying system errors and implementing potential	110101	Residents must demonstrate competence in participating in identifying
IV.B.1.f).(1).(d)	systems solutions; (Core)	4.9.d.	system errors and implementing potential systems solutions. (Core)
	incorporating considerations of value, equity, cost awareness, delivery		Residents must demonstrate competence in incorporating considerations
	and payment, and risk-benefit analysis in patient and/or population-based		of value, equity, cost awareness, delivery and payment, and risk-benefit
IV.B.1.f).(1).(e)	care as appropriate; (Core)	4.9.e.	analysis in patient and/or population-based care as appropriate. (Core)

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IV.B.1.f).(1).(f)	understanding health care finances and its impact on individual patients' health decisions; and, (Core)	4.9.f.	Residents must demonstrate competence in understanding health care finances and its impact on individual patients' health decisions. (Core)
, , , , ,			Residents must demonstrate competence in using tools and techniques
IV.B.1.f).(1).(g)	using tools and techniques that promote patient safety and disclosure of patient safety events (real or simulated). (Detail)	4.9.g.	that promote patient safety and disclosure of patient safety events (real or simulated). (Detail)
	Residents must learn to advocate for patients within the health care system to achieve the patient's and patient's family's care goals,		Residents must learn to advocate for patients within the health care system to achieve the patient's and patient's family's care goals,
IV.B.1.f).(2)	including, when appropriate, end-of-life goals. (Core)	4.9.h.	including, when appropriate, end-of-life goals. (Core)
			Curriculum Organization and Resident Experiences
			4.10. Curriculum Structure
			The curriculum must be structured to optimize resident educational
			experiences, the length of the experiences, and the supervisory continuity. These educational experiences include an appropriate blend of
			supervised patient care responsibilities, clinical teaching, and didactic educational events. (Core)
			4.11. Didactic and Clinical Experiences
			Residents must be provided with protected time to participate in core didactic activities. (Core)
			4.12. Pain Management The program must provide instruction and experience in pain management if applicable for the specialty, including recognition of the signs of substance use disorder. (Core)
IV.C.	Curriculum Organization and Resident Experiences	4.10 4.12.	
IV.C.1.	The curriculum must be structured to optimize resident educational experiences, the length of the experiences, and the supervisory continuity. These educational experiences include an appropriate blend of supervised patient care responsibilities, clinical teaching, and didactic educational events. (Core)		Curriculum Structure The curriculum must be structured to optimize resident educational experiences, the length of the experiences, and the supervisory continuity. These educational experiences include an appropriate blend of supervised patient care responsibilities, clinical teaching, and didactic educational events. (Core)
IV.C.1.a)	Assignment of rotations must be of sufficient length to provide a quality educational experience, defined by continuity of patient care, ongoing supervision, and meaningful assessment with constructive feedback. (Core)	4.10.a.	Assignment of rotations must be of sufficient length to provide a quality educational experience, defined by continuity of patient care, ongoing supervision, and meaningful assessment with constructive feedback. (Core)
/ IV.C.1.b)	Clinical experiences should be structured to facilitate learning in a manner that allows the residents to function as part of an effective interprofessional team that works together towards the shared goals of patient safety and quality improvement. (Core)	4.10.b.	Clinical experiences should be structured to facilitate learning in a manner that allows the residents to function as part of an effective interprofessional team that works together towards the shared goals of patient safety and quality improvement. (Core)
IV.C.2.	The program must provide instruction and experience in pain management if applicable for the specialty, including recognition of the signs of substance use disorder. (Core)	4.12.	Pain Management The program must provide instruction and experience in pain management if applicable for the specialty, including recognition of the signs of substance use disorder. (Core)

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Requirement		Requirement	
Number	Requirement Language	Number	Requirement Language
	There must be a structured curriculum in the core didactic topics, including		There must be a structured curriculum in the core didactic topics, including
	pathophysiology, diagnosis, differential diagnosis, complications and treatment		pathophysiology, diagnosis, differential diagnosis, complications and treatment
	of disorders of innate and adaptive immunity including hypersensitivity (IgE and		of disorders of innate and adaptive immunity including hypersensitivity (IgE and
	non-lgE-dependent), immunodeficiency, and autoimmunity; and disorders of		non-lgE-dependent), immunodeficiency, and autoimmunity; and disorders of
	mast cells, basophils, eosinophils; and contact-system-related angioedema.		mast cells, basophils, eosinophils; and contact-system-related angioedema.
IV.C.3.	(Detail)	4.11.a.	(Detail)
IV.C.4.	The program format must be as follows:	4.11.b.	The program format must be as follows:
	50 percent of the program (12-month equivalent) must be devoted to direct		50 percent of the program (12-month equivalent) must be devoted to direct
IV.C.4.a)	patient care activities, clinical case conferences, and record reviews; (Core)	4.11.b.1.	patient care activities, clinical case conferences, and record reviews; (Core)
	At least 20 percent of the required minimum 12-month equivalent direct patient		At least 20 percent of the required minimum 12-month equivalent direct patient
IV.C.4.a).(1)	care activity must focus on patients from birth to 18 years. (Detail)	4.11.b.1.a.	care activity must focus on patients from birth to 18 years. (Detail)
	At least 20 percent of the required minimum twelve-month equivalent direct		At least 20 percent of the required minimum twelve-month equivalent direct
IV.C.4.a).(2)	patient care activity must focus on patients over the age of 18 years. (Detail)	4.11.b.1.b.	patient care activity must focus on patients over the age of 18 years. (Detail)
	25 percent of the program must be devoted to scholarly activities and research;		25 percent of the program must be devoted to scholarly activities and research;
IV.C.4.b)	and, (Detail)	4.11.b.2.	and, (Detail)
	25 percent of the program must be devoted to other educational activities.		25 percent of the program must be devoted to other educational activities.
IV.C.4.c)	(Detail)	4.11.b.3.	(Detail)
IV.C.5.	Resident experiences in direct patient care must include:	4.11.c.	Resident experiences in direct patient care must include:
	continuing care of pediatric and adult patients with allergic disorders, asthma,		continuing care of pediatric and adult patients with allergic disorders, asthma,
IV.C.5.a)	immunodeficiency diseases, and immunologic disorders; and, (Core)	4.11.c.1.	immunodeficiency diseases, and immunologic disorders; and, (Core)
	direct patient contact with pediatric and adult patients with the following		direct patient contact with pediatric and adult patients with the following
IV.C.5.b)	diagnoses: (Core)	4.11.c.2.	diagnoses: (Core)
IV.C.5.b).(1)	anaphylaxis; (Core)	4.11.c.2.a.	anaphylaxis; (Core)
IV.C.5.b).(2)	asthma; (Core)	4.11.c.2.b.	asthma; (Core)
IV.C.5.b).(3)	atopic dermatitis; (Core)	4.11.c.2.c.	atopic dermatitis; (Core)
IV.C.5.b).(4)	contact dermatitis; (Core)	4.11.c.2.d.	contact dermatitis; (Core)
	drug, vaccine, or immunomodulator alelrgy, or adverse drug reaction allergy to		drug, vaccine, or immunomodulator alelrgy, or adverse drug reaction allergy to
IV.C.5.b).(5)	drugs and other biological agents; (Core)	4.11.c.2.e.	drugs and other biological agents; (Core)
IV.C.5.b).(6)	food allergy; (Core)	4.11.c.2.f.	food allergy; (Core)
IV.C.5.b).(7)	ocular allergies; (Core)	4.11.c.2.g.	ocular allergies; (Core)
IV.C.5.b).(8)	primary and acquired immunodeficiency; (Core)	4.11.c.2.h.	primary and acquired immunodeficiency; (Core)
IV.C.5.b).(9)	rhinitis; (Core)	4.11.c.2.i.	rhinitis; (Core)
IV.C.5.b).(10)	sinusitis; (Core)	4.11.c.2.j.	sinusitis; (Core)
IV.C.5.b).(11)	stinging insect allergy; and, (Core)	4.11.c.2.k.	stinging insect allergy; and, (Core)
IV.C.5.b).(12)	urticaria and angioedema. (Core)	4.11.c.2.l.	urticaria and angioedema. (Core)

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	Scholarship  Medicine is both an art and a science. The physician is a humanistic scientist who cares for patients. This requires the ability to think critically, evaluate the literature, appropriately assimilate new knowledge, and practice lifelong learning. The program and faculty must create an environment that fosters the acquisition of such skills through resident participation in scholarly activities. Scholarly activities may include discovery, integration, application, and teaching.		Scholarship Medicine is both an art and a science. The physician is a humanistic scientist who cares for patients. This requires the ability to think critically, evaluate the literature, appropriately assimilate new knowledge, and practice lifelong learning. The program and faculty must create an environment that fosters the acquisition of such skills through resident participation in scholarly activities. Scholarly activities may include discovery, integration, application, and teaching.
IV.D.	The ACGME recognizes the diversity of residencies and anticipates that programs prepare physicians for a variety of roles, including clinicians, scientists, and educators. It is expected that the program's scholarship will reflect its mission(s) and aims, and the needs of the community it serves. For example, some programs may concentrate their scholarly activity on quality improvement, population health, and/or teaching, while other programs might choose to utilize more classic forms of biomedical	[None]	The ACGME recognizes the diversity of residencies and anticipates that programs prepare physicians for a variety of roles, including clinicians, scientists, and educators. It is expected that the program's scholarship will reflect its mission(s) and aims, and the needs of the community it serves. For example, some programs may concentrate their scholarly activity on quality improvement, population health, and/or teaching, while other programs might choose to utilize more classic forms of biomedical research as the focus for scholarship.
IV.D.1.	Program Responsibilities	4.13.	Program Responsibilities The program must demonstrate evidence of scholarly activities consistent with its mission(s) and aims. (Core)
IV.D.1.a)	The program must demonstrate evidence of scholarly activities consistent with its mission(s) and aims. (Core)	4.13.	Program Responsibilities The program must demonstrate evidence of scholarly activities consistent with its mission(s) and aims. (Core)
IV.D.1.b)	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must allocate adequate resources to facilitate resident and faculty involvement in scholarly activities. (Core)	4.13.a.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must allocate adequate resources to facilitate resident and faculty involvement in scholarly activities. (Core)
IV.D.1.c)	The program must advance residents' knowledge and practice of the scholarly approach to evidence-based patient care. (Core)	4.13.b.	The program must advance residents' knowledge and practice of the scholarly approach to evidence-based patient care. (Core)
			Faculty Scholarly Activity Among their scholarly activity, programs must demonstrate accomplishments in at least three of the following domains: (Core)  • Research in basic science, education, translational science, patient care,
			or population health • Peer-reviewed grants • Quality improvement and/or patient safety initiatives • Systematic reviews, meta-analyses, review articles, chapters in medical textbooks, or case reports
			<ul> <li>Creation of curricula, evaluation tools, didactic educational activities, or electronic educational materials</li> <li>Contribution to professional committees, educational organizations, or editorial boards</li> </ul>
IV.D.2.	Faculty Scholarly Activity	4.14.	Innovations in education

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	Among their scholarly activity, programs must demonstrate accomplishments in at least three of the following domains: (Core)		Faculty Scholarly Activity Among their scholarly activity, programs must demonstrate accomplishments in at least three of the following domains: (Core)
	<ul> <li>Research in basic science, education, translational science, patient care, or population health</li> <li>Peer-reviewed grants</li> <li>Quality improvement and/or patient safety initiatives</li> <li>Systematic reviews, meta-analyses, review articles, chapters in medical textbooks, or case reports</li> <li>Creation of curricula, evaluation tools, didactic educational activities, or electronic educational materials</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Research in basic science, education, translational science, patient care, or population health</li> <li>Peer-reviewed grants</li> <li>Quality improvement and/or patient safety initiatives</li> <li>Systematic reviews, meta-analyses, review articles, chapters in medical textbooks, or case reports</li> <li>Creation of curricula, evaluation tools, didactic educational activities, or electronic educational materials</li> </ul>
IV.D.2.a)	Contribution to professional committees, educational organizations, or editorial boards     Innovations in education	4.14.	Contribution to professional committees, educational organizations, or editorial boards     Innovations in education
IV.D.2.b)	The program must demonstrate dissemination of scholarly activity within and external to the program by the following methods:	<b>4.14.</b> a.	The program must demonstrate dissemination of scholarly activity within and external to the program by the following methods:  • faculty participation in grand rounds, posters, workshops, quality improvement presentations, podium presentations, grant leadership, non-peer-reviewed print/electronic resources, articles or publications, book chapters, textbooks, webinars, service on professional committees, or serving as a journal reviewer, journal editorial board member, or editor. (Outcome)
IV.D.2.b).(1)	faculty participation in grand rounds, posters, workshops, quality improvement presentations, podium presentations, grant leadership, non-peer-reviewed print/electronic resources, articles or publications, book chapters, textbooks, webinars, service on professional committees, or serving as a journal reviewer, journal editorial board member, or editor. (Outcome)	4.14.a.	The program must demonstrate dissemination of scholarly activity within and external to the program by the following methods:  • faculty participation in grand rounds, posters, workshops, quality improvement presentations, podium presentations, grant leadership, non-peer-reviewed print/electronic resources, articles or publications, book chapters, textbooks, webinars, service on professional committees, or serving as a journal reviewer, journal editorial board member, or editor; (Outcome)
IV.D.3.	Resident Scholarly Activity	4.15.	Resident Scholarly Activity Residents must participate in scholarship. (Core)
IV.D.3.a)	Residents must participate in scholarship. (Core)	4.15.	Resident Scholarly Activity Residents must participate in scholarship. (Core)
IV.D.3.b)	The program must provide residents with a research experience that results in an understanding of the basic principles of study design, performance (including data collection), data analysis (including statistics and epidemiology), and reporting research results. (Detail)	4.15.a.	The program must provide residents with a research experience that results in an understanding of the basic principles of study design, performance (including data collection), data analysis (including statistics and epidemiology), and reporting research results. (Detail)

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IV D 2 -)	Under faculty member supervision, each resident must design and conduct allergy and/or immunology research that is either laboratory-based, epidemiologic, continuous quality improvement, or clinical investigation-based.	445 h	Under faculty member supervision, each resident must design and conduct allergy and/or immunology research that is either laboratory-based, epidemiologic, continuous quality improvement, or clinical investigation-based.
IV.D.3.c)	(Outcome)	4.15.b.	(Outcome)
IV.D.3.c).(1)	Residents must present their research findings orally and in writing. (Outcome) <b>Evaluation</b>	4.15.b.1. <b>Section 5</b>	Residents must present their research findings orally and in writing. (Outcome)  Section 5: Evaluation
V.	Evaluation	Section 5	
V.A.	Resident Evaluation	5.1.	Resident Evaluation: Feedback and Evaluation Faculty members must directly observe, evaluate, and frequently provide feedback on resident performance during each rotation or similar educational assignment. (Core)
V.A.1.	Feedback and Evaluation	5.1.	Resident Evaluation: Feedback and Evaluation Faculty members must directly observe, evaluate, and frequently provide feedback on resident performance during each rotation or similar educational assignment. (Core)
V.A.1.a)	Faculty members must directly observe, evaluate, and frequently provide feedback on resident performance during each rotation or similar educational assignment. (Core)	5.1.	Resident Evaluation: Feedback and Evaluation Faculty members must directly observe, evaluate, and frequently provide feedback on resident performance during each rotation or similar educational assignment. (Core)
V.A.1.b)	Evaluation must be documented at the completion of the assignment. (Core)	5.1.a.	Evaluation must be documented at the completion of the assignment. (Core)
V.A.1.b).(1)	For block rotations of greater than three months in duration, evaluation must be documented at least every three months. (Core)	5.1.a.1.	For block rotations of greater than three months in duration, evaluation must be documented at least every three months. (Core)
V.A.1.b).(2)	Longitudinal experiences, such as continuity clinic in the context of other clinical responsibilities, must be evaluated at least every three months and at completion. (Core)	5.1.a.2.	Longitudinal experiences, such as continuity clinic in the context of other clinical responsibilities, must be evaluated at least every three months and at completion. (Core)
V.A.1.c)	The program must provide an objective performance evaluation based on the Competencies and the specialty-specific Milestones, and must: (Core)	5.1.b.	The program must provide an objective performance evaluation based on the Competencies and the specialty-specific Milestones. (Core)
V.A.1.c).(1)	use multiple evaluators (e.g., faculty members, peers, patients, self, and other professional staff members); and, (Core)	5.1.b.1.	The program must use multiple evaluators (e.g., faculty members, peers, patients, self, and other professional staff members). (Core)
V.A.1.c).(2)	provide that information to the Clinical Competency Committee for its synthesis of progressive resident performance and improvement toward unsupervised practice. (Core)	5.1.b.2.	The program must provide that information to the Clinical Competency Committee for its synthesis of progressive resident performance and improvement toward unsupervised practice. (Core)
V.A.1.d)	The program director or their designee, with input from the Clinical Competency Committee, must:	[None]	
V.A.1.d).(1)	meet with and review with each resident their documented semi-annual evaluation of performance, including progress along the specialty-specific Milestones; (Core)	5.1.c.	The program director or their designee, with input from the Clinical Competency Committee, must meet with and review with each resident their documented semi-annual evaluation of performance, including progress along the specialty-specific Milestones. (Core)
V.A.1.d).(2)	assist residents in developing individualized learning plans to capitalize on their strengths and identify areas for growth; and, (Core)	5.1.d.	The program director or their designee, with input from the Clinical Competency Committee, must assist residents in developing individualized learning plans to capitalize on their strengths and identify areas for growth. (Core)
V.A.1.d).(3)	develop plans for residents failing to progress, following institutional policies and procedures. (Core)	5.1.e.	The program director or their designee, with input from the Clinical Competency Committee, must develop plans for residents failing to progress, following institutional policies and procedures. (Core)

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	At least annually, there must be a summative evaluation of each resident		At least annually, there must be a summative evaluation of each resident
	that includes their readiness to progress to the next year of the program, if		that includes their readiness to progress to the next year of the program, if
V.A.1.e)	applicable. (Core)	5.1.f.	applicable. (Core)
W A 4 0	The evaluations of a resident's performance must be accessible for review		The evaluations of a resident's performance must be accessible for review
V.A.1.f)	by the resident. (Core)	5.1.g.	by the resident. (Core)
			Resident Evaluation: Final Evaluation
			The program director must provide a final evaluation for each resident
V.A.2.	Final Evaluation	5.2.	upon completion of the program. (Core)
			Resident Evaluation: Final Evaluation
			Toolaon Evaluation Final Evaluation
	The program director must provide a final evaluation for each resident		The program director must provide a final evaluation for each resident
V.A.2.a)	upon completion of the program. (Core)	5.2.	upon completion of the program. (Core)
	The specialty-specific Milestones, and when applicable the specialty-		The specialty-specific Milestones, and when applicable the specialty-
	specific Case Logs, must be used as tools to ensure residents are able to		specific Case Logs, must be used as tools to ensure residents are able to
V.A.2.a).(1)		5.2.a.	engage in autonomous practice upon completion of the program. (Core)
V.A.2.a).(2)	The final evaluation must:	[None]	
	become part of the resident's permanent record maintained by the institution, and must be accessible for review by the resident in		The final evaluation must become part of the resident's permanent record maintained by the institution, and must be accessible for review by the
V.A.2.a).(2).(a)	accordance with institutional policy; (Core)	5.2.b.	resident in accordance with institutional policy. (Core)
	peneg, (cere)	0.2.0.	The final evaluation must verify that the resident has demonstrated the
	verify that the resident has demonstrated the knowledge, skills, and		knowledge, skills, and behaviors necessary to enter autonomous practice.
V.A.2.a).(2).(b)	behaviors necessary to enter autonomous practice; and, (Core)	5.2.c.	(Core)
			The final evaluation must be shared with the resident upon completion of
V.A.2.a).(2).(c)	be shared with the resident upon completion of the program. (Core)	5.2.d.	the program. (Core)
			Clinical Competency Committee
V A 0	A Clinical Competency Committee must be appointed by the program	5.0	A Clinical Competency Committee must be appointed by the program
V.A.3.	director. (Core)	5.3.	director. (Core)
	At a minimum, the Clinical Competency Committee must include three members of the program faculty, at least one of whom is a core faculty		At a minimum, the Clinical Competency Committee must include three members of the program faculty, at least one of whom is a core faculty
V.A.3.a)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	5.3.a.	member. (Core)
Virtioiaj	Additional members must be faculty members from the same program or	0.0.4.	Additional members must be faculty members from the same program or
	other programs, or other health professionals who have extensive contact		other programs, or other health professionals who have extensive contact
V.A.3.a).(1)	and experience with the program's residents. (Core)	5.3.b.	and experience with the program's residents. (Core)
V.A.3.b)	The Clinical Competency Committee must:	[None]	
			The Clinical Competency Committee must review all resident evaluations
V.A.3.b).(1)	review all resident evaluations at least semi-annually; (Core)	5.3.c.	at least semi-annually. (Core)
	determine each resident's progress on achievement of the specialty-		The Clinical Competency Committee must determine each resident's
V.A.3.b).(2)	specific Milestones; and, (Core)	5.3.d.	progress on achievement of the specialty-specific Milestones. (Core)
			The Clinical Competency Committee must meet prior to the residents'
V A 2 b) (2)	meet prior to the residents' semi-annual evaluations and advise the	530	semi-annual evaluations and advise the program director regarding each
V.A.3.b).(3)	program director regarding each resident's progress. (Core)	5.3.e.	resident's progress. (Core)

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Requirement Language	Number	Requirement Language
Faculty Evaluation	5.4.	Faculty Evaluation The program must have a process to evaluate each faculty member's performance as it relates to the educational program at least annually.  (Core)
The program must have a process to evaluate each faculty member's performance as it relates to the educational program at least annually.	5.4.	Faculty Evaluation The program must have a process to evaluate each faculty member's performance as it relates to the educational program at least annually. (Core)
	5.4.a.	This evaluation must include a review of the faculty member's clinical teaching abilities, engagement with the educational program, participation in faculty development related to their skills as an educator, clinical performance, professionalism, and scholarly activities. (Core)
	5.4.b.	This evaluation must include written, anonymous, and confidential evaluations by the residents. (Core)
Faculty members must receive feedback on their evaluations at least annually. (Core)	5.4.c.	Faculty members must receive feedback on their evaluations at least annually. (Core)
Results of the faculty educational evaluations should be incorporated into program-wide faculty development plans. (Core)	5.4.d.	Results of the faculty educational evaluations should be incorporated into program-wide faculty development plans. (Core)
Program Evaluation and Improvement	5.5.	Program Evaluation and Improvement The program director must appoint the Program Evaluation Committee to conduct and document the Annual Program Evaluation as part of the program's continuous improvement process. (Core)
The program director must appoint the Program Evaluation Committee to conduct and document the Annual Program Evaluation as part of the program's continuous improvement process. (Core)	5.5.	Program Evaluation and Improvement The program director must appoint the Program Evaluation Committee to conduct and document the Annual Program Evaluation as part of the program's continuous improvement process. (Core)
The Program Evaluation Committee must be composed of at least two program faculty members, at least one of whom is a core faculty member,		The Program Evaluation Committee must be composed of at least two program faculty members, at least one of whom is a core faculty member,
, ,		and at least one resident. (Core)
Program Evaluation Committee responsibilities must include:	[None]	
review of the program's self-determined goals and progress toward meeting them; (Core)	5.5.b.	Program Evaluation Committee responsibilities must include review of the program's self-determined goals and progress toward meeting them. (Core)
guiding ongoing program improvement, including development of new goals, based upon outcomes; and, (Core)	5.5.c.	Program Evaluation Committee responsibilities must include guiding ongoing program improvement, including development of new goals, based upon outcomes. (Core)
review of the current operating environment to identify strengths, challenges, opportunities, and threats as related to the program's mission		Program Evaluation Committee responsibilities must include review of the current operating environment to identify strengths, challenges, opportunities, and threats as related to the program's mission and aims. (Core)
evaluations of the program, and other relevant data in its assessment of		The Program Evaluation Committee should consider the outcomes from prior Annual Program Evaluation(s), aggregate resident and faculty written evaluations of the program, and other relevant data in its assessment of the program. (Core)
	performance as it relates to the educational program at least annually. (Core)  This evaluation must include a review of the faculty member's clinical teaching abilities, engagement with the educational program, participation in faculty development related to their skills as an educator, clinical performance, professionalism, and scholarly activities. (Core)  This evaluation must include written, anonymous, and confidential evaluations by the residents. (Core)  Faculty members must receive feedback on their evaluations at least annually. (Core)  Results of the faculty educational evaluations should be incorporated into program-wide faculty development plans. (Core)  Program Evaluation and Improvement  The program director must appoint the Program Evaluation Committee to conduct and document the Annual Program Evaluation as part of the program's continuous improvement process. (Core)  The Program Evaluation Committee must be composed of at least two program faculty members, at least one of whom is a core faculty member, and at least one resident. (Core)  Program Evaluation Committee responsibilities must include:  review of the program's self-determined goals and progress toward meeting them; (Core)  quiding ongoing program improvement, including development of new goals, based upon outcomes; and, (Core)  review of the current operating environment to identify strengths, challenges, opportunities, and threats as related to the program's mission and aims. (Core)  The Program Evaluation Committee should consider the outcomes from prior Annual Program Evaluation Committee should consider the outcomes from prior Annual Program Evaluation(s), aggregate resident and faculty written	Faculty Evaluation 5.4.  The program must have a process to evaluate each faculty member's performance as it relates to the educational program at least annually. (Core) 5.4.  This evaluation must include a review of the faculty member's clinical teaching abilities, engagement with the educational program, participation in faculty development related to their skills as an educator, clinical performance, professionalism, and scholarly activities. (Core) 5.4.a.  This evaluation must include written, anonymous, and confidential evaluations by the residents. (Core) 5.4.b.  Faculty members must receive feedback on their evaluations at least annually. (Core) 5.4.c.  Results of the faculty educational evaluations should be incorporated into program-wide faculty development plans. (Core) 5.4.c.  The program Evaluation and Improvement 5.5.  The program Evaluation Committee to conduct and document the Annual Program Evaluation as part of the program's continuous improvement process. (Core) 5.5.  The Program Evaluation Committee must be composed of at least two program faculty members, at least one of whom is a core faculty member, and at least one resident. (Core) 5.5.  Program Evaluation Committee responsibilities must include: [None] 5.5.a.  review of the program's self-determined goals and progress toward meeting them; (Core) 5.5.c.  guiding ongoing program improvement, including development of new goals, based upon outcomes; and, (Core) 5.5.c.  review of the current operating environment to identify strengths, challenges, opportunities, and threats as related to the program's mission and aims. (Core) 5.5.d.  5.5.d.

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V.C.1.d)	The Program Evaluation Committee must evaluate the program's mission and aims, strengths, areas for improvement, and threats. (Core)	5.5.f.	The Program Evaluation Committee must evaluate the program's mission and aims, strengths, areas for improvement, and threats. (Core)
V.C.1.e)	The Annual Program Evaluation, including the action plan, must be distributed to and discussed with the residents and the members of the teaching faculty, and be submitted to the DIO. (Core)	5.5.g.	The Annual Program Evaluation, including the action plan, must be distributed to and discussed with the residents and the members of the teaching faculty, and be submitted to the DIO. (Core)
V.C.2.	The program must complete a Self-Study and submit it to the DIO. (Core)	5.5.h.	The program must complete a Self-Study and submit it to the DIO. (Core)
V.C.3.	One goal of ACGME-accredited education is to educate physicians who seek and achieve board certification. One measure of the effectiveness of the educational program is the ultimate pass rate.  The program director should encourage all eligible program graduates to take the certifying examination offered by the applicable American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS) member board or American Osteopathic Association (AOA) certifying board.	[None]	Board Certification One goal of ACGME-accredited education is to educate physicians who seek and achieve board certification. One measure of the effectiveness of the educational program is the ultimate pass rate.  The program director should encourage all eligible program graduates to take the certifying examination offered by the applicable American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS) member board or American Osteopathic Association (AOA) certifying board.
V.C.3.a)	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) an annual written exam, in the preceding three years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)	-	Board Certification For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) an annual written exam, in the preceding three years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)
V.C.3.b)	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) a biennial written exam, in the preceding six years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)	5.6.a.	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) a biennial written exam, in the preceding six years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)
V.C.3.c)	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) an annual oral exam, in the preceding three years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)	5.6.b.	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) an annual oral exam, in the preceding three years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)
V.C.3.d)	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) a biennial oral exam, in the preceding six years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)	5.6.c.	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) a biennial oral exam, in the preceding six years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)
V.C.3.e)	For each of the exams referenced in V.C.3.a)-d), any program whose graduates over the time period specified in the requirement have achieved an 80 percent pass rate will have met this requirement, no matter the percentile rank of the program for pass rate in that specialty. (Outcome)	5.6.d.	For each of the exams referenced in 5.6.ac., any program whose graduates over the time period specified in the requirement have achieved an 80 percent pass rate will have met this requirement, no matter the percentile rank of the program for pass rate in that specialty. (Outcome)
V.C.3.f)	Programs must report, in ADS, board certification status annually for the cohort of board-eligible residents that graduated seven years earlier. (Core)	5.6.e.	Programs must report, in ADS, board certification status annually for the cohort of board-eligible residents that graduated seven years earlier. (Core)

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Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
Number	The Learning and Working Environment  Residency education must occur in the context of a learning and working environment that emphasizes the following principles:  • Excellence in the safety and quality of care rendered to patients by residents today	Number	Section 6: The Learning and Working Environment  The Learning and Working Environment Residency education must occur in the context of a learning and working environment that emphasizes the following principles:  • Excellence in the safety and quality of care rendered to patients by residents today
	• Excellence in the safety and quality of care rendered to patients by today's residents in their future practice		• Excellence in the safety and quality of care rendered to patients by today's residents in their future practice
	Excellence in professionalism		Excellence in professionalism
	Appreciation for the privilege of caring for patients		Appreciation for the privilege of caring for patients
VI.	• Commitment to the well-being of the students, residents, faculty members, and all members of the health care team	Section 6	• Commitment to the well-being of the students, residents, faculty members, and all members of the health care team
VI.A.	Patient Safety, Quality Improvement, Supervision, and Accountability	[None]	
VI.A.1.	Patient Safety and Quality Improvement	[None]	
VI.A.1.a)	Patient Safety	[None]	
VI.A.1.a).(1)	A culture of safety requires continuous identification of vulnerabilities and a willingness to transparently deal with them. An effective organization has formal mechanisms to assess the knowledge, skills, and attitudes of its personnel toward safety in order to identify areas for improvement.	[None]	Culture of Safety A culture of safety requires continuous identification of vulnerabilities and a willingness to transparently deal with them. An effective organization has formal mechanisms to assess the knowledge, skills, and attitudes of its personnel toward safety in order to identify areas for improvement.
VI.A.1.a).(1).(a)	The program, its faculty, residents, and fellows must actively participate in patient safety systems and contribute to a culture of safety. (Core)	6.1.	The program, its faculty, residents, and fellows must actively participate in patient safety systems and contribute to a culture of safety. (Core)
VI.A.1.a).(2)	Patient Safety Events  Reporting, investigation, and follow-up of safety events, near misses, and unsafe conditions are pivotal mechanisms for improving patient safety, and are essential for the success of any patient safety program. Feedback and experiential learning are essential to developing true competence in the ability to identify causes and institute sustainable systems-based changes to ameliorate patient safety vulnerabilities.  Residents, fellows, faculty members, and other clinical staff members	[None]	Patient Safety Events Reporting, investigation, and follow-up of safety events, near misses, and unsafe conditions are pivotal mechanisms for improving patient safety, and are essential for the success of any patient safety program. Feedback and experiential learning are essential to developing true competence in the ability to identify causes and institute sustainable systems-based changes to ameliorate patient safety vulnerabilities.
VI.A.1.a).(2).(a)		[None]	
VI.A.1.a).(2).(a).(i)	know their responsibilities in reporting patient safety events and unsafe conditions at the clinical site, including how to report such events; and, (Core)	6.2.	Residents, fellows, faculty members, and other clinical staff members must know their responsibilities in reporting patient safety events and unsafe conditions at the clinical site, including how to report such events. (Core)

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Requirement		Requirement	
Number	Requirement Language	Number	Requirement Language
VI.A.1.a).(2).(a).(ii)	be provided with summary information of their institution's patient safety reports. (Core)	6.2.a.	Residents, fellows, faculty members, and other clinical staff members must be provided with summary information of their institution's patient safety reports. (Core)
VI.A.1.a).(2).(b)	Residents must participate as team members in real and/or simulated interprofessional clinical patient safety and quality improvement activities, such as root cause analyses or other activities that include analysis, as well as formulation and implementation of actions. (Core)	6.3.	Residents must participate as team members in real and/or simulated interprofessional clinical patient safety and quality improvement activities, such as root cause analyses or other activities that include analysis, as well as formulation and implementation of actions. (Core)
VI.A.1.a).(3)	Quality Metrics  Access to data is essential to prioritizing activities for care improvement and evaluating success of improvement efforts.	[None]	Quality Metrics Access to data is essential to prioritizing activities for care improvement and evaluating success of improvement efforts.
VI.A.1.a).(3).(a)	Residents and faculty members must receive data on quality metrics and benchmarks related to their patient populations. (Core)	6.4.	Residents and faculty members must receive data on quality metrics and benchmarks related to their patient populations. (Core)
			Supervision and Accountability Although the attending physician is ultimately responsible for the care of the patient, every physician shares in the responsibility and accountability for their efforts in the provision of care. Effective programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, define, widely communicate, and monitor a structured chain of responsibility and accountability as it relates to the supervision of all patient care.  Supervision in the setting of graduate medical education provides safe and effective care to patients; ensures each resident's development of the
VI.A.2.	Supervision and Accountability	[None]	skills, knowledge, and attitudes required to enter the unsupervised practice of medicine; and establishes a foundation for continued professional growth.
	Although the attending physician is ultimately responsible for the care of the patient, every physician shares in the responsibility and accountability for their efforts in the provision of care. Effective programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, define, widely communicate, and monitor a structured chain of responsibility and accountability as it relates to the supervision of all patient care.		Supervision and Accountability Although the attending physician is ultimately responsible for the care of the patient, every physician shares in the responsibility and accountability for their efforts in the provision of care. Effective programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, define, widely communicate, and monitor a structured chain of responsibility and accountability as it relates to the supervision of all patient care.
VI.A.2.a)	Supervision in the setting of graduate medical education provides safe and effective care to patients; ensures each resident's development of the skills, knowledge, and attitudes required to enter the unsupervised practice of medicine; and establishes a foundation for continued professional growth.	[None]	Supervision in the setting of graduate medical education provides safe and effective care to patients; ensures each resident's development of the skills, knowledge, and attitudes required to enter the unsupervised practice of medicine; and establishes a foundation for continued professional growth.
VI.A.2.a).(1)	Residents and faculty members must inform each patient of their respective roles in that patient's care when providing direct patient care. (Core)	6.5.	Residents and faculty members must inform each patient of their respective roles in that patient's care when providing direct patient care. This information must be available to residents, faculty members, other members of the health care team, and patients. (Core)

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Requirement Number	Poguiroment Language	Requirement Number	Description and Languages
VI.A.2.a).(1).(a)	This information must be available to residents, faculty members, other members of the health care team, and patients. (Core)	6.5.	Requirement Language  Residents and faculty members must inform each patient of their respective roles in that patient's care when providing direct patient care. This information must be available to residents, faculty members, other members of the health care team, and patients. (Core)
VI.A.2.a).(2)	The program must demonstrate that the appropriate level of supervision in place for all residents is based on each resident's level of training and ability, as well as patient complexity and acuity. Supervision may be exercised through a variety of methods, as appropriate to the situation.	6.6.	The program must demonstrate that the appropriate level of supervision in place for all residents is based on each resident's level of training and ability, as well as patient complexity and acuity. Supervision may be exercised through a variety of methods, as appropriate to the situation. (Core)
VI.A.2.b)	Levels of Supervision  To promote appropriate resident supervision while providing for graded authority and responsibility, the program must use the following classification of supervision:	[None]	Levels of Supervision To promote appropriate resident supervision while providing for graded authority and responsibility, the program must use the following classification of supervision.
			Direct Supervision The supervising physician is physically present with the resident during the key portions of the patient interaction.
VI.A.2.b).(1)	Direct Supervision:	6.7.	The supervising physician and/or patient is not physically present with the resident and the supervising physician is concurrently monitoring the patient care through appropriate telecommunication technology.
			Direct Supervision The supervising physician is physically present with the resident during the key portions of the patient interaction.
VI.A.2.b).(1).(a)	the supervising physician is physically present with the resident during the key portions of the patient interaction; or,	6.7.	The supervising physician and/or patient is not physically present with the resident and the supervising physician is concurrently monitoring the patient care through appropriate telecommunication technology.
VI.A.2.b).(1).(a).(i)	PGY-1 residents must initially be supervised directly, only as described in	6.7.a.	PGY-1 residents must initially be supervised directly, only as described in the above definition. (Core)
			Direct Supervision The supervising physician is physically present with the resident during the key portions of the patient interaction.
VI.A.2.b).(1).(b)	the supervising physician and/or patient is not physically present with the resident and the supervising physician is concurrently monitoring the patient care through appropriate telecommunication technology.	6.7.	The supervising physician and/or patient is not physically present with the resident and the supervising physician is concurrently monitoring the patient care through appropriate telecommunication technology.
VI.A.2.b).(1).(b).(i)	When residents are supervised directly through telecommunication technology, the supervising physician and the resident must interact directly to solicit the key points of allergy and immunology elements of the visit and agree upon a management plan. (Detail)	6.7.b.	When residents are supervised directly through telecommunication technology, the supervising physician and the resident must interact directly to solicit the key points of allergy and immunology elements of the visit and agree upon a management plan. (Detail)
VI.A.2.b).(2)	Indirect Supervision: the supervising physician is not providing physical or concurrent visual or audio supervision but is immediately available to the resident for guidance and is available to provide appropriate direct supervision.	[None]	Indirect Supervision The supervising physician is not providing physical or concurrent visual or audio supervision but is immediately available to the resident for guidance and is available to provide appropriate direct supervision.

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Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
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VI.A.2.b).(3)	Oversight – the supervising physician is available to provide review of procedures/encounters with feedback provided after care is delivered.	[None]	The supervising physician is available to provide review of procedures/encounters with feedback provided after care is delivered.
VI.A.2.c)	The program must define when physical presence of a supervising physician is required. (Core)	6.8.	The program must define when physical presence of a supervising physician is required. (Core)
VI.A.2.d)	The privilege of progressive authority and responsibility, conditional independence, and a supervisory role in patient care delegated to each resident must be assigned by the program director and faculty members. (Core)	6.9.	The privilege of progressive authority and responsibility, conditional independence, and a supervisory role in patient care delegated to each resident must be assigned by the program director and faculty members. (Core)
VI.A.2.d).(1)	The program director must evaluate each resident's abilities based on specific criteria, guided by the Milestones. (Core)	6.9.a.	The program director must evaluate each resident's abilities based on specific criteria, guided by the Milestones. (Core)
VI.A.2.d).(2)	Faculty members functioning as supervising physicians must delegate portions of care to residents based on the needs of the patient and the skills of each resident. (Core)	6.9.b.	Faculty members functioning as supervising physicians must delegate portions of care to residents based on the needs of the patient and the skills of each resident. (Core)
VI.A.2.d).(3)	Senior residents or fellows should serve in a supervisory role to junior residents in recognition of their progress toward independence, based on the needs of each patient and the skills of the individual resident or fellow. (Detail)	6.9.c.	Senior residents or fellows should serve in a supervisory role to junior residents in recognition of their progress toward independence, based on the needs of each patient and the skills of the individual resident or fellow. (Detail)
VI.A.2.e)	Programs must set guidelines for circumstances and events in which residents must communicate with the supervising faculty member(s). (Core)	6.10.	Programs must set guidelines for circumstances and events in which residents must communicate with the supervising faculty member(s). (Core)
VI.A.2.e).(1)	Each resident must know the limits of their scope of authority, and the circumstances under which the resident is permitted to act with conditional independence. (Outcome)	6.10.a.	Each resident must know the limits of their scope of authority, and the circumstances under which the resident is permitted to act with conditional independence. (Outcome)
VI.A.2.f)	Faculty supervision assignments must be of sufficient duration to assess the knowledge and skills of each resident and to delegate to the resident the appropriate level of patient care authority and responsibility. (Core)	6.11.	Faculty supervision assignments must be of sufficient duration to assess the knowledge and skills of each resident and to delegate to the resident the appropriate level of patient care authority and responsibility. (Core)
VI.B.	Professionalism	6.12.	Professionalism Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must educate residents and faculty members concerning the professional and ethical responsibilities of physicians, including but not limited to their obligation to be appropriately rested and fit to provide the care required by their patients. (Core)
VI.B.1.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must educate residents and faculty members concerning the professional and ethical responsibilities of physicians, including but not limited to their obligation to be appropriately rested and fit to provide the care required by their patients. (Core)	6.12.	Professionalism Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must educate residents and faculty members concerning the professional and ethical responsibilities of physicians, including but not limited to their obligation to be appropriately rested and fit to provide the care required by their patients. (Core)
VI.B.2.	The learning objectives of the program must:	[None]	Pattoritor (GOIO)
	be accomplished without excessive reliance on residents to fulfill non-	- <u>-</u>	The learning objectives of the program must be accomplished without
VI.B.2.a)	physician obligations; (Core)	6.12.a.	excessive reliance on residents to fulfill non-physician obligations. (Core)
VI.B.2.b)	ensure manageable patient care responsibilities; and, (Core)	6.12.b.	The learning objectives of the program must ensure manageable patient care responsibilities. (Core)

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VI.B.2.c)	include efforts to enhance the meaning that each resident finds in the experience of being a physician, including protecting time with patients, providing administrative support, promoting progressive independence and flexibility, and enhancing professional relationships. (Core)	6.12.c.	The learning objectives of the program must include efforts to enhance the meaning that each resident finds in the experience of being a physician, including protecting time with patients, providing administrative support, promoting progressive independence and flexibility, and enhancing professional relationships. (Core)
VI.B.3.	The program director, in partnership with the Sponsoring Institution, must provide a culture of professionalism that supports patient safety and personal responsibility. (Core)	6.12.d.	The program director, in partnership with the Sponsoring Institution, must provide a culture of professionalism that supports patient safety and personal responsibility. (Core)
VI.B.4.	Residents and faculty members must demonstrate an understanding of their personal role in the safety and welfare of patients entrusted to their care, including the ability to report unsafe conditions and safety events. (Core)	6.12.e.	Residents and faculty members must demonstrate an understanding of their personal role in the safety and welfare of patients entrusted to their care, including the ability to report unsafe conditions and safety events. (Core)
VI.B.5.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must provide a professional, equitable, respectful, and civil environment that is psychologically safe and that is free from discrimination, sexual and other forms of harassment, mistreatment, abuse, or coercion of students, residents, faculty, and staff. (Core)	6.12.f.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must provide a professional, equitable, respectful, and civil environment that is psychologically safe and that is free from discrimination, sexual and other forms of harassment, mistreatment, abuse, or coercion of students, residents, faculty, and staff. (Core)
VI.B.6.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, should have a process for education of residents and faculty regarding unprofessional behavior and a confidential process for reporting, investigating, and addressing such concerns. (Core)	6.12.g.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, should have a process for education of residents and faculty regarding unprofessional behavior and a confidential process for reporting, investigating, and addressing such concerns. (Core)
	Psychological, emotional, and physical well-being are critical in the development of the competent, caring, and resilient physician and require proactive attention to life inside and outside of medicine. Well-being requires that physicians retain the joy in medicine while managing their own real-life stresses. Self-care and responsibility to support other members of the health care team are important components of professionalism; they are also skills that must be modeled, learned, and nurtured in the context of other aspects of residency training.  Residents and faculty members are at risk for burnout and depression. Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, have the same responsibility to address well-being as other aspects of resident competence. Physicians and all members of the health care team share responsibility for the well-being of each other. A positive culture in a clinical learning environment models constructive behaviors, and prepares residents with the skills and attitudes needed to thrive		Well-Being Psychological, emotional, and physical well-being are critical in the development of the competent, caring, and resilient physician and require proactive attention to life inside and outside of medicine. Well-being requires that physicians retain the joy in medicine while managing their own real-life stresses. Self-care and responsibility to support other members of the health care team are important components of professionalism; they are also skills that must be modeled, learned, and nurtured in the context of other aspects of residency training.  Residents and faculty members are at risk for burnout and depression. Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, have the same responsibility to address well-being as other aspects of resident competence. Physicians and all members of the health care team share responsibility for the well-being of each other. A positive culture in a clinical learning environment models constructive behaviors, and prepares residents with the skills and attitudes needed to thrive
VI.C.	throughout their careers.  The responsibility of the program, in partnership with the Sponsoring	[None]	throughout their careers.  The responsibility of the program, in partnership with the Sponsoring
VI.C.1.	Institution, must include:	6.13.	Institution, must include:
VI.C.1.a)	attention to scheduling, work intensity, and work compression that impacts resident well-being; (Core)	6.13.a.	attention to scheduling, work intensity, and work compression that impacts resident well-being; (Core)
VI.C.1.b)	evaluating workplace safety data and addressing the safety of residents and faculty members; (Core)	6.13.b.	evaluating workplace safety data and addressing the safety of residents and faculty members; (Core)

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Requirement		Requirement	
Number	Requirement Language	Number	Requirement Language
	policies and programs that encourage optimal resident and faculty		policies and programs that encourage optimal resident and faculty
VI.C.1.c)	member well-being; and, (Core)	6.13.c.	member well-being; and, (Core)
	Residents must be given the opportunity to attend medical, mental health,		Residents must be given the opportunity to attend medical, mental health,
	and dental care appointments, including those scheduled during their		and dental care appointments, including those scheduled during their
VI.C.1.c).(1)	working hours. (Core)	6.13.c.1.	working hours. (Core)
VI.C.1.d)	education of residents and faculty members in:	6.13.d.	education of residents and faculty members in:
	identification of the symptoms of burnout, depression, and substance use		identification of the symptoms of burnout, depression, and substance use
	disorders, suicidal ideation, or potential for violence, including means to		disorders, suicidal ideation, or potential for violence, including means to
VI.C.1.d).(1)	assist those who experience these conditions; (Core)	6.13.d.1.	assist those who experience these conditions; (Core)
	recognition of these symptoms in themselves and how to seek		recognition of these symptoms in themselves and how to seek
VI.C.1.d).(2)	appropriate care; and, (Core)	6.13.d.2.	appropriate care; and, (Core)
VI.C.1.d).(3)	access to appropriate tools for self-screening. (Core)	6.13.d.3.	access to appropriate tools for self-screening. (Core)
	providing access to confidential, affordable mental health assessment,		providing access to confidential, affordable mental health assessment,
	counseling, and treatment, including access to urgent and emergent care		counseling, and treatment, including access to urgent and emergent care
VI.C.1.e)	24 hours a day, seven days a week. (Core)	6.13.e.	24 hours a day, seven days a week. (Core)
	There are circumstances in which residents may be unable to attend work,		There are circumstances in which residents may be unable to attend work,
	including but not limited to fatigue, illness, family emergencies, and		including but not limited to fatigue, illness, family emergencies, and
	medical, parental, or caregiver leave. Each program must allow an		medical, parental, or caregiver leave. Each program must allow an
	appropriate length of absence for residents unable to perform their patient		appropriate length of absence for residents unable to perform their patient
VI.C.2.	care responsibilities. (Core)	6.14.	care responsibilities. (Core)
	The program must have policies and procedures in place to ensure		The program must have policies and procedures in place to ensure
VI.C.2.a)	coverage of patient care and ensure continuity of patient care. (Core)	6.14.a.	coverage of patient care and ensure continuity of patient care. (Core)
	These policies must be implemented without fear of negative		These policies must be implemented without fear of negative
	consequences for the resident who is or was unable to provide the clinical		consequences for the resident who is or was unable to provide the clinical
VI.C.2.b)	work. (Core)	6.14.b.	work. (Core)
			Fatigue Mitigation
			Programs must educate all residents and faculty members in recognition
\	Fadima Midimalia	0.45	of the signs of fatigue and sleep deprivation, alertness management, and
VI.D.	Fatigue Mitigation	6.15.	fatigue mitigation processes. (Detail)
			Fatigue Mitigation
	Programs must educate all residents and faculty members in recognition		Programs must educate all residents and faculty members in recognition
VID 4	of the signs of fatigue and sleep deprivation, alertness management, and	6.15.	of the signs of fatigue and sleep deprivation, alertness management, and
VI.D.1.	fatigue mitigation processes. (Detail)	0.10.	fatigue mitigation processes. (Detail)
	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure adequate sleep facilities and safe transportation options for residents who		The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure adequate sleep facilities and safe transportation options for residents who
VI.D.2.	may be too fatigued to safely return home. (Core)	6.16.	may be too fatigued to safely return home. (Core)
VI.E.	Clinical Responsibilities, Teamwork, and Transitions of Care	[None]	inay so too languou to salely retain home. (oole)
· · · · · ·	Clinical Responsibilities  Clinical Responsibilities	[	Clinical Responsibilities
	The clinical responsibilities for each resident must be based on PGY level,		The clinical responsibilities for each resident must be based on PGY level,
	patient safety, resident ability, severity and complexity of patient		patient safety, resident ability, severity and complexity of patient
VI.E.1.	illness/condition, and available support services. (Core)	6.17.	illness/condition, and available support services. (Core)
	Teamwork		
	1 Galliwork		Teamwork
	Residents must care for patients in an environment that maximizes		Residents must care for patients in an environment that maximizes
	communication and promotes safe, interprofessional, team-based care in		communication and promotes safe, interprofessional, team-based care in
VI.E.2.	the specialty and larger health system. (Core)	6.18.	the specialty and larger health system. (Core)
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Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
VI.E.3.	Transitions of Care	6.19.	Transitions of Care Programs must design clinical assignments to optimize transitions in patient care, including their safety, frequency, and structure. (Core)
VI.E.3.a)	Programs must design clinical assignments to optimize transitions in patient care, including their safety, frequency, and structure. (Core)	6.19.	Transitions of Care Programs must design clinical assignments to optimize transitions in patient care, including their safety, frequency, and structure. (Core)
VI.E.3.b)	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must ensure and monitor effective, structured hand-off processes to facilitate both continuity of care and patient safety. (Core)	6.19.a.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must ensure and monitor effective, structured hand-off processes to facilitate both continuity of care and patient safety. (Core)
VI.E.3.c)	Programs must ensure that residents are competent in communicating with team members in the hand-off process. (Outcome)	6.19.b.	Programs must ensure that residents are competent in communicating with team members in the hand-off process. (Outcome)
VI.F.	Clinical Experience and Education  Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must design an effective program structure that is configured to provide residents with educational and clinical experience opportunities, as well as reasonable opportunities for rest and personal activities.	[None]	Clinical Experience and Education Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must design an effective program structure that is configured to provide residents with educational and clinical experience opportunities, as well as reasonable opportunities for rest and personal activities.
VI.F.1.	Maximum Hours of Clinical and Educational Work per Week  Clinical and educational work hours must be limited to no more than 80 hours per week, averaged over a four-week period, inclusive of all inhouse clinical and educational activities, clinical work done from home, and all moonlighting. (Core)	6.20.	Maximum Hours of Clinical and Educational Work per Week Clinical and educational work hours must be limited to no more than 80 hours per week, averaged over a four-week period, inclusive of all in- house clinical and educational activities, clinical work done from home, and all moonlighting. (Core)
VI.F.2.	Mandatory Time Free of Clinical Work and Education	6.21.	Mandatory Time Free of Clinical Work and Education Residents should have eight hours off between scheduled clinical work and education periods. (Detail)
VI.F.2.a)	Residents should have eight hours off between scheduled clinical work and education periods. (Detail)	6.21.	Mandatory Time Free of Clinical Work and Education Residents should have eight hours off between scheduled clinical work and education periods. (Detail)
VI.F.2.b)	Residents must have at least 14 hours free of clinical work and education after 24 hours of in-house call. (Core)	6.21.a.	Residents must have at least 14 hours free of clinical work and education after 24 hours of in-house call. (Core)
VI.F.2.c)	Residents must be scheduled for a minimum of one day in seven free of clinical work and required education (when averaged over four weeks). Athome call cannot be assigned on these free days. (Core)	6.21.b.	Residents must be scheduled for a minimum of one day in seven free of clinical work and required education (when averaged over four weeks). Athome call cannot be assigned on these free days. (Core)
VI.F.3.	Maximum Clinical Work and Education Period Length	6.22.	Maximum Clinical Work and Education Period Length Clinical and educational work periods for residents must not exceed 24 hours of continuous scheduled clinical assignments. (Core)
VI.F.3.a)	Clinical and educational work periods for residents must not exceed 24 hours of continuous scheduled clinical assignments. (Core)	6.22.	Maximum Clinical Work and Education Period Length Clinical and educational work periods for residents must not exceed 24 hours of continuous scheduled clinical assignments. (Core)
	Up to four hours of additional time may be used for activities related to patient safety, such as providing effective transitions of care, and/or resident education. Additional patient care responsibilities must not be		Up to four hours of additional time may be used for activities related to patient safety, such as providing effective transitions of care, and/or resident education. Additional patient care responsibilities must not be
VI.F.3.a).(1)	assigned to a resident during this time. (Core)	6.22.a.	assigned to a resident during this time. (Core)

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Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
VI.F.4.	Clinical and Educational Work Hour Exceptions	6.23.	Clinical and Educational Work Hour Exceptions In rare circumstances, after handing off all other responsibilities, a resident, on their own initiative, may elect to remain or return to the clinical site in the following circumstances: to continue to provide care to a single severely ill or unstable patient; to give humanistic attention to the needs of a patient or patient's family; or to attend unique educational events. (Detail)
VI.F.4.a)	In rare circumstances, after handing off all other responsibilities, a resident, on their own initiative, may elect to remain or return to the clinical site in the following circumstances: to continue to provide care to a single severely ill or unstable patient; to give humanistic attention to the needs of a patient or patient's family; or to attend unique educational events. (Detail)	6.23.	Clinical and Educational Work Hour Exceptions In rare circumstances, after handing off all other responsibilities, a resident, on their own initiative, may elect to remain or return to the clinical site in the following circumstances: to continue to provide care to a single severely ill or unstable patient; to give humanistic attention to the needs of a patient or patient's family; or to attend unique educational events. (Detail)
VI.F.4.b)	These additional hours of care or education must be counted toward the 80-hour weekly limit. (Detail)	6.23.a.	These additional hours of care or education must be counted toward the 80-hour weekly limit. (Detail)
VI.F.4.c)	A Review Committee may grant rotation-specific exceptions for up to 10 percent or a maximum of 88 clinical and educational work hours to individual programs based on a sound educational rationale.  The Review Committee for Allergy and Immunology will not consider requests for exceptions to the 80-hour limit to the residents' work week.	6.24.	A Review Committee may grant rotation-specific exceptions for up to 10 percent or a maximum of 88 clinical and educational work hours to individual programs based on a sound educational rationale.  The Review Committee for Allergy and Immunology will not consider requests for exceptions to the 80-hour limit to the residents' work week.
VI.F.5.	Moonlighting	6.25.	Moonlighting Moonlighting must not interfere with the ability of the resident to achieve the goals and objectives of the educational program, and must not interfere with the resident's fitness for work nor compromise patient safety. (Core)
VI.F.5.a)	Moonlighting must not interfere with the ability of the resident to achieve the goals and objectives of the educational program, and must not interfere with the resident's fitness for work nor compromise patient safety. (Core)	6.25.	Moonlighting Moonlighting must not interfere with the ability of the resident to achieve the goals and objectives of the educational program, and must not interfere with the resident's fitness for work nor compromise patient safety. (Core)
VI.F.5.b)	Time spent by residents in internal and external moonlighting (as defined in the ACGME Glossary of Terms) must be counted toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. (Core)	6.25.a.	Time spent by residents in internal and external moonlighting (as defined in the ACGME Glossary of Terms) must be counted toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. (Core)
VI.F.5.c)	PGY-1 residents are not permitted to moonlight. (Core)	6.25.b.	PGY-1 residents are not permitted to moonlight. (Core)
VI.F.6.	In-House Night Float  Night float must occur within the context of the 80-hour and one-day-off-in-seven requirements. (Core)		In-House Night Float Night float must occur within the context of the 80-hour and one-day-off-in seven requirements. (Core)
VI.F.7.	Maximum In-House On-Call Frequency  Residents must be scheduled for in-house call no more frequently than every third night (when averaged over a four-week period). (Core)	6.27.	Maximum In-House On-Call Frequency Residents must be scheduled for in-house call no more frequently than every third night (when averaged over a four-week period). (Core)

Roman Numeral Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Requirement Language
VI.F.8.	At-Home Call	6.28.	At-Home Call Time spent on patient care activities by residents on at-home call must count toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. The frequency of at-home call is not subject to the every-third-night limitation, but must satisfy the requirement for one day in seven free of clinical work and education, when averaged over four weeks. (Core)
VI.F.8.a)	Time spent on patient care activities by residents on at-home call must count toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. The frequency of at-home call is not subject to the every-third-night limitation, but must satisfy the requirement for one day in seven free of clinical work and education, when averaged over four weeks. (Core)	6.28.	At-Home Call Time spent on patient care activities by residents on at-home call must count toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. The frequency of at-home call is not subject to the every-third-night limitation, but must satisfy the requirement for one day in seven free of clinical work and education, when averaged over four weeks. (Core)
VI.F.8.a).(1)	At-home call must not be so frequent or taxing as to preclude rest or reasonable personal time for each resident. (Core)	6.28.a.	At-home call must not be so frequent or taxing as to preclude rest or reasonable personal time for each resident. (Core)