Roman Numeral Requirement Number	Paguiroment Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Dogwinsmont Longues
Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
	Definition of Graduate Medical Education Graduate medical education is the crucial step of professional development between medical school and autonomous clinical practice. It is in this vital phase of the continuum of medical education that residents learn to provide optimal patient care under the supervision of faculty members who not only instruct, but serve as role models of excellence, compassion, cultural sensitivity, professionalism, and scholarship. Graduate medical education transforms medical students into physician		Definition of Graduate Medical Education Graduate medical education is the crucial step of professional development between medical school and autonomous clinical practice. It is in this vital phase of the continuum of medical education that residents learn to provide optimal patient care under the supervision of faculty members who not only instruct, but serve as role models of excellence, compassion, cultural sensitivity, professionalism, and scholarship. Graduate medical education transforms medical students into physician
	scholars who care for the patient, patient's family, and a diverse		scholars who care for the patient, patient's family, and a diverse
	community; create and integrate new knowledge into practice; and educate future generations of physicians to serve the public. Practice		community; create and integrate new knowledge into practice; and educate future generations of physicians to serve the public. Practice
	patterns established during graduate medical education persist many		patterns established during graduate medical education persist many
Int.A.	,	[None]	years later.
	Graduate medical education has as a core tenet the graded authority and responsibility for patient care. The care of patients is undertaken with appropriate faculty supervision and conditional independence, allowing residents to attain the knowledge, skills, attitudes, judgment, and empathy required for autonomous practice. Graduate medical education develops physicians who focus on excellence in delivery of safe, equitable, affordable, quality care; and the health of the populations they serve. Graduate medical education values the strength that a diverse group of physicians brings to medical care, and the importance of inclusive and psychologically safe learning environments.		Graduate medical education has as a core tenet the graded authority and responsibility for patient care. The care of patients is undertaken with appropriate faculty supervision and conditional independence, allowing residents to attain the knowledge, skills, attitudes, judgment, and empathy required for autonomous practice. Graduate medical education develops physicians who focus on excellence in delivery of safe, equitable, affordable, quality care; and the health of the populations they serve. Graduate medical education values the strength that a diverse group of physicians brings to medical care, and the importance of inclusive and psychologically safe learning environments.
	Graduate medical education occurs in clinical settings that establish the foundation for practice-based and lifelong learning. The professional development of the physician, begun in medical school, continues through faculty modeling of the effacement of self-interest in a humanistic environment that emphasizes joy in curiosity, problem-solving, academic rigor, and discovery. This transformation is often physically, emotionally, and intellectually demanding and occurs in a variety of clinical learning environments committed to graduate medical education and the well-being of patients, residents, fellows, faculty members, students, and all		Graduate medical education occurs in clinical settings that establish the foundation for practice-based and lifelong learning. The professional development of the physician, begun in medical school, continues through faculty modeling of the effacement of self-interest in a humanistic environment that emphasizes joy in curiosity, problem-solving, academic rigor, and discovery. This transformation is often physically, emotionally, and intellectually demanding and occurs in a variety of clinical learning environments committed to graduate medical education and the well-being of patients, residents, fellows, faculty members, students, and all
Int.A. (Continued)	members of the health care team.	[None] - (Continued)	members of the health care team.

Roman Numeral Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Requirement Language
	Definition of Specialty Internists are specialists who care for adult patients through comprehensive, clinical problem solving. They integrate the history, physical examination, and all available data to deliver, direct, and coordinate care across varied clinical settings, both in person and remotely through telemedicine. Internists are diagnosticians who manage the care of patients who present with undifferentiated, complex illnesses, and comorbidities; promote health and health equity in communities; collaborate with colleagues; and lead, mentor, and serve multidisciplinary teams. Internists integrate care across organ systems and disease processes throughout the adult lifespan. They are expert communicators, creative and adaptable to the changing needs of patients and the health care environment. They advocate for their patients within the health care system to achieve the patient's and family's care goals. Internists embrace lifelong learning and the privilege and responsibility of educating patients, populations, and other health professionals. The discipline is characterized by a compassionate, cognitive, scholarly, relationship-oriented approach to comprehensive patient care.		Definition of Specialty Internists are specialists who care for adult patients through comprehensive, clinical problem solving. They integrate the history, physical examination, and all available data to deliver, direct, and coordinate care across varied clinical settings, both in person and remotely through telemedicine. Internists are diagnosticians who manage the care of patients who present with undifferentiated, complex illnesses, and comorbidities; promote health and health equity in communities; collaborate with colleagues; and lead, mentor, and serve multidisciplinary teams. Internists integrate care across organ systems and disease processes throughout the adult lifespan. They are expert communicators, creative and adaptable to the changing needs of patients and the health care environment. They advocate for their patients within the health care system to achieve the patient's and family's care goals. Internists embrace lifelong learning and the privilege and responsibility of educating patients, populations, and other health professionals. The discipline is characterized by a compassionate, cognitive, scholarly, relationship-oriented approach to comprehensive patient care.
Int.B.		[None]	
Int.B (Continued)		[None] - (Continued)	The successful, fulfilled internist maintains this core function and these core values. Internists find meaning and purpose in caring for individual patients with increased efficiency through well-functioning teams, and are equipped and trained to manage change effectively and lead those teams. They understand and manage the business of medicine to optimize cost-conscious care for their patients. They apply data management science to population and patient applications and help solve the clinical problems of their patients and their community. Internists communicate fluently and are able to educate and clearly explain complex data and concepts to all audiences, especially patients. They collaborate with patients to implement health care ethics in all aspects of their care. Internists display emotional intelligence in their relationships with colleagues, team members, and patients, maximizing both their own and their teams' well-being. They are dedicated professionals who have the knowledge, skills, and attitudes to effectively use all available resources, and bring intellectual curiosity and human warmth to their patients and community.
Int.C.	Length of Educational Program An accredited residency program in internal medicine must provide 36 months of supervised graduate medical education. (Core)	4.1.	Length of Educational Program An accredited residency program in internal medicine must provide 36 months of supervised graduate medical education. (Core)
I.	, ,	Section 1	Section 1: Oversight

Roman Numeral		Reformatted	
Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
	Sponsoring Institution The Sponsoring Institution is the organization or entity that assumes the ultimate financial and academic responsibility for a program of graduate medical education, consistent with the ACGME Institutional Requirements.		Sponsoring Institution The Sponsoring Institution is the organization or entity that assumes the ultimate financial and academic responsibility for a program of graduate medical education, consistent with the ACGME Institutional Requirements.
I.A.	When the Sponsoring Institution is not a rotation site for the program, the most commonly utilized site of clinical activity for the program is the primary clinical site.	[None]	When the Sponsoring Institution is not a rotation site for the program, the most commonly utilized site of clinical activity for the program is the primary clinical site.
I.A.1.	The program must be sponsored by one ACGME-accredited Sponsoring Institution. (Core)	1.1.	The program must be sponsored by one ACGME-accredited Sponsoring Institution. (Core)
I.B.	Participating Sites A participating site is an organization providing educational experiences or educational assignments/rotations for residents.	[None]	Participating Sites A participating site is an organization providing educational experiences or educational assignments/rotations for residents.
I.B.1.	The program, with approval of its Sponsoring Institution, must designate a primary clinical site. (Core)	1.2.	The program, with approval of its Sponsoring Institution, must designate a primary clinical site. (Core)
I.B.1.a)	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure that there is a reporting relationship between the internal medicine subspecialty programs and the residency program director. (Core)	1.2.a.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure that there is a reporting relationship between the internal medicine subspecialty programs and the residency program director. (Core)
I.B.2.	There must be a program letter of agreement (PLA) between the program and each participating site that governs the relationship between the program and the participating site providing a required assignment. (Core)	1.3.	There must be a program letter of agreement (PLA) between the program and each participating site that governs the relationship between the program and the participating site providing a required assignment. (Core)
I.B.2.a)	The PLA must:	[None]	
I.B.2.a).(1)	be renewed at least every 10 years; and, (Core)	1.3.a.	The PLA must be renewed at least every 10 years. (Core)
I.B.2.a).(2)	be approved by the designated institutional official (DIO). (Core)	1.3.b.	The PLA must be approved by the designated institutional official (DIO). (Core)
I.B.3.	The program must monitor the clinical learning and working environment at all participating sites. (Core)	1.4.	The program must monitor the clinical learning and working environment at all participating sites. (Core)
I.B.3.a).	At each participating site there must be one faculty member, designated by the program director as the site director, who is accountable for resident education at that site, in collaboration with the program director. (Core)	1.5.	At each participating site there must be one faculty member, designated by the program director as the site director, who is accountable for resident education at that site, in collaboration with the program director. (Core)
I.B.4.	The program director must submit any additions or deletions of participating sites routinely providing an educational experience, required for all residents, of one month full time equivalent (FTE) or more through the ACGME's Accreditation Data System (ADS). (Core)	1.6.	The program director must submit any additions or deletions of participating sites routinely providing an educational experience, required for all residents, of one month full time equivalent (FTE) or more through the ACGME's Accreditation Data System (ADS). (Core)
I.C.	Workforce Recruitment and Retention The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must engage in practices that focus on mission-driven, ongoing, systematic recruitment and retention of a diverse and inclusive workforce of residents, fellows (if present), faculty members, senior administrative GME staff members, and other relevant members of its academic community. (Core)	1.7.	Workforce Recruitment and Retention The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must engage in practices that focus on mission-driven, ongoing, systematic recruitment and retention of a diverse and inclusive workforce of residents, fellows (if present), faculty members, senior administrative GME staff members, and other relevant members of its academic community. (Core)

Roman Numeral		Deferments	
Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Requirement Language
I.D.	Resources	1.8.	Resources The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure the availability of adequate resources for resident education. (Core)
I.D.1.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure the availability of adequate resources for resident education. (Core)	1.8.	Resources The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure the availability of adequate resources for resident education. (Core)
I.D.1.a)	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring institution, must:	1.8.a.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring institution, must:
I.D.1.a).(1)	provide the broad range of facilities and clinical support services necessary to provide comprehensive and timely care of adult patients; (Core)	1.8.a.1.	provide the broad range of facilities and clinical support services necessary to provide comprehensive and timely care of adult patients. (Core)
I.D.1.a).(2)	ensure that the program has adequate space available, including meeting rooms, classrooms, examination rooms, computers, visual and other educational aids, and office space; (Core)	1.8.a.2.	ensure that the program has adequate space available, including meeting rooms, classrooms, examination rooms, computers, visual and other educational aids, and office space. (Core)
I.D.1.a).(3)	ensure that appropriate in-person or remote/virtual consultations, including those done using telecommunication technology, are available in settings in which residents work; (Core)	1.8.a.3.	ensure that appropriate in-person or remote/virtual consultations, including those done using telecommunication technology, are available in settings in which residents work. (Core)
I.D.1.a).(4)	provide access to an electronic health record; and, (Core)	1.8.a.4.	provide access to an electronic health record. (Core)
I.D.1.a).(5)	provide residents with access to training using simulation to support resident education and patient safety. (Core)	1.8.b.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring institution, must provide residents with access to training using simulation to support resident education and patient safety. (Core)
I.D.1.b)	The program must provide residents with a patient population representative of both the broad spectrum of clinical disorders and medical conditions managed by internists, and of the community being served. (Core)	1.8.c.	The program must provide residents with a patient population representative of both the broad spectrum of clinical disorders and medical conditions managed by internists, and of the community being served. (Core)
I.D.2.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure healthy and safe learning and working environments that promote resident well-being and provide for:	1.9.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure healthy and safe learning and working environments that promote resident well-being and provide for:
I.D.2.a)	access to food while on duty; (Core)	1.9.a.	access to food while on duty; (Core)
I.D.2.b)	safe, quiet, clean, and private sleep/rest facilities available and accessible for residents with proximity appropriate for safe patient care; (Core)	1.9.b.	safe, quiet, clean, and private sleep/rest facilities available and accessible for residents with proximity appropriate for safe patient care; (Core)
	clean and private facilities for lactation that have refrigeration capabilities,		clean and private facilities for lactation that have refrigeration capabilities,
I.D.2.c)	with proximity appropriate for safe patient care; (Core)	1.9.c.	with proximity appropriate for safe patient care; (Core)
ID 3 4)	security and safety measures appropriate to the participating site; and,	1.9.d.	security and safety measures appropriate to the participating site; and,
I.D.2.d)	(Core) accommodations for residents with disabilities consistent with the	1.3.u.	(Core) accommodations for residents with disabilities consistent with the
I.D.2.e)	Sponsoring Institution's policy. (Core)	1.9.e.	Sponsoring Institution's policy. (Core)
I.D.3.	Residents must have ready access to specialty-specific and other appropriate reference material in print or electronic format. This must include access to electronic medical literature databases with full text capabilities. (Core)	1.10.	Residents must have ready access to specialty-specific and other appropriate reference material in print or electronic format. This must include access to electronic medical literature databases with full text capabilities. (Core)
	Other Learners and Health Care Personnel The presence of other learners and other health care personnel, including, but not limited to residents from other programs, subspecialty fellows, and advanced practice providers, must not negatively impact the		Other Learners and Health Care Personnel The presence of other learners and other health care personnel, including, but not limited to residents from other programs, subspecialty fellows, and advanced practice providers, must not negatively impact the
I.E.	appointed residents' education. (Core)	1.11.	appointed residents' education. (Core)
II.	Personnel	Section 2	Section 2: Personnel

Roman Numeral Requirement		Reformatted	
Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
II.A.	Program Director	2.1.	Program Director There must be one faculty member appointed as program director with authority and accountability for the overall program, including compliance with all applicable program requirements. (Core)
II.A.1.	There must be one faculty member appointed as program director with authority and accountability for the overall program, including compliance with all applicable program requirements. (Core)	2.1.	Program Director There must be one faculty member appointed as program director with authority and accountability for the overall program, including compliance with all applicable program requirements. (Core)
II.A.1.a)	The Sponsoring Institution's GMEC must approve a change in program director and must verify the program director's licensure and clinical appointment. (Core)	2.2.	The Sponsoring Institution's GMEC must approve a change in program director and must verify the program director's licensure and clinical appointment. (Core)
II.A.1.b)	The program must demonstrate retention of the program director for a length of time adequate to maintain continuity of leadership and program stability. (Core)	2.3.	The program must demonstrate retention of the program director for a length of time adequate to maintain continuity of leadership and program stability. (Core)
II.A.2.	The program director and, as applicable, the program's leadership team, must be provided with support adequate for administration of the program based upon its size and configuration. (Core)	2.4.	The program director and, as applicable, the program's leadership team, must be provided with support adequate for administration of the program based upon its size and configuration. (Core)
	At a minimum, the program director must be provided with the dedicated time and support specified below for administration of the program: (Core)		At a minimum, the program director must be provided with the dedicated time and support specified below for administration of the program: (Core)
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: <7 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 0.2		Number of Approved Resident Positions: <7 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 0.2
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 7-10 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 0.4 Number of Approved Resident Positions: >10 Minimum Support Required		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 7-10 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 0.4 Number of Approved Resident Positions: >10 Minimum Support Required
II.A.2.a)		2.4.a.	(FTE): 0.5

Roman Numeral Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Paguiroment Language
Number	Kequirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
	Programs with more than 15 residents must appoint an associate program		Programs with more than 15 residents must appoint an associate program
	director(s). The associate program director(s) must be provided with support		director(s). The associate program director(s) must be provided with support
	equal to a dedicated minimum time for administration of the program as follows:		equal to a dedicated minimum time for administration of the program as follows:
	(Core)		(Core)
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: <15 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 0		Number of Approved Resident Positions: <15 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 0
l	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 16-20 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 0.1		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 16-20 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 0.1
1	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 21-25 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 0.2		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 21-25 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 0.2
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 26-30 Minimum Support Required		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 26-30 Minimum Support Required
	(FTE): 0.3		(FTE): 0.3
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 31-35 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 0.4		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 31-35 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 0.4
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 36-40 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 0.5		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 36-40 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 0.5
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 41-45 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 0.6		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 41-45 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 0.6
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 46-50 Minimum Support Required		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 46-50 Minimum Support Required
	(FTE): 0.7		(FTE): 0.7
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 51-55 Minimum Support Required		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 51-55 Minimum Support Required
	(FTE): 0.8		(FTE): 0.8
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 56-60 Minimum Support Required		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 56-60 Minimum Support Required
	(FTE): 0.9		(FTE): 0.9
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 61-65 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 1		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 61-65 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 1
II.A.2.b)		2.4.b.	
,			
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 66-70 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 1.1		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 66-70 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 1.1
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 71-75 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 1.2		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 71-75 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 1.2
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 76-80 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 1.3		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 76-80 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 1.3
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 81-85 Minimum Support Required		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 81-85 Minimum Support Required
	(FTE): 1.4		(FTE): 1.4
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 86-90 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 1.5		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 86-90 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 1.5
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 91-95 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 1.6		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 91-95 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 1.6
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 96-100 Minimum Support Required		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 96-100 Minimum Support Required
	(FTE): 1.7		(FTE): 1.7
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 101-105 Minimum Support Required		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 101-105 Minimum Support Required
II.A.2.b) - (Continued)	(FTE): 1.8	2.4.b (Continued)	(FTE): 1.8

Roman Numeral Requirement		Reformatted	
Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
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	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 106-110 Minimum Support Required		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 106-110 Minimum Support Required
	(FTE): 1.9		(FTE): 1.9
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 111-115 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 2		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 111-115 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 2
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 116-120 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 2.1		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 116-120 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 2.1
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 121-125 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 2.2		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 121-125 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 2.2
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 126-130 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 2.3		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 126-130 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 2.3
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 131-135 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 2.4		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 131-135 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 2.4
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 136-140 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 2.5		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 136-140 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 2.5
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 141-145 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 2.6		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 141-145 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 2.6
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 146-150 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 2.7		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 146-150 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 2.7
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 151-155 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 2.8		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 151-155 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 2.8
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 156-160 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 2.9		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 156-160 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 2.9
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 161-165 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 3		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 161-165 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 3
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 166-170 Minimum Support Required		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 166-170 Minimum Support Required
II.A.2.b) - (Continued)	''	2.4.b (Continued)	(FTE): 3.1

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Requirement Number	Paguirement Language	Reformatted	B
Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 171-175 Minimum Support Required		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 171-175 Minimum Support Required
	(FTE): 3.2 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 176-180 Minimum Support Required		(FTE): 3.2 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 176-180 Minimum Support Required
	(FTE): 3.3		(FTE): 3.3
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 181-185 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 3.4		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 181-185 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 3.4
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 186-190 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 3.5		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 186-190 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 3.5
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 191-195 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 3.6		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 191-195 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 3.6
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 196-200 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 3.7		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 196-200 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 3.7
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 201-205 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 3.8		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 201-205 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 3.8
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 206-210 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 3.9		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 206-210 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 3.9
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 211-215 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 4		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 211-215 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 4
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 216-220 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 4.1		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 216-220 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 4.1
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 221-225 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 4.2		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 221-225 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 4.2
II.A.2.b) - (Continued)	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 226-230 Minimum Support Required	2.4.b (Continued)	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 226-230 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 4.3
, (- ,		(- /	Qualifications of the Program Director
			The program director must possess specialty expertise and at least three
			years of documented educational and/or administrative experience, or
II.A.3.	Qualifications of the program director:	2.5.	qualifications acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)
	must include specialty expertise and at least three years of documented		Qualifications of the Program Director The program director must possess specialty expertise and at least three
	educational and/or administrative experience, or qualifications acceptable		years of documented educational and/or administrative experience, or
II.A.3.a)		2.5.	qualifications acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)
			The program director must possess current certification in the specialty
	must include current certification in the specialty for which they are the		for which they are the program director by the American Board of Internal
	program director by the American Board of Internal Medicine (ABIM) or by		Medicine (ABIM) or by the American Osteopathic Board of Internal Medicine
	the American Osteopathic Board of Internal Medicine (AOBIM), or specialty		(AOBIM), or specialty qualifications that are acceptable to the Review
II.A.3.b)		2.5.a.	Committee. (Core)
II.A.3.b).(1)	The Review Committee only accepts current certification in internal medicine from the ABIM or AOBIM. (Core)	2.5.a.1.	The Review Committee only accepts current certification in internal medicine from the ABIM or AOBIM. (Core)
II.A.3.c)	must include ongoing clinical activity. (Core)	2.5.b.	The program director must demonstrate ongoing clinical activity. (Core)
	must have experience working as part of an interdisciplinary, inter-professional		The program director must have experience working as part of an
II V 3 4/	team to create an educational environment that promotes high-quality care,	2.5.0	interdisciplinary, inter-professional team to create an educational environment
II.A.3.d)	patient safety, and resident well-being. (Core)	2.5.c.	that promotes high-quality care, patient safety, and resident well-being. (Core)

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Requirement Number	Poquiroment Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Deguinement Lenguege
Number		Requirement Number	Requirement Language
	Program Director Responsibilities		
			Program Director Responsibilities
	The program director must have responsibility, authority, and		The program director must have responsibility, authority, and
	accountability for: administration and operations; teaching and scholarly		accountability for: administration and operations; teaching and scholarly
	activity; resident recruitment and selection, evaluation, and promotion of residents, and disciplinary action; supervision of residents; and resident		activity; resident recruitment and selection, evaluation, and promotion of residents, and disciplinary action; supervision of residents; and resident
II.A.4.		2.6.	education in the context of patient care. (Core)
II.A.4.a)	The program director must:	[None]	education in the context of patient care. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(1)	be a role model of professionalism; (Core)	2.6.a.	The program director must be a role model of professionalism. (Core)
11.A.4.a).(1)		2.0.a.	
	design and conduct the program in a fashion consistent with the needs of		The program director must design and conduct the program in a fashion
II A 4 a) (2)	the community, the mission(s) of the Sponsoring Institution, and the	2 C h	consistent with the needs of the community, the mission(s) of the
II.A.4.a).(2)	mission(s) of the program; (Core)	2.6.b.	Sponsoring Institution, and the mission(s) of the program. (Core)
			The program director must administer and maintain a learning
II A A a) /2)	administer and maintain a learning environment conducive to educating the residents in each of the ACGME Competency domains; (Core)	2.6.c.	environment conducive to educating the residents in each of the ACGME Competency domains. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(3)	the residents in each of the ACGME Competency domains, (Core)	2.0.0.	
			The program director must have the authority to approve or remove
	have the authority to approve or remove physicians and non-physicians		physicians and non-physicians as faculty members at all participating
	as faculty members at all participating sites, including the designation of		sites, including the designation of core faculty members, and must
II.A.4.a).(4)	core faculty members, and must develop and oversee a process to evaluate candidates prior to approval; (Core)	2.6.d.	develop and oversee a process to evaluate candidates prior to approval. (Core)
11.A.4.a).(4)		2.6.0.	· · · ·
	have the authority to remove residents from supervising interactions		The program director must have the authority to remove residents from
II A 4 a) (E)	and/or learning environments that do not meet the standards of the program; (Core)	2.6.e.	supervising interactions and/or learning environments that do not meet
II.A.4.a).(5)	submit accurate and complete information required and requested by the	2.0.e.	the standards of the program. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(6)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2.6.f.	The program director must submit accurate and complete information required and requested by the DIO, GMEC, and ACGME. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(0)		2.0.1.	
	provide a learning and working environment in which residents have the		The program director must provide a learning and working environment in
	opportunity to raise concerns, report mistreatment, and provide feedback in a confidential manner as appropriate, without fear of intimidation or		which residents have the opportunity to raise concerns, report mistreatment, and provide feedback in a confidential manner as
II.A.4.a).(7)		2.6.g.	appropriate, without fear of intimidation or retaliation. (Core)
π.τ.τ.αμ.(τ)		2.0.9.	
	ensure the program's compliance with the Sponsoring Institution's policies and procedures related to grievances and due process, including		The program director must ensure the program's compliance with the Sponsoring Institution's policies and procedures related to grievances
	when action is taken to suspend or dismiss, or not to promote or renew		and due process, including when action is taken to suspend or dismiss, or
II.A.4.a).(8)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2.6.h.	not to promote or renew the appointment of a resident. (Core)
	«		The program director must ensure the program's compliance with the
	ensure the program's compliance with the Sponsoring Institution's		Sponsoring Institution's policies and procedures on employment and non-
II.A.4.a).(9)		2.6.i.	discrimination. (Core)
/ X - /	Residents must not be required to sign a non-competition guarantee or		Residents must not be required to sign a non-competition guarantee or
II.A.4.a).(9).(a)		3.1.	restrictive covenant. (Core)
, , , , ,	<u> </u>		The program director must document verification of education for all
	document verification of education for all residents within 30 days of		residents within 30 days of completion of or departure from the program.
II.A.4.a).(10)	·	2.6.j.	(Core)
,	provide verification of an individual resident's education upon the	-	The program director must provide verification of an individual resident's
II.A.4.a).(11)		2.6.k.	education upon the resident's request, within 30 days. (Core)
,	provide applicants who are offered an interview with information related to		The program director must provide applicants who are offered an
	the applicant's eligibility for the relevant specialty board examination(s).		interview with information related to the applicant's eligibility for the
II.A.4.a).(12)		2.6.l.	relevant specialty board examination(s). (Core)

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	Faculty members are a foundational element of graduate medical education – faculty members teach residents how to care for patients. Faculty members provide an important bridge allowing residents to grow and become practice-ready, ensuring that patients receive the highest quality of care. They are role models for future generations of physicians by demonstrating compassion, commitment to excellence in teaching and patient care, professionalism, and a dedication to lifelong learning. Faculty members experience the pride and joy of fostering the growth and development of future colleagues. The care they provide is enhanced by the opportunity to teach and model exemplary behavior. By employing a scholarly approach to patient care, faculty members, through the graduate medical education system, improve the health of the individual and the population.		Faculty members are a foundational element of graduate medical education – faculty members teach residents how to care for patients. Faculty members provide an important bridge allowing residents to grow and become practice-ready, ensuring that patients receive the highest quality of care. They are role models for future generations of physicians by demonstrating compassion, commitment to excellence in teaching and patient care, professionalism, and a dedication to lifelong learning. Faculty members experience the pride and joy of fostering the growth and development of future colleagues. The care they provide is enhanced by the opportunity to teach and model exemplary behavior. By employing a scholarly approach to patient care, faculty members, through the graduate medical education system, improve the health of the individual and the population.
II.B.	Faculty members ensure that patients receive the level of care expected from a specialist in the field. They recognize and respond to the needs of the patients, residents, community, and institution. Faculty members provide appropriate levels of supervision to promote patient safety. Faculty members create an effective learning environment by acting in a professional manner and attending to the well-being of the residents and themselves.	[None]	Faculty members ensure that patients receive the level of care expected from a specialist in the field. They recognize and respond to the needs of the patients, residents, community, and institution. Faculty members provide appropriate levels of supervision to promote patient safety. Faculty members create an effective learning environment by acting in a professional manner and attending to the well-being of the residents and themselves.
II.B.1.	There must be a sufficient number of faculty members with competence to instruct and supervise all residents. (Core)	2.7.	There must be a sufficient number of faculty members with competence to instruct and supervise all residents. (Core)
II.B.1.a)	Faculty members with credentials appropriate to the care setting must supervise		Faculty members with credentials appropriate to the care setting must supervise all clinical experiences. (Core)
II.B.1.a).(1)	There must be physicians with certification in internal medicine by the ABIM or AOBIM to teach and supervise internal medicine residents while they are on internal medicine inpatient and outpatient rotations. (Core)	2.7.b.	There must be physicians with certification in internal medicine by the ABIM or AOBIM to teach and supervise internal medicine residents while they are on internal medicine inpatient and outpatient rotations. (Core)
II.B.1.a).(2)	Physicians certified by the ABIM or the AOBIM in the relevant subspecialty must be available to teach and supervise internal medicine residents while they are on internal medicine subspecialty rotations. (Core)	2.7.c.	Physicians certified by the ABIM or the AOBIM in the relevant subspecialty must be available to teach and supervise internal medicine residents while they are on internal medicine subspecialty rotations. (Core)
II.B.1.a).(3)	Physicians certified by an ABMS or AOA board in the relevant subspecialty should be available to teach and supervise internal medicine residents while they are on multidisciplinary subspecialty rotations. (Core)	2.7.d.	Physicians certified by an ABMS or AOA board in the relevant subspecialty should be available to teach and supervise internal medicine residents while they are on multidisciplinary subspecialty rotations. (Core)
II.B.1.a).(4)	Physicians certified by an ABMS or AOA board in the relevant specialty should be available to teach and supervise internal medicine residents while they are having non-internal medicine experiences. (Core)	2.7.e.	Physicians certified by an ABMS or AOA board in the relevant specialty should be available to teach and supervise internal medicine residents while they are having non-internal medicine experiences. (Core)
II.B.2.	1 ,	[None]	. , ,
II.B.2.a)		2.8.	Faculty Responsibilities Faculty members must be role models of professionalism. (Core)
II.B.2.b)	demonstrate commitment to the delivery of safe, equitable, high-quality, cost-effective, patient-centered care; (Core)	2.8.a.	Faculty members must demonstrate commitment to the delivery of safe, equitable, high-quality, cost-effective, patient-centered care. (Core)
II.B.2.c)	demonstrate a strong interest in the education of residents, including devoting sufficient time to the educational program to fulfill their supervisory and teaching responsibilities; (Core)	2.8.b.	Faculty members must demonstrate a strong interest in the education of residents, including devoting sufficient time to the educational program to fulfill their supervisory and teaching responsibilities. (Core)

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II.B.2.d)	administer and maintain an educational environment conducive to educating residents; (Core)	2.8.c.	Faculty members must administer and maintain an educational environment conducive to educating residents. (Core)
II.B.2.e)	regularly participate in organized clinical discussions, rounds, journal clubs, and conferences; and, (Core)	2.8.d.	Faculty members must regularly participate in organized clinical discussions, rounds, journal clubs, and conferences. (Core)
II.B.2.f)	pursue faculty development designed to enhance their skills at least annually: (Core)	2.8.e.	Faculty members must pursue faculty development designed to enhance their skills at least annually: (Core)
II.B.2.f).(1)	as educators and evaluators; (Detail)	2.8.e.1.	as educators and evaluators; (Detail)
II.B.2.f).(2)		2.8.e.2.	in quality improvement, eliminating health inequities, and patient safety; (Detail)
II.B.2.f).(3)	in fostering their own and their residents' well-being; and, (Detail)	2.8.e.3.	in fostering their own and their residents' well-being; and, (Detail)
II.B.2.f).(4)	in patient care based on their practice-based learning and improvement efforts. (Detail)	2.8.e.4.	in patient care based on their practice-based learning and improvement efforts. (Detail)
II.B.2.g)	There must be a subspecialty education coordinator (SEC) in each of the subspecialties of internal medicine and in the multidisciplinary subspecialty of geriatric medicine. (Core)	2.8.f.	There must be a subspecialty education coordinator (SEC) in each of the subspecialties of internal medicine and in the multidisciplinary subspecialty of geriatric medicine. (Core)
II.B.2.g).(1)	Each SEC must be accountable to the program director for coordination of all educational experiences in the subspecialty area. (Core)	2.8.f.1.	Each SEC must be accountable to the program director for coordination of all educational experiences in the subspecialty area. (Core)
II.B.2.g).(2)	Each SEC must be certified in the relevant subspecialty by the ABIM or the AOBIM, except that the geriatric medicine SEC must be certified in the subspecialty by the relevant ABMS member board or AOA certifying board. (Core)	2.8.f.2.	Each SEC must be certified in the relevant subspecialty by the ABIM or the AOBIM, except that the geriatric medicine SEC must be certified in the subspecialty by the relevant ABMS member board or AOA certifying board. (Core)
II.B.2.h)	There must be faculty members with expertise in the analysis and interpretation of practice data, data management science and clinical decision support systems, and managing emerging health issues. (Core)	2.8.g.	There must be faculty members with expertise in the analysis and interpretation of practice data, data management science and clinical decision support systems, and managing emerging health issues. (Core)
II.B.2.i)	Faculty members must have experience working in interdisciplinary, interprofessional team-based health care delivery models. (Core)	2.8.h.	Faculty members must have experience working in interdisciplinary, interprofessional team-based health care delivery models. (Core)
II.B.3.	Faculty Qualifications	2.9.	Faculty Qualifications Faculty members must have appropriate qualifications in their field and hold appropriate institutional appointments. (Core)
II.B.3.a)	Faculty members must have appropriate qualifications in their field and hold appropriate institutional appointments. (Core)	2.9.	Faculty Qualifications Faculty members must have appropriate qualifications in their field and hold appropriate institutional appointments. (Core)
II.B.3.b)	Physician faculty members must:	[None]	
II.B.3.b).(1)	have current certification in the specialty by the American Board of Internal Medicine or the American Osteopathic Board of Internal Medicine, or possess qualifications judged acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)		Physician faculty members must have current certification in the specialty by the American Board of Internal Medicine or the American Osteopathic Board of Internal Medicine, or possess qualifications judged acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)
II.B.4.	Core faculty members must complete the annual ACGME Faculty Survey.	2.11.	Core Faculty Core faculty members must have a significant role in the education and supervision of residents and must devote a significant portion of their entire effort to resident education and/or administration, and must, as a component of their activities, teach, evaluate, and provide formative feedback to residents. (Core) Core faculty members must complete the annual ACGME Faculty Survey.
II.B.4.a)	(Core)	2.11.a.	(Core)

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II.B.4.b)	In addition to the program director and associate program director(s), programs must have the minimum number of ABIM- or AOBIM-certified core faculty members based on the number of approved resident positions, as follows. (Core)	2.11.b.	In addition to the program director and associate program director(s), programs must have the minimum number of ABIM- or AOBIM-certified core faculty members based on the number of approved resident positions, as follows. (Core)
	At a minimum, the required core faculty members, in aggregate and excluding program leadership, must be provided with support equal to an average dedicated minimum of 0.1 FTE for educational and administrative responsibilities that do not involve direct patient care. (Core) Number of Approved Resident Positions: <30 Minimum Number of ABIM- or AOBIM-certified Core Faculty Members: 3 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 30-39 Minimum Number of ABIM- or AOBIM-certified Core Faculty Members: 4		At a minimum, the required core faculty members, in aggregate and excluding program leadership, must be provided with support equal to an average dedicated minimum of 0.1 FTE for educational and administrative responsibilities that do not involve direct patient care. (Core) Number of Approved Resident Positions: <30 Minimum Number of ABIM- or AOBIM-certified Core Faculty Members: 3 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 30-39 Minimum Number of ABIM- or AOBIM-certified Core Faculty Members: 4
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 40-49 Minimum Number of ABIM- or AOBIM-certified Core Faculty Members: 5	2.11.c.	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 40-49 Minimum Number of ABIM- or AOBIM-certified Core Faculty Members: 5
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 50-59 Minimum Number of ABIM- or AOBIM-certified Core Faculty Members: 6 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 60-69 Minimum Number of ABIM- or AOBIM-certified Core Faculty Members: 7 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 70-79 Minimum Number of ABIM- or AOBIM-certified Core Faculty Members: 8 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 80-89 Minimum Number of ABIM- or AOBIM-certified Core Faculty Members: 9 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 90-99 Minimum Number of ABIM- or AOBIM-certified Core Faculty Members: 10 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 100-109 Minimum Number of ABIM- or AOBIM-certified Core Faculty Members: 11 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 110-119 Minimum Number of ABIM- or AOBIM-certified Core Faculty Members: 12 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 120-129 Minimum Number of ABIM-		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 50-59 Minimum Number of ABIM- or AOBIM-certified Core Faculty Members: 6 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 60-69 Minimum Number of ABIM- or AOBIM-certified Core Faculty Members: 7 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 70-79 Minimum Number of ABIM- or AOBIM-certified Core Faculty Members: 8 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 80-89 Minimum Number of ABIM- or AOBIM-certified Core Faculty Members: 9 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 90-99 Minimum Number of ABIM- or AOBIM-certified Core Faculty Members: 10 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 100-109 Minimum Number of ABIM- or AOBIM-certified Core Faculty Members: 11 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 110-119 Minimum Number of ABIM- or AOBIM-certified Core Faculty Members: 12 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 120-129 Minimum Number of ABIM-
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2.11.c (Continued)	or AOBIM-certified Core Faculty Members: 13

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Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 130-139 Minimum Number of ABIM-or AOBIM-certified Core Faculty Members: 14 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 140-149 Minimum Number of ABIM-or AOBIM-certified Core Faculty Members: 15 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 150-159 Minimum Number of ABIM-		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 130-139 Minimum Number of ABIM-or AOBIM-certified Core Faculty Members: 14 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 140-149 Minimum Number of ABIM-or AOBIM-certified Core Faculty Members: 15 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 150-159 Minimum Number of ABIM-
	or AOBIM-certified Core Faculty Members: 16 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 160-169 Minimum Number of ABIM- or AOBIM-certified Core Faculty Members: 17 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 170-179 Minimum Number of ABIM-		or AOBIM-certified Core Faculty Members: 16 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 160-169 Minimum Number of ABIM- or AOBIM-certified Core Faculty Members: 17 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 170-179 Minimum Number of ABIM-
	or AOBIM-certified Core Faculty Members: 18 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 180-189 Minimum Number of ABIM- or AOBIM-certified Core Faculty Members: 19 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 190-199 Minimum Number of ABIM- or AOBIM-certified Core Faculty Members: 20		or AOBIM-certified Core Faculty Members: 18 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 180-189 Minimum Number of ABIM- or AOBIM-certified Core Faculty Members: 19 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 190-199 Minimum Number of ABIM- or AOBIM-certified Core Faculty Members: 20
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 200-209 Minimum Number of ABIM-	0.44 (0.41 1)	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 200-209 Minimum Number of ABIM-
II.B.4.c) - (Continued)	or AOBIM-certified Core Faculty Members: 21	2.11.c (Continued)	or AOBIM-certified Core Faculty Members: 21
	Associate Program Directors Associate program directors assist the program director in the administrative and clinical oversight of the educational program.	2.11.d.	Associate Program Directors Associate program directors assist the program director in the administrative and clinical oversight of the educational program.
II.B.5.a)	Associate program directors must:	2.11.e.	Associate program directors must:
II.B.5.a).(1)	have current certification from the ABIM or AOBIM in either internal medicine or a subspecialty of internal medicine; (Core)	2.11.e.1.	have current certification from the ABIM or AOBIM in either internal medicine or a subspecialty of internal medicine; (Core)
II.B.5.a).(2)	report directly to the program director; (Core)	2.11.e.2.	report directly to the program director; (Core)
II.B.5.a).(3)	participate in academic societies and in educational programs designed to enhance their educational and administrative skills; and, (Core)	2.11.e.3.	participate in academic societies and in educational programs designed to enhance their educational and administrative skills; and, (Core)
II.B.5.a).(4)	take an active role in curriculum development, resident teaching and evaluation, continuous program improvement, and faculty development. (Core)	2.11.e.4.	take an active role in curriculum development, resident teaching and evaluation, continuous program improvement, and faculty development. (Core)
II.C.	Program Coordinator	2.12.	Program Coordinator There must be a program coordinator. (Core)
II.C.1.	There must be a program coordinator. (Core)	2.12.	Program Coordinator There must be a program coordinator. (Core)
	The program coordinator must be provided with dedicated time and support adequate for administration of the program based upon its size and configuration. (Core)	2.12.a.	The program coordinator must be provided with dedicated time and support adequate for administration of the program based upon its size and configuration. (Core)

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	At a minimum, the program coordinator must be provided with the dedicated time and support specified below for administration of the program. Additional administrative support must be provided based on the program size as follows:		At a minimum, the program coordinator must be provided with the dedicated time and support specified below for administration of the program. Additional administrative support must be provided based on the program size as follows:
	(Core) Number of Approved Resident Positions: <7 Minimum FTE Required for		(Core) Number of Approved Resident Positions: <7 Minimum FTE Required for
	Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for Administration of the Program: 0 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 7-10 Minimum FTE Required for Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for		Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for Administration of the Program: 0 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 7-10 Minimum FTE Required for Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for
	Administration of the Program: 0.2 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 10-15 Minimum FTE Required for Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for		Administration of the Program: 0.2 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 10-15 Minimum FTE Required for Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for
	Administration of the Program: 0.3 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 16-20 Minimum FTE Required for Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for		Administration of the Program: 0.3 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 16-20 Minimum FTE Required for Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for
	Administration of the Program: 0.4 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 21-25 Minimum FTE Required for Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for		Administration of the Program: 0.4 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 21-25 Minimum FTE Required for Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for
	Administration of the Program: 0.5 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 26-30 Minimum FTE Required for Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for		Administration of the Program: 0.5 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 26-30 Minimum FTE Required for Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for
	Administration of the Program: 0.6 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 31-35 Minimum FTE Required for Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for Administration of the Program: 0.7		Administration of the Program: 0.6 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 31-35 Minimum FTE Required for Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for Administration of the Program: 0.7
II.C.2.a)	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 36-40 Minimum FTE Required for Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for	2.12.b.	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 36-40 Minimum FTE Required for Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for Administration of the Program: 0.8

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	Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for		Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for
	Administration of the Program: 0.9		Administration of the Program: 0.9
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 46-50 Minimum FTE Required for		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 46-50 Minimum FTE Required for
	Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for		Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for
	Administration of the Program: 1		Administration of the Program: 1
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 51-55 Minimum FTE Required for		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 51-55 Minimum FTE Required for
	Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for		Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for
	Administration of the Program: 1.1		Administration of the Program: 1.1
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 56-60 Minimum FTE Required for		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 56-60 Minimum FTE Required for
	Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for		Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for
	Administration of the Program: 1.2		Administration of the Program: 1.2
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 61-65 Minimum FTE Required for		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 61-65 Minimum FTE Required for
	Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for		Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for
	Administration of the Program: 1.3		Administration of the Program: 1.3
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 66-70 Minimum FTE Required for		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 66-70 Minimum FTE Required for
	Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for		Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for
	Administration of the Program: 1.4		Administration of the Program: 1.4
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 71-75 Minimum FTE Required for		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 71-75 Minimum FTE Required for
	Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for		Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for
	Administration of the Program: 1.5		Administration of the Program: 1.5
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 76-80 Minimum FTE Required for		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 76-80 Minimum FTE Required for
	Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for		Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for
	Administration of the Program: 1.6		Administration of the Program: 1.6
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 81-85 Minimum FTE Required for		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 81-85 Minimum FTE Required for
	Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for		Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for
	Administration of the Program: 1.7		Administration of the Program: 1.7
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 86-90 Minimum FTE Required for		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 86-90 Minimum FTE Required for
	Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for		Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for
	Administration of the Program: 1.8		Administration of the Program: 1.8
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 91-95 Minimum FTE Required for		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 91-95 Minimum FTE Required for
2 a) - (Continued)	Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for	2.12.b (Continued)	Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for

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	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 96-100 Minimum FTE Required for Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 96-100 Minimum FTE Required for Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for
	Administration of the Program: 2 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 101-105 Minimum FTE Required for Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for Administration of the Program: 2.1		Administration of the Program: 2 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 101-105 Minimum FTE Required for Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for Administration of the Program: 2.1
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 106-110 Minimum FTE Required for Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for Administration of the Program: 2.2 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 111-115 Minimum FTE Required for		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 106-110 Minimum FTE Required for Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for Administration of the Program: 2.2 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 111-115 Minimum FTE Required for
	Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for Administration of the Program: 2.3 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 116-120 Minimum FTE Required for		Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for Administration of the Program: 2.3 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 116-120 Minimum FTE Required for
	Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for Administration of the Program: 2.4 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 121-125 Minimum FTE Required for Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for		Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for Administration of the Program: 2.4 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 121-125 Minimum FTE Required for Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for
	Administration of the Program: 2.5 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 126-130 Minimum FTE Required for Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for		Administration of the Program: 2.5 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 126-130 Minimum FTE Required for Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for
	Administration of the Program: 2.6 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 131-135 Minimum FTE Required for Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for Administration of the Program: 2.7		Administration of the Program: 2.6 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 131-135 Minimum FTE Required for Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for Administration of the Program: 2.7
II.C.2.a) - (Continued)	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 136-140 Minimum FTE Required for Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for Administration of the Program: 2.8		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 136-140 Minimum FTE Required for Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for Administration of the Program: 2.8

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Number	Requirement Language	requirement itamber	Requirement Language
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 141-145 Minimum FTE Required for		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 141-145 Minimum FTE Required for
	Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for		Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for
	Administration of the Program: 2.9		Administration of the Program: 2.9
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 146-150 Minimum FTE Required for		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 146-150 Minimum FTE Required for
	Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for		Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for
	Administration of the Program: 3		Administration of the Program: 3
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 151-155 Minimum FTE Required for		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 151-155 Minimum FTE Required for
	Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for		Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for
	Administration of the Program: 3.1		Administration of the Program: 3.1
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 156-160 Minimum FTE Required for		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 156-160 Minimum FTE Required for
	Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for Administration of the Program: 3.2		Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for Administration of the Program: 3.2
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 161-165 Minimum FTE Required for		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 161-165 Minimum FTE Required for
	Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for		Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for
	Administration of the Program: 3.3		Administration of the Program: 3.3
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 166-170 Minimum FTE Required for		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 166-170 Minimum FTE Required for
	Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for		Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for
	Administration of the Program: 3.4		Administration of the Program: 3.4
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 171-175 Minimum FTE Required for		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 171-175 Minimum FTE Required for
	Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for		Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for
	Administration of the Program: 3.5		Administration of the Program: 3.5
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 176-180 Minimum FTE Required for		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 176-180 Minimum FTE Required for
	Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for		Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for
	Administration of the Program: 3.6		Administration of the Program: 3.6
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 181-185 Minimum FTE Required for		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 181-185 Minimum FTE Required for
	Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for		Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for
II.C.2.a) - (Continued)	Administration of the Program: 3.7	2.12.b (Continued)	Administration of the Program: 3.7

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Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 186-190 Minimum FTE Required for		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 186-190 Minimum FTE Required for
	Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for		Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for
	Administration of the Program: 3.8		Administration of the Program: 3.8
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 191-195 Minimum FTE Required for		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 191-195 Minimum FTE Required for
	Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for		Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for
	Administration of the Program: 3.9		Administration of the Program: 3.9
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 196-200 Minimum FTE Required for		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 196-200 Minimum FTE Required for
	Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for		Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for
	Administration of the Program: 4		Administration of the Program: 4
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 201-205 Minimum FTE Required for		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 201-205 Minimum FTE Required for
	Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for		Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for
	Administration of the Program: 4.1		Administration of the Program: 4.1
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 206-210 Minimum FTE Required for		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 206-210 Minimum FTE Required for
	Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for		Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for
	Administration of the Program: 4.2		Administration of the Program: 4.2
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 211-215 Minimum FTE Required for		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 211-215 Minimum FTE Required for
	Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for		Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for
	Administration of the Program: 4.3		Administration of the Program: 4.3
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 216-220 Minimum FTE Required for		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 216-220 Minimum FTE Required for
	Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for		Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for
	Administration of the Program: 4.4		Administration of the Program: 4.4
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 221-225 Minimum FTE Required for		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 221-225 Minimum FTE Required for
	Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for		Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for
	Administration of the Program: 4.5		Administration of the Program: 4.5
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 226-230 Minimum FTE Required for		Number of Approved Resident Positions: 226-230 Minimum FTE Required for
II C 2 a) (Continued)	Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for Administration of the Program: 4.6	2.12 b (Continued)	Coordinator Support: 0.5 Additional Aggregate FTE Required for Administration of the Program: 4.6
ii.C.z.a) - (Continued)		2.12.b (Continued)	Administration of the Program. 4.6
	Other Program Personnel		
			Other Program Personnel
	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must jointly		The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must jointly
	ensure the availability of necessary personnel for the effective	0.40	ensure the availability of necessary personnel for the effective
II.D.	administration of the program. (Core)	2.13.	administration of the program. (Core)
III.	Resident Appointments	Section 3	Section 3: Resident Appointments
			Eligibility Requirements
			An applicant must meet one of the following qualifications to be eligible
III.A.	Eligibility Requirements	3.2.	for appointment to an ACGME-accredited program: (Core)
			Eligibility Requirements
	An applicant must meet one of the following qualifications to be eligible		An applicant must meet one of the following qualifications to be eligible
III.A.1.	for appointment to an ACGME-accredited program: (Core)	3.2.	for appointment to an ACGME-accredited program: (Core)
	graduation from a medical school in the United States, accredited by the		graduation from a medical school in the United States, accredited by the
	Liaison Committee on Medical Education (LCME) or graduation from a		Liaison Committee on Medical Education (LCME) or graduation from a
	college of osteopathic medicine in the United States, accredited by the		college of osteopathic medicine in the United States, accredited by the
	American Osteopathic Association Commission on Osteopathic College		American Osteopathic Association Commission on Osteopathic College
III.A.1.a)	Accreditation (AOACOCA); or, (Core)	3.2.a.	Accreditation (AOACOCA); or, (Core)

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			graduation from a medical school outside of the United States, and meeting one of the following additional qualifications: (Core)
			holding a currently valid certificate from the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG) prior to appointment; or, (Core)
III.A.1.b)	graduation from a medical school outside of the United States, and meeting one of the following additional qualifications: (Core)	3.2.b.	holding a full and unrestricted license to practice medicine in the United States licensing jurisdiction in which the ACGME-accredited program is located. (Core)
			graduation from a medical school outside of the United States, and meeting one of the following additional qualifications: (Core)
			• holding a currently valid certificate from the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG) prior to appointment; or, (Core)
III.A.1.b).(1)	holding a currently valid certificate from the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG) prior to appointment; or, (Core)	3.2.b.	• holding a full and unrestricted license to practice medicine in the United States licensing jurisdiction in which the ACGME-accredited program is located. (Core)
			graduation from a medical school outside of the United States, and meeting one of the following additional qualifications: (Core)
			holding a currently valid certificate from the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG) prior to appointment; or, (Core)
III.A.1.b).(2)	holding a full and unrestricted license to practice medicine in the United States licensing jurisdiction in which the ACGME-accredited program is located. (Core)	3.2.b.	holding a full and unrestricted license to practice medicine in the United States licensing jurisdiction in which the ACGME-accredited program is located. (Core)
III.A.2.	or transfer into ACGME-accredited residency programs must be completed in ACGME-accredited residency programs, AOA-approved residency programs, Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada (RCPSC)-accredited or College of Family Physicians of Canada (CFPC)-accredited residency programs located in Canada, or in residency programs with ACGME International (ACGME-I) Advanced Specialty Accreditation. (Core)	3.3.	or transfer into ACGME-accredited residency programs must be completed in ACGME-accredited residency programs, AOA-approved residency programs, Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada (RCPSC)-accredited or College of Family Physicians of Canada (CFPC)-accredited residency programs located in Canada, or in residency programs with ACGME International (ACGME-I) Advanced Specialty Accreditation. (Core)
III.A.2.a)	Residency programs must receive verification of each resident's level of competency in the required clinical field using ACGME, CanMEDS, or ACGME-I Milestones evaluations from the prior training program upon matriculation. (Core)	3.3.a.	Residency programs must receive verification of each resident's level of competency in the required clinical field using ACGME, CanMEDS, or ACGME-I Milestones evaluations from the prior training program upon matriculation. (Core)
	Resident Complement	J.J.a.	macrodiadon. (Oore)
III.B.	The program director must not appoint more residents than approved by the Review Committee. (Core)	3.4.	Resident Complement The program director must not appoint more residents than approved by the Review Committee. (Core)
III.B.1.a)	There must be a sufficient number of residents to allow peer-to-peer interaction and learning. (Core)	3.4.a.	There must be a sufficient number of residents to allow peer-to-peer interaction and learning. (Core)
III.B.1.a).(1)		3.4.b.	The program should offer a minimum of nine positions. (Detail)
III.B.1.a).(1)	The program should offer a minimum of nine positions. (Detail)	3.4.b.	The program should offer a minimum of nine positions. (Detail)

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III.C.	Resident Transfers The program must obtain verification of previous educational experiences and a summative competency-based performance evaluation prior to acceptance of a transferring resident, and Milestones evaluations upon matriculation. (Core)	3.5.	Resident Transfers The program must obtain verification of previous educational experiences and a summative competency-based performance evaluation prior to acceptance of a transferring resident, and Milestones evaluations upon matriculation. (Core)
	Educational Program		Section 4: Educational Program
	The ACGME accreditation system is designed to encourage excellence and innovation in graduate medical education regardless of the organizational affiliation, size, or location of the program.		The ACGME accreditation system is designed to encourage excellence and innovation in graduate medical education regardless of the organizational affiliation, size, or location of the program.
	The educational program must support the development of knowledgeable, skillful physicians who provide compassionate care.		The educational program must support the development of knowledgeable, skillful physicians who provide compassionate care.
IV.	It is recognized programs may place different emphasis on research, leadership, public health, etc. It is expected that the program aims will reflect the nuanced program-specific goals for it and its graduates; for example, it is expected that a program aiming to prepare physician-scientists will have a different curriculum from one focusing on community health.	Section 4	It is recognized programs may place different emphasis on research, leadership, public health, etc. It is expected that the program aims will reflect the nuanced program-specific goals for it and its graduates; for example, it is expected that a program aiming to prepare physician-scientists will have a different curriculum from one focusing on community health.
	Educational Components		Educational Components
IV.A.	The curriculum must contain the following educational components: a set of program aims consistent with the Sponsoring Institution's mission, the needs of the community it serves, and the desired distinctive capabilities of its graduates, which must be made available to program applicants, residents, and faculty members; (Core)	4.2. 4.2.a.	The curriculum must contain the following educational components: a set of program aims consistent with the Sponsoring Institution's mission, the needs of the community it serves, and the desired distinctive capabilities of its graduates, which must be made available to program applicants, residents, and faculty members; (Core)
IV.A.2.	competency-based goals and objectives for each educational experience designed to promote progress on a trajectory to autonomous practice. These must be distributed, reviewed, and available to residents and faculty members; (Core)	4.2.b.	competency-based goals and objectives for each educational experience designed to promote progress on a trajectory to autonomous practice. These must be distributed, reviewed, and available to residents and faculty members; (Core)
N/ A 0	delineation of resident responsibilities for patient care, progressive	40-	delineation of resident responsibilities for patient care, progressive
IV.A.3. IV.A.4.	responsibility for patient management, and graded supervision; (Core) a broad range of structured didactic activities; and, (Core)	4.2.c. 4.2.d.	responsibility for patient management, and graded supervision; (Core) a broad range of structured didactic activities; and, (Core)
IV.A.4.a)	Residents must be provided with protected time to participate in core didactic activities. (Core)	4.11.	Didactic and Clinical Experiences Residents must be provided with protected time to participate in core didactic activities. (Core)
IV.A.5.	formal educational activities that promote patient safety-related goals, tools, and techniques. (Core)	4.2.e.	formal educational activities that promote patient safety-related goals, tools, and techniques. (Core)

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IV.B.	ACGME Competencies	[None]	ACGME Competencies The Competencies provide a conceptual framework describing the required domains for a trusted physician to enter autonomous practice. These Competencies are core to the practice of all physicians, although the specifics are further defined by each specialty. The developmental trajectories in each of the Competencies are articulated through the Milestones for each specialty.
	The program must integrate the following ACGME Competencies into the	1	
IV.B.1.	curriculum:	[None]	The program must integrate all ACGME Competencies into the curriculum.
	Professionalism		ACGME Competencies – Professionalism Residents must demonstrate a commitment to professionalism and an adherence to ethical principles. (Core)
IV D 4 a)	Residents must demonstrate a commitment to professionalism and an	4.2	Peridente must demonstrate competence in
IV.B.1.a)	adherence to ethical principles. (Core)	4.3.	Residents must demonstrate competence in:
			ACGME Competencies – Professionalism Residents must demonstrate a commitment to professionalism and an adherence to ethical principles. (Core)
IV.B.1.a).(1)	Residents must demonstrate competence in:	4.3.	Residents must demonstrate competence in:
IV.B.1.a).(1).(a)	compassion, integrity, and respect for others; (Core)	4.3.a.	compassion, integrity, and respect for others; (Core)
IV.B.1.a).(1).(b)	responsiveness to patient needs that supersedes self-interest; (Core)	4.3.b.	responsiveness to patient needs that supersedes self-interest; (Core)
IV.B.1.a).(1).(c)	cultural humility; (Core)	4.3.c.	cultural humility; (Core)
IV.B.1.a).(1).(d)	respect for patient privacy and autonomy; (Core)	4.3.d.	respect for patient privacy and autonomy; (Core)
IV.B.1.a).(1).(e)	accountability to patients, society, and the profession; (Core)	4.3.e.	accountability to patients, society, and the profession; (Core)
IV.B.1.a).(1).(f)	respect and responsiveness to diverse patient populations, including but not limited to diversity in gender, age, culture, race, religion, disabilities, national origin, socioeconomic status, and sexual orientation; (Core)	4.3.f.	respect and responsiveness to diverse patient populations, including but not limited to diversity in gender, age, culture, race, religion, disabilities, national origin, socioeconomic status, and sexual orientation; (Core)
IV.B.1.a).(1).(g)	ability to recognize and develop a plan for one's own personal and professional well-being; and, (Core)	4.3.g.	ability to recognize and develop a plan for one's own personal and professional well-being; and, (Core)
IV.B.1.a).(1).(h)	appropriately disclosing and addressing conflict or duality of interest. (Core)	4.3.h.	appropriately disclosing and addressing conflict or duality of interest. (Core)
IV.B.1.b)	Patient Care and Procedural Skills	[None]	
IV.B.1.b).(1)	Residents must be able to provide patient care that is patient- and family-centered, compassionate, equitable, appropriate, and effective for the treatment of health problems and the promotion of health. (Core)	4.4.	ACGME Competencies – Patient Care and Procedural Skills (Part A) Residents must be able to provide patient care that is patient- and family- centered, compassionate, equitable, appropriate, and effective for the treatment of health problems and the promotion of health. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(a)	Residents must demonstrate the ability to manage the care of patients:	4.4.a.	Residents must demonstrate the ability to manage the care of patients:
IV.B.1.b).(1).(a).(i)	using clinical skills of interviewing and physical examination; (Core)	4.4.a.1.	using clinical skills of interviewing and physical examination; (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(a).(ii)	in a variety of roles within a health system with progressive responsibility, including serving as the direct provider, a member, or leader of an interprofessional team of providers; as a consultant to other physicians; and as a teacher to the patient, the patient's family, and other health care workers; (Core)	4.4.a.2.	in a variety of roles within a health system with progressive responsibility, including serving as the direct provider, a member, or leader of an interprofessional team of providers; as a consultant to other physicians; and as a teacher to the patient, the patient's family, and other health care workers; (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(a).(iii)	including the prevention, counseling, detection, diagnosis, and treatment of adult diseases; (Core)	4.4.a.3.	including the prevention, counseling, detection, diagnosis, and treatment of adult diseases; (Core)

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IV D 4 h) (4) (a) (iv)	in a variety of health care settings, including the inpatient ward, critical care	4.4.5.4	in a variety of health care settings, including the inpatient ward, critical care
IV.B.1.b).(1).(a).(iv)	units, and various ambulatory settings; (Core)	4.4.a.4.	units, and various ambulatory settings; (Core)
IV D 4 b) (4) (a) (v)	for whom they have limited or no physical contact, through the use of	4405	for whom they have limited or no physical contact, through the use of
IV.B.1.b).(1).(a).(v)	telemedicine; (Core)	4.4.a.5.	telemedicine; (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(a).(vi)	in the subspecialties of internal medicine; (Core)	4.4.a.6.	in the subspecialties of internal medicine; (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(a).(vii)	using population-based data; (Core)	4.4.a.7.	using population-based data; (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(a).(viii)	using critical thinking and evidence-based tools. (Core)	4.4.a.8.	using critical thinking and evidence-based tools. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2)	Residents must be able to perform all medical, diagnostic, and surgical procedures considered essential for the area of practice. (Core)	4.5.	ACGME Competencies – Patient Care and Procedural Skills (Part B) Residents must be able to perform all medical, diagnostic, and surgical procedures considered essential for the area of practice. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(a)	Residents must demonstrate the ability to:	4.5.a.	Residents must demonstrate the ability to:
IV.B.1.b).(2).(a).(i)	use and/or perform point-of-care laboratory, diagnostic, and/or imaging studies relevant to the care of the patient; (Core)	4.5.a.1.	use and/or perform point-of-care laboratory, diagnostic, and/or imaging studies relevant to the care of the patient; (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(a).(ii)	perform diagnostic and therapeutic procedures relevant to their specific career paths; and, (Core)	4.5.a.2.	perform diagnostic and therapeutic procedures relevant to their specific career paths; and, (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(a).(iii)	treat their patients' conditions with practices that are patient-centered, safe, scientifically based, effective, timely, and cost-effective. (Core)	4.5.a.3.	treat their patients' conditions with practices that are patient-centered, safe, scientifically based, effective, timely, and cost-effective. (Core)
IV.B.1.c)	Medical Knowledge Residents must demonstrate knowledge of established and evolving biomedical, clinical, epidemiological, and social-behavioral sciences, including scientific inquiry, as well as the application of this knowledge to patient care. (Core)	4.6.	ACGME Competencies – Medical Knowledge Residents must demonstrate knowledge of established and evolving biomedical, clinical, epidemiological, and social-behavioral sciences, including scientific inquiry, as well as the application of this knowledge to patient care. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(1)	Residents must demonstrate a level of expertise in the knowledge of the broad spectrum of clinical disorders seen by an internist, including: (Core)	4.6.a.	Residents must demonstrate a level of expertise in the knowledge of the broad spectrum of clinical disorders seen by an internist, including: (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(1).(a)	the core content of general internal medicine, which includes the internal medicine subspecialties, the multidisciplinary subspecialties of geriatric medicine, hospice and palliative medicine and addiction medicine, and neurology. (Core)	4.6.b.	the core content of general internal medicine, which includes the internal medicine subspecialties, the multidisciplinary subspecialties of geriatric medicine, hospice and palliative medicine and addiction medicine, and neurology. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(2)	Residents must demonstrate sufficient knowledge in the following areas:	4.6.b.1.	Residents must demonstrate sufficient knowledge in the following areas:
IV.B.1.c).(2).(a)	evaluation of patients with an undiagnosed and undifferentiated presentation; (Core)	4.6.b.2.	evaluation of patients with an undiagnosed and undifferentiated presentation; (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(2).(b)	pharmacotherapeutic and non-pharmacotherapeutic treatment of the broad spectrum of medical conditions and clinical disorders managed by internists; (Core)	4.6.b.3.	pharmacotherapeutic and non-pharmacotherapeutic treatment of the broad spectrum of medical conditions and clinical disorders managed by internists; (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(2).(c)	provision of preventive care; (Core)	4.6.b.4.	provision of preventive care; (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(2).(d)	interpretation of clinical tests and images; (Core)	4.6.b.5.	interpretation of clinical tests and images; (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(2).(e)	recognition and initial management of urgent medical problems; and, (Core)	4.6.b.6.	recognition and initial management of urgent medical problems; and, (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(2).(f)	application of technology appropriate for the clinical context, including evolving techniques. (Core)	4.6.b.7.	application of technology appropriate for the clinical context, including evolving techniques. (Core)

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	Practice-based Learning and Improvement		ACGME Competencies – Practice-Based Learning and Improvement
IV.B.1.d)	Residents must demonstrate the ability to investigate and evaluate their care of patients, to appraise and assimilate scientific evidence, and to continuously improve patient care based on constant self-evaluation and lifelong learning. (Core)	4.7.	Residents must demonstrate the ability to investigate and evaluate their care of patients, to appraise and assimilate scientific evidence, and to continuously improve patient care based on constant self-evaluation and
IV.B.1.d).(1)	lifelong learning; (Core) Residents must demonstrate competence in:	[None]	lifelong learning. (Core)
IV.B. I.u).(1)	identifying strengths, deficiencies, and limits in one's knowledge and	[None]	Posidente muet demonstrate competence in identifying etrangthe
IV.B.1.d).(1).(a)	expertise; (Core)	4.7.a.	Residents must demonstrate competence in identifying strengths, deficiencies, and limits in one's knowledge and expertise. (Core)
IV.B.1.d).(1).(b)	setting learning and improvement goals; (Core)	4.7.b.	Residents must demonstrate competence in setting learning and improvement goals. (Core)
IV.B.1.d).(1).(c)	identifying and performing appropriate learning activities; (Core)	4.7.c.	Residents must demonstrate competence in identifying and performing appropriate learning activities. (Core)
IV.B.1.d).(1).(d)	systematically analyzing practice using quality improvement methods, including activities aimed at reducing health care disparities, and implementing changes with the goal of practice improvement; (Core)	4.7.d.	Residents must demonstrate competence in systematically analyzing practice using quality improvement methods, including activities aimed at reducing health care disparities, and implementing changes with the goal of practice improvement. (Core)
IV.B.1.d).(1).(e)	incorporating feedback and formative evaluation into daily practice; and, (Core)	4.7.e.	Residents must demonstrate competence in incorporating feedback and formative evaluation into daily practice. (Core)
IV.B.1.d).(1).(f)	locating, appraising, and assimilating evidence from scientific studies related to their patients' health problems. (Core)	4.7.f.	Residents must demonstrate competence in locating, appraising, and assimilating evidence from scientific studies related to their patients' health problems. (Core)
IV.B.1.e)	Interpersonal and Communication Skills Residents must demonstrate interpersonal and communication skills that result in the effective exchange of information and collaboration with patients, their families, and health professionals. (Core)	4.8.	ACGME Competencies – Interpersonal and Communication Skills Residents must demonstrate interpersonal and communication skills that result in the effective exchange of information and collaboration with patients, their families, and health professionals. (Core)
IV.B.1.e).(1)	Residents must demonstrate competence in:	[None]	
IV.B.1.e).(1).(a)	communicating effectively with patients and patients' families, as appropriate, across a broad range of socioeconomic circumstances, cultural backgrounds, and language capabilities, learning to engage interpretive services as required to provide appropriate care to each patient; (Core)	4.8.a.	Residents must demonstrate competence in communicating effectively with patients and patients' families, as appropriate, across a broad range of socioeconomic circumstances, cultural backgrounds, and language capabilities, learning to engage interpretive services as required to provide appropriate care to each patient. (Core)
IV.B.1.e).(1).(b)	communicating effectively with physicians, other health professionals, and health-related agencies; (Core)	4.8.b.	Residents must demonstrate competence in communicating effectively with physicians, other health professionals, and health-related agencies. (Core)
IV.B.1.e).(1).(c)	working effectively as a member or leader of a health care team or other professional group; (Core)	4.8.c.	Residents must demonstrate competence in working effectively as a member or leader of a health care team or other professional group. (Core)
IV.B.1.e).(1).(d)	educating patients, patients' families, students, other residents, and other health professionals; (Core)	4.8.d.	Residents must demonstrate competence in educating patients, patients' families, students, other residents, and other health professionals. (Core)
IV.B.1.e).(1).(e)	acting in a consultative role to other physicians and health professionals; (Core)	4.8.e.	Residents must demonstrate competence in acting in a consultative role to other physicians and health professionals. (Core)
IV.B.1.e).(1).(f)	maintaining comprehensive, timely, and legible health care records, if applicable. (Core)	4.8.f.	Residents must demonstrate competence in maintaining comprehensive, timely, and legible health care records, if applicable. (Core)

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	Residents must learn to communicate with patients and patients' families		Residents must learn to communicate with patients and patients' families
	to partner with them to assess their care goals, including, when		to partner with them to assess their care goals, including, when
IV.B.1.e).(2)	appropriate, end-of-life goals. (Core)	4.8.g.	appropriate, end-of-life goals. (Core)
	Systems-based Practice		
	by Stellis-based i lactice		ACGME Competencies - Systems-Based Practice
	Residents must demonstrate an awareness of and responsiveness to the		Residents must demonstrate an awareness of and responsiveness to the
	larger context and system of health care, including the structural and		larger context and system of health care, including the structural and
	social determinants of health, as well as the ability to call effectively on		social determinants of health, as well as the ability to call effectively on
IV.B.1.f)		4.9.	other resources to provide optimal health care. (Core)
IV.B.1.f).(1)	Residents must demonstrate competence in:	[None]	
14.0.1.1).(1)	Residents must demonstrate competence in.	[None]	Desidente must demonstrate comunitario in unantina effectivali in unicus
			Residents must demonstrate competence in working effectively in various
D/D 4 0 (4) ()	working effectively in various health care delivery settings and systems	4.0	health care delivery settings and systems relevant to their clinical
IV.B.1.f).(1).(a)	relevant to their clinical specialty; (Core)	4.9.a.	specialty. (Core)
			Residents must demonstrate competence in coordinating patient care
	coordinating patient care across the health care continuum and beyond as		across the health care continuum and beyond as relevant to their clinical
IV.B.1.f).(1).(b)	relevant to their clinical specialty; (Core)	4.9.b.	specialty. (Core)
	advocating for quality patient care and optimal patient care systems;		Residents must demonstrate competence in advocating for quality patient
IV.B.1.f).(1).(c)	(Core)	4.9.c.	care and optimal patient care systems. (Core)
	participating in identifying system errors and implementing potential		Residents must demonstrate competence in participating in identifying
IV.B.1.f).(1).(d)		4.9.d.	system errors and implementing potential systems solutions. (Core)
	incorporating considerations of value, equity, cost awareness, delivery		Residents must demonstrate competence in incorporating considerations
	and payment, and risk-benefit analysis in patient and/or population-based		of value, equity, cost awareness, delivery and payment, and risk-benefit
IV.B.1.f).(1).(e)		4.9.e.	analysis in patient and/or population-based care as appropriate. (Core)
, () ()	understanding health care finances and its impact on individual patients'		Residents must demonstrate competence in understanding health care
IV.B.1.f).(1).(f)		4.9.f.	finances and its impact on individual patients' health decisions. (Core)
, control			Residents must demonstrate competence in using tools and techniques
	using tools and techniques that promote patient safety and disclosure of		that promote patient safety and disclosure of patient safety events (real or
IV D 4 f) (4) (a)		40 %	
IV.B.1.f).(1).(g)		4.9.g.	simulated). (Detail)
	Residents must learn to advocate for patients within the health care		Residents must learn to advocate for patients within the health care
D 4 5 (6)	system to achieve the patient's and patient's family's care goals,		system to achieve the patient's and patient's family's care goals,
IV.B.1.f).(2)	including, when appropriate, end-of-life goals. (Core)	4.9.h.	including, when appropriate, end-of-life goals. (Core)

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Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Poguiroment Lenguage
Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
			Curriculum Organization and Resident Experiences
			4.10. Curriculum Structure The curriculum must be structured to optimize resident educational experiences, the length of the experiences, and the supervisory continuity. These educational experiences include an appropriate blend of supervised patient care responsibilities, clinical teaching, and didactic educational events. (Core)
			4.11. Didactic and Clinical Experiences Residents must be provided with protected time to participate in core didactic activities. (Core)
IV.C.	Curriculum Organization and Resident Experiences	4.10 4.12.	4.12. Pain Management The program must provide instruction and experience in pain management if applicable for the specialty, including recognition of the signs of substance use disorder. (Core)
IV.C.1.	The curriculum must be structured to optimize resident educational experiences, the length of the experiences, and the supervisory continuity. These educational experiences include an appropriate blend of supervised patient care responsibilities, clinical teaching, and didactic educational events. (Core)		Curriculum Structure The curriculum must be structured to optimize resident educational experiences, the length of the experiences, and the supervisory continuity. These educational experiences include an appropriate blend of supervised patient care responsibilities, clinical teaching, and didactic educational events. (Core)
IV.C.1.a)	Rotations must be of sufficient length to provide longitudinal relationships with faculty members to allow for meaningful assessment and feedback. (Core)	4.10.a.	Rotations must be of sufficient length to provide longitudinal relationships with faculty members to allow for meaningful assessment and feedback. (Core)
IV.C.1.b)	Rotations must be structured to allow residents to function as part of effective interprofessional teams that work together towards the shared goals of patient safety and quality improvement. (Core)	4.10.b.	Rotations must be structured to allow residents to function as part of effective interprofessional teams that work together towards the shared goals of patient safety and quality improvement. (Core)
IV.C.1.c)	Rotations must be structured to minimize conflicting inpatient and outpatient responsibilities. (Core)	4.10.c.	Rotations must be structured to minimize conflicting inpatient and outpatient responsibilities. (Core)
IV.C.2.	The program must provide instruction and experience in pain management if applicable for the specialty, including recognition of the signs of substance use disorder. (Core)	4.12.	Pain Management The program must provide instruction and experience in pain management if applicable for the specialty, including recognition of the signs of substance use disorder. (Core)
IV.C.3.	The educational program for all residents must include: (Core)	[None]	
IV.C.3.a)	at least 30 months of clinical experiences; (Core)	4.11.a.	The educational program for all residents must include at least 30 months of clinical experiences. (Core)
	a longitudinal team-based continuity experience for the duration of the program;		The educational program for all residents must include a longitudinal team-
IV.C.3.b)	(Core)	4.11.b.	based continuity experience for the duration of the program. (Core)
IV.C.3.c)	foundational experience in internal medicine, including:	4.11.c.	The educational program for all residents must include foundational experience in internal medicine, including:
IV.C.3.c).(1)	at least 10 months of clinical experiences in the outpatient setting; (Core)	4.11.c.1.	at least 10 months of clinical experiences in the outpatient setting; (Core)
IV.C.3.c).(2)	at least 10 months of clinical experiences in the inpatient and critical care settings; (Core)	4.11.c.2.	at least 10 months of clinical experiences in the inpatient and critical care settings; (Core)
IV.C.3.c).(2).(a)	Critical care experiences must be a minimum of two months and a maximum of six months and must not occur solely in the PGY-1. (Core)	4.11.c.2.a.	Critical care experiences must be a minimum of two months and a maximum of six months and must not occur solely in the PGY-1. (Core)

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IV.C.3.c).(3)	clinical experiences in each of the internal medicine subspecialties; and, (Core)	4.11.c.3.	clinical experiences in each of the internal medicine subspecialties; and, (Core)
IV.C.3.c).(4)	clinical experiences in geriatric medicine, hospice and palliative medicine, addiction medicine, emergency medicine, and neurology. (Core)	4.11.c.4.	clinical experiences in geriatric medicine, hospice and palliative medicine, addiction medicine, emergency medicine, and neurology. (Core)
IV.C.3.d)	at least six months of individualized educational experiences to participate in opportunities relevant to their future practice or to further skill/competency development in the foundational areas. (Core)	4.11.d.	The educational program for all residents must include at least six months of individualized educational experiences to participate in opportunities relevant to their future practice or to further skill/competency development in the foundational areas. (Core)
IV.C.4.	While on inpatient rotations:	4.11.e.	While on inpatient rotations:
IV.C.4.a)	residents' responsibilities must be limited to patients for whom the teaching team has diagnostic and therapeutic responsibility; (Core)	4.11.e.1.	residents' responsibilities must be limited to patients for whom the teaching team has diagnostic and therapeutic responsibility; (Core)
IV.C.4.b)	programs must monitor and limit the number of resident-attending relationships to ensure that communication and education is not compromised; (Core)	4.11.e.2.	programs must monitor and limit the number of resident-attending relationships to ensure that communication and education is not compromised; (Core)
IV.C.4.c)	non-physician faculty members must not supervise internal medicine residents on inpatient rotations; (Core)	4.11.e.3.	non-physician faculty members must not supervise internal medicine residents on inpatient rotations; (Core)
IV.C.4.d)	residents from other specialties must not supervise internal medicine residents on any internal medicine inpatient rotation; (Core)	4.11.e.4.	residents from other specialties must not supervise internal medicine residents on any internal medicine inpatient rotation; (Core)
IV.C.4.e)	the resident team and each attending physician must have the responsibility to make management rounds on their patients and communicate effectively with each other at a frequency appropriate to the changing care needs of the patients; (Core)	4.11.e.5.	the resident team and each attending physician must have the responsibility to make management rounds on their patients and communicate effectively with each other at a frequency appropriate to the changing care needs of the patients; (Core)
IV.C.4.f)	residents must write all orders for patients under their care, with appropriate supervision by the attending physician; (Core)	4.11.e.6.	residents must write all orders for patients under their care, with appropriate supervision by the attending physician; (Core)
IV.C.4.f).(1)	In those circumstances when another attending physician or consultant writes an order on a resident's patient, the attending or consultant must communicate the action to the resident in a timely manner. (Core)	4.11.e.6.a.	In those circumstances when another attending physician or consultant writes an order on a resident's patient, the attending or consultant must communicate the action to the resident in a timely manner. (Core)
IV.C.4.g)	PGY-1 residents must not be assigned more than five new patients per admitting day; (Core)	4.11.e.7.	PGY-1 residents must not be assigned more than five new patients per admitting day; (Core)
IV.C.4.g).(1)	an additional two patients may be assigned if they are in-house transfers from the medical services. (Core)	4.11.e.7.a.	an additional two patients may be assigned if they are in-house transfers from the medical services. (Core)
IV.C.4.h)	PGY-1 residents must not be assigned more than eight new patients in a 48-hour period; (Core)	4.11.e.8.	PGY-1 residents must not be assigned more than eight new patients in a 48-hour period; (Core)
IV.C.4.i)	PGY-1 residents must not be responsible for the ongoing care of more than 10 patients; (Core)	4.11.e.9.	PGY-1 residents must not be responsible for the ongoing care of more than 10 patients; (Core)
IV.C.4.j)	when supervising more than one PGY-1 resident, the PGY-2 or PGY-3 supervising resident must not be responsible for the supervision or admission of more than 10 new patients and four transfer patients per admitting day or more than 16 new patients in a 48-hour period; (Core)	4.11.e.10.	when supervising more than one PGY-1 resident, the PGY-2 or PGY-3 supervising resident must not be responsible for the supervision or admission of more than 10 new patients and four transfer patients per admitting day or more than 16 new patients in a 48-hour period; (Core)
IV.C.4.k)	when supervising one PGY-1 resident, the PGY-2 or PGY-3 supervising resident must not be responsible for the ongoing care of more than 14 patients; and, (Core)	4.11.e.11.	when supervising one PGY-1 resident, the PGY-2 or PGY-3 supervising resident must not be responsible for the ongoing care of more than 14 patients; and, (Core)
IV.C.4.I)	when supervising more than one PGY-1 resident, the PGY-2 or PGY-3 supervising resident must not be responsible for the ongoing care of more than 20 patients. (Core)	4.11.e.12.	when supervising more than one PGY-1 resident, the PGY-2 or PGY-3 supervising resident must not be responsible for the ongoing care of more than 20 patients. (Core)
IV.C.5.	While on outpatient rotations:	4.11.f.	While on outpatient rotations:

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IV.C.5.a)	residents must have clinical experiences in chronic disease management, preventive health, patient counseling, and common acute ambulatory problems; and, (Core)	4.11.f.1.	residents must have clinical experiences in chronic disease management, preventive health, patient counseling, and common acute ambulatory problems; and, (Core)
IV.C.5.b)	residents must have a longitudinal, team-based, continuity experience for the duration of the educational program through which they develop a long-term therapeutic relationship with a panel of patients. (Core)	4.11.f.2.	residents must have a longitudinal, team-based, continuity experience for the duration of the educational program through which they develop a long-term therapeutic relationship with a panel of patients. (Core)
IV.C.5.b).(1)	Residents must serve as the primary physician for a panel of patients, with responsibility for chronic disease management, management of acute health problems, and preventive health care for their patients. (Core)	4.11.f.2.a.	Residents must serve as the primary physician for a panel of patients, with responsibility for chronic disease management, management of acute health problems, and preventive health care for their patients. (Core)
IV.C.5.b).(2)	Residents must participate in the coordination of care of patients across health care settings and between outpatient visits. (Core)	4.11.f.2.b.	Residents must participate in the coordination of care of patients across health care settings and between outpatient visits. (Core)
IV.C.5.b).(3)	Residents must be supervised and taught by faculty members with whom they have developed a longitudinal relationship. (Core)	4.11.f.2.c.	Residents must be supervised and taught by faculty members with whom they have developed a longitudinal relationship. (Core)
IV.C.5.b).(4)	Faculty members must maintain a ratio of residents or other learners to faculty preceptors not to exceed four to one; (Detail)	4.11.f.2.d.	Faculty members must maintain a ratio of residents or other learners to faculty preceptors not to exceed four to one; (Detail)
IV.C.5.b).(4).(a)	Faculty members must not have other patient care responsibilities while supervising more than two residents or other learners. (Detail)	4.11.f.2.d.1.	Faculty members must not have other patient care responsibilities while supervising more than two residents or other learners. (Detail)
IV.C.6.	Required Didactic Experiences	4.11.g.	Required Didactic Experiences The educational program must include didactic instruction based upon the core knowledge content of internal medicine. (Core)
IV.C.6.a)	The educational program must include didactic instruction based upon the core knowledge content of internal medicine. (Core)	4.11.g.	Required Didactic Experiences The educational program must include didactic instruction based upon the core knowledge content of internal medicine. (Core)
IV.C.6.a).(1)	Residents must participate in diverse teaching conferences or didactic sessions,	4.11.g.1.	Residents must participate in diverse teaching conferences or didactic sessions, including those dedicated to quality improvement. (Core)
IV.C.6.a).(2)	The program must ensure that residents have the opportunity to review all	4.11.g.2.	The program must ensure that residents have the opportunity to review all knowledge content from conferences they could not attend. (Core)
IV.C.6.a).(3)	Residents' educational experience must include didactic sessions in which residents interact with other residents and faculty members. (Core)	4.11.g.3.	Residents' educational experience must include didactic sessions in which residents interact with other residents and faculty members. (Core)
IV.C.6.a).(3).(a)	The frequency of these sessions must be sufficient for peer-to-peer and peer-to-faculty member interaction. (Core)	4.11.g.3.a.	The frequency of these sessions must be sufficient for peer-to-peer and peer-to-faculty member interaction. (Core)
IV.C.6.a).(4)	Residents must be provided a patient or case-based approach to clinical teaching:	4.11.g.4.	Residents must be provided a patient or case-based approach to clinical teaching:
IV.C.6.a).(4).(a)	on all inpatient, outpatient, telemedicine, and consultative services; (Core)	4.11.g.4.a.	on all inpatient, outpatient, telemedicine, and consultative services; (Core)
IV.C.6.a).(4).(b)	with a frequency and duration sufficient to ensure a meaningful and continuous teaching relationship between the assigned teaching faculty member and the resident; and, (Core)	4.11.g.4.b.	with a frequency and duration sufficient to ensure a meaningful and continuous teaching relationship between the assigned teaching faculty member and the resident; and, (Core)
IV.C.6.a).(4).(c)	that includes interactions between resident and the teaching faculty member, bedside teaching, discussion of pathophysiology, and the application of current	4.11.g.4.c.	that includes interactions between resident and the teaching faculty member, bedside teaching, discussion of pathophysiology, and the application of current evidence in diagnostic and therapeutic decisions. (Core)

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	Medicine is both an art and a science. The physician is a humanistic scientist who cares for patients. This requires the ability to think critically, evaluate the literature, appropriately assimilate new knowledge, and practice lifelong learning. The program and faculty must create an environment that fosters the acquisition of such skills through resident participation in scholarly activities. Scholarly activities may include discovery, integration, application, and teaching.		Scholarship Medicine is both an art and a science. The physician is a humanistic scientist who cares for patients. This requires the ability to think critically, evaluate the literature, appropriately assimilate new knowledge, and practice lifelong learning. The program and faculty must create an environment that fosters the acquisition of such skills through resident participation in scholarly activities. Scholarly activities may include discovery, integration, application, and teaching.
IV.D.	The ACGME recognizes the diversity of residencies and anticipates that programs prepare physicians for a variety of roles, including clinicians, scientists, and educators. It is expected that the program's scholarship will reflect its mission(s) and aims, and the needs of the community it serves. For example, some programs may concentrate their scholarly activity on quality improvement, population health, and/or teaching, while other programs might choose to utilize more classic forms of biomedical research as the focus for scholarship.	[None]	The ACGME recognizes the diversity of residencies and anticipates that programs prepare physicians for a variety of roles, including clinicians, scientists, and educators. It is expected that the program's scholarship will reflect its mission(s) and aims, and the needs of the community it serves. For example, some programs may concentrate their scholarly activity on quality improvement, population health, and/or teaching, while other programs might choose to utilize more classic forms of biomedical research as the focus for scholarship.
IV.D.1.	Program Responsibilities	4.13.	Program Responsibilities The program must demonstrate evidence of scholarly activities consistent with its mission(s) and aims. (Core)
IV.D.1.a)	The program must demonstrate evidence of scholarly activities consistent with its mission(s) and aims. (Core)	4.13.	Program Responsibilities The program must demonstrate evidence of scholarly activities consistent with its mission(s) and aims. (Core)
IV.D.1.b)	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must allocate adequate resources to facilitate resident and faculty involvement in scholarly activities. (Core)	4.13.a.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must allocate adequate resources to facilitate resident and faculty involvement in scholarly activities. (Core)
IV.D.1.c)	The program must advance residents' knowledge and practice of the scholarly approach to evidence-based patient care. (Core)	4.13.b.	The program must advance residents' knowledge and practice of the scholarly approach to evidence-based patient care. (Core)
			Faculty Scholarly Activity Among their scholarly activity, programs must demonstrate accomplishments in at least three of the following domains: (Core)
			 Research in basic science, education, translational science, patient care, or population health Peer-reviewed grants Quality improvement and/or patient safety initiatives Systematic reviews, meta-analyses, review articles, chapters in medical textbooks, or case reports
			 Creation of curricula, evaluation tools, didactic educational activities, or electronic educational materials Contribution to professional committees, educational organizations, or editorial boards
IV.D.2.	Faculty Scholarly Activity	4.14.	• Innovations in education

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	Among their scholarly activity, programs must demonstrate accomplishments in at least three of the following domains: (Core)		Faculty Scholarly Activity Among their scholarly activity, programs must demonstrate accomplishments in at least three of the following domains: (Core)
IV.D.2.a)	 Research in basic science, education, translational science, patient care, or population health Peer-reviewed grants Quality improvement and/or patient safety initiatives Systematic reviews, meta-analyses, review articles, chapters in medical textbooks, or case reports Creation of curricula, evaluation tools, didactic educational activities, or electronic educational materials Contribution to professional committees, educational organizations, or editorial boards Innovations in education 	4.14.	 Research in basic science, education, translational science, patient care, or population health Peer-reviewed grants Quality improvement and/or patient safety initiatives Systematic reviews, meta-analyses, review articles, chapters in medical textbooks, or case reports Creation of curricula, evaluation tools, didactic educational activities, or electronic educational materials Contribution to professional committees, educational organizations, or editorial boards Innovations in education
Ιν.υ.Σ.α)	- innovations in education	7.17.	The program must demonstrate dissemination of scholarly activity within
IV.D.2.b)	The program must demonstrate dissemination of scholarly activity within and external to the program by the following methods:	4.14. a.	 faculty participation in grand rounds, posters, workshops, quality improvement presentations, podium presentations, grant leadership, non-peer-reviewed print/electronic resources, articles or publications, book chapters, textbooks, webinars, service on professional committees, or serving as a journal reviewer, journal editorial board member, or editor; (Outcome)
IV.D.2.b).(1)	faculty participation in grand rounds, posters, workshops, quality improvement presentations, podium presentations, grant leadership, non-peer-reviewed print/electronic resources, articles or publications, book chapters, textbooks, webinars, service on professional committees, or serving as a journal reviewer, journal editorial board member, or editor; (Outcome)	4.14.a.	The program must demonstrate dissemination of scholarly activity within and external to the program by the following methods: • faculty participation in grand rounds, posters, workshops, quality improvement presentations, podium presentations, grant leadership, non-peer-reviewed print/electronic resources, articles or publications, book chapters, textbooks, webinars, service on professional committees, or serving as a journal reviewer, journal editorial board member, or editor; (Outcome)
, , ,			Resident Scholarly Activity
IV.D.3.	Resident Scholarly Activity	4.15.	Residents must participate in scholarship. (Core)
IV.D.3.a)	Residents must participate in scholarship. (Core)	4.15.	Resident Scholarly Activity Residents must participate in scholarship. (Core)
IV.D.3.a).(1)	A program's graduates must demonstrate dissemination of scholarship within or external to the program by any of the following methods: (Core)	4.15.a.	A program's graduates must demonstrate dissemination of scholarship within or external to the program by any of the following methods: (Core)
IV.D.3.a).(1).(a)	presenting in grand rounds, poster sessions, leading conference presentations (journal club, morbidity and mortality, case conferences); workshops; quality improvement presentations; podium presentations; grant leadership; non-peer-reviewed print/electronic resources; articles or publications; book chapters; textbooks; webinars; service on professional committees; or serving as a journal reviewer, journal editorial board member, or editor. (Core)	4.15.a.1.	presenting in grand rounds, poster sessions, leading conference presentations (journal club, morbidity and mortality, case conferences); workshops; quality improvement presentations; podium presentations; grant leadership; non-peer-reviewed print/electronic resources; articles or publications; book chapters; textbooks; webinars; service on professional committees; or serving as a journal reviewer, journal editorial board member, or editor. (Core)
V.	Evaluation	Section 5	Section 5: Evaluation

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Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Requirement Language
V.A.	Resident Evaluation	5.1.	Resident Evaluation: Feedback and Evaluation Faculty members must directly observe, evaluate, and frequently provide feedback on resident performance during each rotation or similar educational assignment. (Core)
V.A.1.	Feedback and Evaluation	5.1.	Resident Evaluation: Feedback and Evaluation Faculty members must directly observe, evaluate, and frequently provide feedback on resident performance during each rotation or similar educational assignment. (Core)
V.A.1.a)	Faculty members must directly observe, evaluate, and frequently provide feedback on resident performance during each rotation or similar educational assignment. (Core)	5.1.	Resident Evaluation: Feedback and Evaluation Faculty members must directly observe, evaluate, and frequently provide feedback on resident performance during each rotation or similar educational assignment. (Core)
V.A.1.b)	Evaluation must be documented at the completion of the assignment. (Core)	5.1.a.	Evaluation must be documented at the completion of the assignment. (Core)
V.A.1.b).(1)	For block rotations of greater than three months in duration, evaluation must be documented at least every three months. (Core)	5.1.a.1.	For block rotations of greater than three months in duration, evaluation must be documented at least every three months. (Core)
V.A.1.b).(2)	Longitudinal experiences, such as continuity clinic in the context of other clinical responsibilities, must be evaluated at least every three months and at completion. (Core)	5.1.a.2.	Longitudinal experiences, such as continuity clinic in the context of other clinical responsibilities, must be evaluated at least every three months and at completion. (Core)
V.A.1.c)	The program must provide an objective performance evaluation based on the Competencies and the specialty-specific Milestones, and must: (Core)	5.1.b.	The program must provide an objective performance evaluation based on the Competencies and the specialty-specific Milestones. (Core)
V.A.1.c).(1)	use multiple evaluators (e.g., faculty members, peers, patients, self, and other professional staff members); and, (Core)	5.1.b.1.	The program must use multiple evaluators (e.g., faculty members, peers, patients, self, and other professional staff members). (Core)
V.A.1.c).(2)	provide that information to the Clinical Competency Committee for its synthesis of progressive resident performance and improvement toward unsupervised practice. (Core)	5.1.b.2.	The program must provide that information to the Clinical Competency Committee for its synthesis of progressive resident performance and improvement toward unsupervised practice. (Core)
V.A.1.d)	The program director or their designee, with input from the Clinical Competency Committee, must:	[None]	
V.A.1.d).(1)	meet with and review with each resident their documented semi-annual evaluation of performance, including progress along the specialty-specific Milestones; (Core)	5.1.c.	The program director or their designee, with input from the Clinical Competency Committee, must meet with and review with each resident their documented semi-annual evaluation of performance, including progress along the specialty-specific Milestones. (Core)
V.A.1.d).(2)	assist residents in developing individualized learning plans to capitalize on their strengths and identify areas for growth; and, (Core)	5.1.d.	The program director or their designee, with input from the Clinical Competency Committee, must assist residents in developing individualized learning plans to capitalize on their strengths and identify areas for growth. (Core)
V.A.1.d).(3)	develop plans for residents failing to progress, following institutional policies and procedures. (Core)	5.1.e.	The program director or their designee, with input from the Clinical Competency Committee, must develop plans for residents failing to progress, following institutional policies and procedures. (Core)
V.A.1.e)	At least annually, there must be a summative evaluation of each resident that includes their readiness to progress to the next year of the program, if applicable. (Core)	5.1.f.	At least annually, there must be a summative evaluation of each resident that includes their readiness to progress to the next year of the program, it applicable. (Core)
V.A.1.f)	The evaluations of a resident's performance must be accessible for review	5.1.g.	The evaluations of a resident's performance must be accessible for review by the resident. (Core)

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V.A.1.g)	The program must assess residents' skills in data gathering and analysis, physical examination, clinical reasoning, patient management, and procedures in all clinical settings. (Core)	5.1.h.	The program must assess residents' skills in data gathering and analysis, physical examination, clinical reasoning, patient management, and procedures in all clinical settings. (Core)
			Resident Evaluation: Final Evaluation
V.A.2.	Final Evaluation	5.2.	The program director must provide a final evaluation for each resident upon completion of the program. (Core)
			Resident Evaluation: Final Evaluation
V.A.2.a)	The program director must provide a final evaluation for each resident upon completion of the program. (Core)	5.2.	The program director must provide a final evaluation for each resident upon completion of the program. (Core)
V.A.2.a).(1)	The specialty-specific Milestones, and when applicable the specialty-specific Case Logs, must be used as tools to ensure residents are able to engage in autonomous practice upon completion of the program. (Core)	5.2.a.	The specialty-specific Milestones, and when applicable the specialty-specific Case Logs, must be used as tools to ensure residents are able to engage in autonomous practice upon completion of the program. (Core)
V.A.2.a).(2)	The final evaluation must:	[None]	engage in autonomous prastice apon completion of the program (core)
V.A.2.a).(2).(a)	become part of the resident's permanent record maintained by the institution, and must be accessible for review by the resident in accordance with institutional policy; (Core)	5.2.b.	The final evaluation must become part of the resident's permanent record maintained by the institution, and must be accessible for review by the resident in accordance with institutional policy. (Core)
V.A.2.a).(2).(b)	verify that the resident has demonstrated the knowledge, skills, and behaviors necessary to enter autonomous practice; and, (Core)	5.2.c.	The final evaluation must verify that the resident has demonstrated the knowledge, skills, and behaviors necessary to enter autonomous practice. (Core)
V.A.2.a).(2).(c)	be shared with the resident upon completion of the program. (Core)	5.2.d.	The final evaluation must be shared with the resident upon completion of the program. (Core)
V.A.3.	A Clinical Competency Committee must be appointed by the program director. (Core)	5.3.	Clinical Competency Committee A Clinical Competency Committee must be appointed by the program director. (Core)
V.A.3.a)	At a minimum, the Clinical Competency Committee must include three members of the program faculty, at least one of whom is a core faculty member. (Core)	5.3.a.	At a minimum, the Clinical Competency Committee must include three members of the program faculty, at least one of whom is a core faculty member. (Core)
V.A.3.a).(1)	Additional members must be faculty members from the same program or other programs, or other health professionals who have extensive contact and experience with the program's residents. (Core)	5.3.b.	Additional members must be faculty members from the same program or other programs, or other health professionals who have extensive contact and experience with the program's residents. (Core)
V.A.3.b)	The Clinical Competency Committee must:	[None]	
V.A.3.b).(1)	review all resident evaluations at least semi-annually; (Core)	5.3.c.	The Clinical Competency Committee must review all resident evaluations at least semi-annually. (Core)
V.A.3.b).(2)	determine each resident's progress on achievement of the specialty- specific Milestones; and, (Core)	5.3.d.	The Clinical Competency Committee must determine each resident's progress on achievement of the specialty-specific Milestones. (Core)
V.A.3.b).(3)	meet prior to the residents' semi-annual evaluations and advise the program director regarding each resident's progress. (Core)	5.3.e.	The Clinical Competency Committee must meet prior to the residents' semi-annual evaluations and advise the program director regarding each resident's progress. (Core)
V.B.	Faculty Evaluation	5.4.	Faculty Evaluation The program must have a process to evaluate each faculty member's performance as it relates to the educational program at least annually. (Core)

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Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
V.B.1.	The program must have a process to evaluate each faculty member's performance as it relates to the educational program at least annually. (Core)	5.4.	Faculty Evaluation The program must have a process to evaluate each faculty member's performance as it relates to the educational program at least annually. (Core)
V.B.1.a)	This evaluation must include a review of the faculty member's clinical teaching abilities, engagement with the educational program, participation in faculty development related to their skills as an educator, clinical performance, professionalism, and scholarly activities. (Core)	5.4.a.	This evaluation must include a review of the faculty member's clinical teaching abilities, engagement with the educational program, participation in faculty development related to their skills as an educator, clinical performance, professionalism, and scholarly activities. (Core)
V.B.1.b)	This evaluation must include written, anonymous, and confidential evaluations by the residents. (Core)	5.4.b.	This evaluation must include written, anonymous, and confidential evaluations by the residents. (Core)
V.B.2.	Faculty members must receive feedback on their evaluations at least annually. (Core)	5.4.c.	Faculty members must receive feedback on their evaluations at least annually. (Core)
V.B.3.	Results of the faculty educational evaluations should be incorporated into program-wide faculty development plans. (Core)	5.4.d.	Results of the faculty educational evaluations should be incorporated into program-wide faculty development plans. (Core)
V.C.	Program Evaluation and Improvement	5.5.	Program Evaluation and Improvement The program director must appoint the Program Evaluation Committee to conduct and document the Annual Program Evaluation as part of the program's continuous improvement process. (Core)
V.C.1.	The program director must appoint the Program Evaluation Committee to conduct and document the Annual Program Evaluation as part of the	5.5.	Program Evaluation and Improvement The program director must appoint the Program Evaluation Committee to conduct and document the Annual Program Evaluation as part of the program's continuous improvement process. (Core)
V.C.1.a)	The Program Evaluation Committee must be composed of at least two program faculty members, at least one of whom is a core faculty member,	5.5.a.	The Program Evaluation Committee must be composed of at least two program faculty members, at least one of whom is a core faculty member,
V.C.1.b)	and at least one resident. (Core) Program Evaluation Committee responsibilities must include:	[None]	and at least one resident. (Core)
V.C.1.b)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	[Idone]	Program Evaluation Committee responsibilities must include review of the
V.C.1.b).(1)	review of the program's self-determined goals and progress toward meeting them; (Core)	5.5.b.	program's self-determined goals and progress toward meeting them. (Core)
V.C.1.b).(2)	guiding ongoing program improvement, including development of new	5.5.c.	Program Evaluation Committee responsibilities must include guiding ongoing program improvement, including development of new goals, based upon outcomes. (Core)
V.C.1.b).(3)	review of the current operating environment to identify strengths, challenges, opportunities, and threats as related to the program's mission and aims. (Core)	5.5.d.	Program Evaluation Committee responsibilities must include review of the current operating environment to identify strengths, challenges, opportunities, and threats as related to the program's mission and aims. (Core)
V.C.1.c)	The Program Evaluation Committee should consider the outcomes from prior Annual Program Evaluation(s), aggregate resident and faculty written evaluations of the program, and other relevant data in its assessment of the program. (Core)	5.5.e.	The Program Evaluation Committee should consider the outcomes from prior Annual Program Evaluation(s), aggregate resident and faculty written evaluations of the program, and other relevant data in its assessment of the program. (Core)
V.C.1.d)	The Program Evaluation Committee must evaluate the program's mission	5.5.f.	The Program Evaluation Committee must evaluate the program's mission and aims, strengths, areas for improvement, and threats. (Core)
v.C.1.e)	The Annual Program Evaluation, including the action plan, must be distributed to and discussed with the residents and the members of the	5.5.g.	The Annual Program Evaluation, including the action plan, must be distributed to and discussed with the residents and the members of the teaching faculty, and be submitted to the DIO. (Core)
V.C.2.	The program must complete a Self-Study and submit it to the DIO. (Core)	5.5.h.	The program must complete a Self-Study and submit it to the DIO. (Core)

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	One goal of ACGME-accredited education is to educate physicians who seek and achieve board certification. One measure of the effectiveness of the educational program is the ultimate pass rate.	•	Board Certification One goal of ACGME-accredited education is to educate physicians who seek and achieve board certification. One measure of the effectiveness of the educational program is the ultimate pass rate.
V.C.3.	The program director should encourage all eligible program graduates to take the certifying examination offered by the applicable American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS) member board or American Osteopathic Association (AOA) certifying board.	[None]	The program director should encourage all eligible program graduates to take the certifying examination offered by the applicable American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS) member board or American Osteopathic Association (AOA) certifying board.
V.C.3.a)	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) an annual written exam, in the preceding three years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)	5.6.	Board Certification For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) an annual written exam, in the preceding three years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)
V.C.3.b)	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) a biennial written exam, in the preceding six years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)	5.6.a.	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) a biennial written exam, in the preceding six years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)
V.C.3.c)	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) an annual oral exam, in the preceding three years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)	5.6.b.	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) an annual oral exam, in the preceding three years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)
V.C.3.d)	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) a biennial oral exam, in the preceding six years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)	5.6.c.	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) a biennial oral exam, in the preceding six years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)
V.C.3.e)	For each of the exams referenced in V.C.3.a)-d), any program whose graduates over the time period specified in the requirement have achieved an 80 percent pass rate will have met this requirement, no matter the percentile rank of the program for pass rate in that specialty. (Outcome)	5.6.d.	For each of the exams referenced in 5.6.ac., any program whose graduates over the time period specified in the requirement have achieved an 80 percent pass rate will have met this requirement, no matter the percentile rank of the program for pass rate in that specialty. (Outcome)
V.C.3.f)	Programs must report, in ADS, board certification status annually for the cohort of board-eligible residents that graduated seven years earlier. (Core)	5.6.e.	Programs must report, in ADS, board certification status annually for the cohort of board-eligible residents that graduated seven years earlier. (Core)

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			Section 6: The Learning and Working Environment
	The Learning and Working Environment		The Learning and Working Environment
	Residency education must occur in the context of a learning and working environment that emphasizes the following principles:		Residency education must occur in the context of a learning and working environment that emphasizes the following principles:
	Excellence in the safety and quality of care rendered to patients by residents today		Excellence in the safety and quality of care rendered to patients by residents today
	Excellence in the safety and quality of care rendered to patients by today's residents in their future practice		Excellence in the safety and quality of care rendered to patients by today's residents in their future practice
	Excellence in professionalism		Excellence in professionalism
	Appreciation for the privilege of caring for patients		Appreciation for the privilege of caring for patients
VI.	Commitment to the well-being of the students, residents, faculty members, and all members of the health care team	Section 6	Commitment to the well-being of the students, residents, faculty members, and all members of the health care team
VI.A.	,	[None]	,
VI.A.1.	Patient Safety and Quality Improvement	[None]	
VI.A.1.a)	Patient Safety	[None]	
VI.A.1.a).(1)	A culture of safety requires continuous identification of vulnerabilities and a willingness to transparently deal with them. An effective organization has formal mechanisms to assess the knowledge, skills, and attitudes of its personnel toward safety in order to identify areas for improvement.	[None]	Culture of Safety A culture of safety requires continuous identification of vulnerabilities and a willingness to transparently deal with them. An effective organization has formal mechanisms to assess the knowledge, skills, and attitudes of its personnel toward safety in order to identify areas for improvement.
VI.A.1.a).(1).(a)	The program, its faculty, residents, and fellows must actively participate in patient safety systems and contribute to a culture of safety. (Core)	6.1.	The program, its faculty, residents, and fellows must actively participate in patient safety systems and contribute to a culture of safety. (Core)
	Patient Safety Events Reporting, investigation, and follow-up of safety events, near misses, and unsafe conditions are pivotal mechanisms for improving patient safety, and are essential for the success of any patient safety program. Feedback and experiential learning are essential to developing true competence in the ability to identify causes and institute sustainable systems-based		Patient Safety Events Reporting, investigation, and follow-up of safety events, near misses, and unsafe conditions are pivotal mechanisms for improving patient safety, and are essential for the success of any patient safety program. Feedback and experiential learning are essential to developing true competence in the ability to identify causes and institute sustainable systems-based
VI.A.1.a).(2)		[None]	changes to ameliorate patient safety vulnerabilities.
VI.A.1.a).(2).(a)	Residents, fellows, faculty members, and other clinical staff members must:	[None]	
VI.A.1.a).(2).(a).(i)	know their responsibilities in reporting patient safety events and unsafe conditions at the clinical site, including how to report such events; and,	6.2.	Residents, fellows, faculty members, and other clinical staff members must know their responsibilities in reporting patient safety events and unsafe conditions at the clinical site, including how to report such events. (Core)

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VI.A.1.a).(2).(a).(ii)	be provided with summary information of their institution's patient safety reports. (Core)	6.2.a.	Residents, fellows, faculty members, and other clinical staff members must be provided with summary information of their institution's patient safety reports. (Core)
	Residents must participate as team members in real and/or simulated		Residents must participate as team members in real and/or simulated
	interprofessional clinical patient safety and quality improvement activities,		interprofessional clinical patient safety and quality improvement activities,
	such as root cause analyses or other activities that include analysis, as		such as root cause analyses or other activities that include analysis, as
VI.A.1.a).(2).(b)	well as formulation and implementation of actions. (Core)	6.3.	well as formulation and implementation of actions. (Core)
	Quality Metrics		
			Quality Metrics
	Access to data is essential to prioritizing activities for care improvement		Access to data is essential to prioritizing activities for care improvement
VI.A.1.a).(3)		[None]	and evaluating success of improvement efforts.
	Residents and faculty members must receive data on quality metrics and		Residents and faculty members must receive data on quality metrics and
VI.A.1.a).(3).(a)	benchmarks related to their patient populations. (Core)	6.4.	benchmarks related to their patient populations. (Core)
			Supervision and Accountability Although the attending physician is ultimately responsible for the care of the patient, every physician shares in the responsibility and accountability for their efforts in the provision of care. Effective programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, define, widely communicate, and monitor a structured chain of responsibility and accountability as it relates to the supervision of all patient care. Supervision in the setting of graduate medical education provides safe
VI.A.2.	Supervision and Accountability	[None]	and effective care to patients; ensures each resident's development of the skills, knowledge, and attitudes required to enter the unsupervised practice of medicine; and establishes a foundation for continued professional growth.
	Although the attending physician is ultimately responsible for the care of the patient, every physician shares in the responsibility and accountability for their efforts in the provision of care. Effective programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, define, widely communicate, and monitor a structured chain of responsibility and accountability as it relates to the supervision of all patient care.		Supervision and Accountability Although the attending physician is ultimately responsible for the care of the patient, every physician shares in the responsibility and accountability for their efforts in the provision of care. Effective programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, define, widely communicate, and monitor a structured chain of responsibility and accountability as it relates to the supervision of all patient care.
VI.A.2.a)	Supervision in the setting of graduate medical education provides safe and effective care to patients; ensures each resident's development of the skills, knowledge, and attitudes required to enter the unsupervised practice of medicine; and establishes a foundation for continued professional growth.	[None]	Supervision in the setting of graduate medical education provides safe and effective care to patients; ensures each resident's development of the skills, knowledge, and attitudes required to enter the unsupervised practice of medicine; and establishes a foundation for continued professional growth.
VI.A.2.a).(1)	Residents and faculty members must inform each patient of their respective roles in that patient's care when providing direct patient care. (Core)	6.5.	Residents and faculty members must inform each patient of their respective roles in that patient's care when providing direct patient care. This information must be available to residents, faculty members, other members of the health care team, and patients. (Core)

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VI.A.2.a).(1).(a)	This information must be available to residents, faculty members, other	6.5.	Residents and faculty members must inform each patient of their respective roles in that patient's care when providing direct patient care. This information must be available to residents, faculty members, other members of the health care team, and patients. (Core)
VI.A.2.a).(2)	The program must demonstrate that the appropriate level of supervision in place for all residents is based on each resident's level of training and ability, as well as patient complexity and acuity. Supervision may be exercised through a variety of methods, as appropriate to the situation. (Core)	6.6.	The program must demonstrate that the appropriate level of supervision in place for all residents is based on each resident's level of training and ability, as well as patient complexity and acuity. Supervision may be exercised through a variety of methods, as appropriate to the situation. (Core)
	Levels of Supervision		
VI.A.2.b)	To promote appropriate resident supervision while providing for graded authority and responsibility, the program must use the following classification of supervision:	[None]	Levels of Supervision To promote appropriate resident supervision while providing for graded authority and responsibility, the program must use the following classification of supervision.
			Direct Supervision The supervising physician is physically present with the resident during the key portions of the patient interaction.
VI.A.2.b).(1)	Direct Supervision:	6.7.	The supervising physician and/or patient is not physically present with the resident and the supervising physician is concurrently monitoring the patient care through appropriate telecommunication technology.
			Direct Supervision The supervising physician is physically present with the resident during the key portions of the patient interaction.
VI.A.2.b).(1).(a)	the supervising physician is physically present with the resident during the key portions of the patient interaction; or,	6.7.	The supervising physician and/or patient is not physically present with the resident and the supervising physician is concurrently monitoring the patient care through appropriate telecommunication technology.
VI.A.2.b).(1).(a).(i)	PGY-1 residents must initially be supervised directly, only as described in VI.A.2.b).(1).(a). (Core)	6.7.a.	PGY-1 residents must initially be supervised directly, only as described in the above definition. (Core)
VI.A.2.b).(1).(a).(i).(a)	A supervising physician must be immediately available to be physically present for PGY-1 residents on inpatient rotations who have demonstrated the skills	6.7.a.1.	A supervising physician must be immediately available to be physically present for PGY-1 residents on inpatient rotations who have demonstrated the skills sufficient to progress to indirect supervision. (Core)
			Direct Supervision The supervising physician is physically present with the resident during the key portions of the patient interaction.
VI.A.2.b).(1).(b)	the supervising physician and/or patient is not physically present with the resident and the supervising physician is concurrently monitoring the patient care through appropriate telecommunication technology.	6.7.	The supervising physician and/or patient is not physically present with the resident and the supervising physician is concurrently monitoring the patient care through appropriate telecommunication technology.
	Indirect Supervision: the supervising physician is not providing physical or concurrent visual or audio supervision but is immediately available to the resident for guidance and is available to provide appropriate direct		Indirect Supervision The supervising physician is not providing physical or concurrent visual or audio supervision but is immediately available to the resident for
VI.A.2.b).(2)	supervision.	[None]	guidance and is available to provide appropriate direct supervision.

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VI.A.2.b).(3)	Oversight – the supervising physician is available to provide review of	[None]	Oversight The supervising physician is available to provide review of procedures/encounters with feedback provided after care is delivered.
VI.A.2.c)	The program must define when physical presence of a supervising physician is required. (Core)	6.8.	The program must define when physical presence of a supervising physician is required. (Core)
VI.A.2.d)	The privilege of progressive authority and responsibility, conditional independence, and a supervisory role in patient care delegated to each resident must be assigned by the program director and faculty members. (Core)	6.9.	The privilege of progressive authority and responsibility, conditional independence, and a supervisory role in patient care delegated to each resident must be assigned by the program director and faculty members. (Core)
VI.A.2.d).(1)	The program director must evaluate each resident's abilities based on specific criteria, guided by the Milestones. (Core)	6.9.a.	The program director must evaluate each resident's abilities based on specific criteria, guided by the Milestones. (Core)
VI.A.2.d).(2)	Faculty members functioning as supervising physicians must delegate portions of care to residents based on the needs of the patient and the skills of each resident. (Core)	6.9.b.	Faculty members functioning as supervising physicians must delegate portions of care to residents based on the needs of the patient and the skills of each resident. (Core)
VI.A.2.d).(3)	Senior residents or fellows should serve in a supervisory role to junior residents in recognition of their progress toward independence, based on the needs of each patient and the skills of the individual resident or fellow. (Detail)	6.9.c.	Senior residents or fellows should serve in a supervisory role to junior residents in recognition of their progress toward independence, based on the needs of each patient and the skills of the individual resident or fellow. (Detail)
VI.A.2.e)	Programs must set guidelines for circumstances and events in which residents must communicate with the supervising faculty member(s). (Core)	6.10.	Programs must set guidelines for circumstances and events in which residents must communicate with the supervising faculty member(s). (Core)
VI.A.2.e).(1)	Each resident must know the limits of their scope of authority, and the circumstances under which the resident is permitted to act with conditional independence. (Outcome)	6.10.a.	Each resident must know the limits of their scope of authority, and the circumstances under which the resident is permitted to act with conditional independence. (Outcome)
VI.A.2.f)	Faculty supervision assignments must be of sufficient duration to assess the knowledge and skills of each resident and to delegate to the resident the appropriate level of patient care authority and responsibility. (Core)	6.11.	Faculty supervision assignments must be of sufficient duration to assess the knowledge and skills of each resident and to delegate to the resident the appropriate level of patient care authority and responsibility. (Core)
VI.B.	Professionalism	6.12.	Professionalism Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must educate residents and faculty members concerning the professional and ethical responsibilities of physicians, including but not limited to their obligation to be appropriately rested and fit to provide the care required by their patients. (Core)
VI.B.1.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must educate residents and faculty members concerning the professional and ethical responsibilities of physicians, including but not limited to their obligation to be appropriately rested and fit to provide the care required by their patients. (Core)	6.12.	Professionalism Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must educate residents and faculty members concerning the professional and ethical responsibilities of physicians, including but not limited to their obligation to be appropriately rested and fit to provide the care required by their patients. (Core)
VI.B.2.	The learning objectives of the program must:	[None]	pullonia. (Oole)
·	be accomplished without excessive reliance on residents to fulfill non-	[The learning objectives of the program must be accomplished without
VI.B.2.a)		6.12.a.	excessive reliance on residents to fulfill non-physician obligations. (Core) The learning objectives of the program must ensure manageable patient
VI.B.2.b)	ensure manageable patient care responsibilities; and, (Core)	6.12.b.	care responsibilities. (Core)

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VI.B.2.c)	include efforts to enhance the meaning that each resident finds in the experience of being a physician, including protecting time with patients, providing administrative support, promoting progressive independence and flexibility, and enhancing professional relationships. (Core)	6.12.c.	The learning objectives of the program must include efforts to enhance the meaning that each resident finds in the experience of being a physician, including protecting time with patients, providing administrative support, promoting progressive independence and flexibility, and enhancing professional relationships. (Core)
VI.B.3.	The program director, in partnership with the Sponsoring Institution, must provide a culture of professionalism that supports patient safety and personal responsibility. (Core)	6.12.d.	The program director, in partnership with the Sponsoring Institution, must provide a culture of professionalism that supports patient safety and personal responsibility. (Core)
VI.B.4.	Residents and faculty members must demonstrate an understanding of their personal role in the safety and welfare of patients entrusted to their care, including the ability to report unsafe conditions and safety events. (Core)	6.12.e.	Residents and faculty members must demonstrate an understanding of their personal role in the safety and welfare of patients entrusted to their care, including the ability to report unsafe conditions and safety events. (Core)
VI.B.5.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must provide a professional, equitable, respectful, and civil environment that is psychologically safe and that is free from discrimination, sexual and other forms of harassment, mistreatment, abuse, or coercion of students, residents, faculty, and staff. (Core)	6.12.f.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must provide a professional, equitable, respectful, and civil environment that is psychologically safe and that is free from discrimination, sexual and other forms of harassment, mistreatment, abuse, or coercion of students, residents, faculty, and staff. (Core)
VI.B.6.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, should have a process for education of residents and faculty regarding unprofessional behavior and a confidential process for reporting, investigating, and addressing such concerns. (Core)	6.12.g.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, should have a process for education of residents and faculty regarding unprofessional behavior and a confidential process for reporting, investigating, and addressing such concerns. (Core)
VI.C.	Psychological, emotional, and physical well-being are critical in the development of the competent, caring, and resilient physician and require proactive attention to life inside and outside of medicine. Well-being requires that physicians retain the joy in medicine while managing their own real-life stresses. Self-care and responsibility to support other members of the health care team are important components of professionalism; they are also skills that must be modeled, learned, and nurtured in the context of other aspects of residency training. Residents and faculty members are at risk for burnout and depression. Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, have the same responsibility to address well-being as other aspects of resident competence. Physicians and all members of the health care team share responsibility for the well-being of each other. A positive culture in a clinical learning environment models constructive behaviors, and prepares residents with the skills and attitudes needed to thrive throughout their careers.	[None]	Well-Being Psychological, emotional, and physical well-being are critical in the development of the competent, caring, and resilient physician and require proactive attention to life inside and outside of medicine. Well-being requires that physicians retain the joy in medicine while managing their own real-life stresses. Self-care and responsibility to support other members of the health care team are important components of professionalism; they are also skills that must be modeled, learned, and nurtured in the context of other aspects of residency training. Residents and faculty members are at risk for burnout and depression. Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, have the same responsibility to address well-being as other aspects of resident competence. Physicians and all members of the health care team share responsibility for the well-being of each other. A positive culture in a clinical learning environment models constructive behaviors, and prepares residents with the skills and attitudes needed to thrive throughout their careers.
VI.C.1.	The responsibility of the program, in partnership with the Sponsoring	6.13.	The responsibility of the program, in partnership with the Sponsoring Institution, must include:
VI.C.1.a)	attention to scheduling, work intensity, and work compression that impacts resident well-being; (Core)	6.13.a.	attention to scheduling, work intensity, and work compression that impacts resident well-being; (Core)
VI.C.1.b)	evaluating workplace safety data and addressing the safety of residents and faculty members; (Core)	6.13.b.	evaluating workplace safety data and addressing the safety of residents and faculty members; (Core)

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VI.C.1.c)	policies and programs that encourage optimal resident and faculty member well-being; and, (Core)	6.13.c.	policies and programs that encourage optimal resident and faculty member well-being; and, (Core)
VI.C.1.c).(1)	Residents must be given the opportunity to attend medical, mental health, and dental care appointments, including those scheduled during their working hours. (Core)	6.13.c.1.	Residents must be given the opportunity to attend medical, mental health, and dental care appointments, including those scheduled during their working hours. (Core)
VI.C.1.d)	education of residents and faculty members in:	6.13.d.	education of residents and faculty members in:
VI.C.1.d).(1)	identification of the symptoms of burnout, depression, and substance use disorders, suicidal ideation, or potential for violence, including means to assist those who experience these conditions; (Core)	6.13.d.1.	identification of the symptoms of burnout, depression, and substance use disorders, suicidal ideation, or potential for violence, including means to assist those who experience these conditions; (Core)
VI.C.1.d).(2)	recognition of these symptoms in themselves and how to seek appropriate care; and, (Core)	6.13.d.2.	recognition of these symptoms in themselves and how to seek appropriate care; and, (Core)
VI.C.1.d).(3)	access to appropriate tools for self-screening. (Core)	6.13.d.3.	access to appropriate tools for self-screening. (Core)
VI.C.1.e)	providing access to confidential, affordable mental health assessment, counseling, and treatment, including access to urgent and emergent care 24 hours a day, seven days a week. (Core)	6.13.e.	providing access to confidential, affordable mental health assessment, counseling, and treatment, including access to urgent and emergent care 24 hours a day, seven days a week. (Core)
VI.C.2.	There are circumstances in which residents may be unable to attend work, including but not limited to fatigue, illness, family emergencies, and medical, parental, or caregiver leave. Each program must allow an appropriate length of absence for residents unable to perform their patient care responsibilities. (Core)	6.14.	There are circumstances in which residents may be unable to attend work, including but not limited to fatigue, illness, family emergencies, and medical, parental, or caregiver leave. Each program must allow an appropriate length of absence for residents unable to perform their patient care responsibilities. (Core)
VI.C.2.a)	The program must have policies and procedures in place to ensure coverage of patient care and ensure continuity of patient care. (Core)	6.14.a.	The program must have policies and procedures in place to ensure coverage of patient care and ensure continuity of patient care. (Core)
VI.C.2.b)	These policies must be implemented without fear of negative consequences for the resident who is or was unable to provide the clinical work. (Core)	6.14.b.	These policies must be implemented without fear of negative consequences for the resident who is or was unable to provide the clinical work. (Core)
VI.D.	Fatigue Mitigation	6.15.	Fatigue Mitigation Programs must educate all residents and faculty members in recognition of the signs of fatigue and sleep deprivation, alertness management, and fatigue mitigation processes. (Detail)
VI.D.1.	Programs must educate all residents and faculty members in recognition of the signs of fatigue and sleep deprivation, alertness management, and fatigue mitigation processes. (Detail)	6.15.	Fatigue Mitigation Programs must educate all residents and faculty members in recognition of the signs of fatigue and sleep deprivation, alertness management, and fatigue mitigation processes. (Detail)
VI.D.2.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure adequate sleep facilities and safe transportation options for residents who may be too fatigued to safely return home. (Core)	6.16.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure adequate sleep facilities and safe transportation options for residents who may be too fatigued to safely return home. (Core)
VI.E.	Clinical Responsibilities, Teamwork, and Transitions of Care	[None]	
VI.E.1.	Clinical Responsibilities		
	The clinical responsibilities for each resident must be based on PGY level, patient safety, resident ability, severity and complexity of patient illness/condition, and available support services. (Core)	6.17.	Clinical Responsibilities The clinical responsibilities for each resident must be based on PGY level, patient safety, resident ability, severity and complexity of patient illness/condition, and available support services. (Core)
VI.E.1.a)	Programs must ensure that residents' clinical responsibilities on inpatient rotations are consistent with the requirements in IV.C.4. (Core)	6.17.a.	Programs must ensure that residents' clinical responsibilities on inpatient rotations are consistent with the requirements in 4.11.e. (Core)
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Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
	Teamwork		i i
VI.E.2.	Residents must care for patients in an environment that maximizes communication and promotes safe, interprofessional, team-based care in the specialty and larger health system. (Core)	6.18.	Teamwork Residents must care for patients in an environment that maximizes communication and promotes safe, interprofessional, team-based care in the specialty and larger health system. (Core)
VI.E.2.a)	The program must provide educational experiences that allow residents to interact with and learn from other health care professionals, including physicians in other specialties, advanced practice providers, nurses, social workers, physical therapists, case managers, language interpreters, and dieticians, in order to achieve effective, interdisciplinary, and interprofessional team-based care. (Core)	6.18.a.	The program must provide educational experiences that allow residents to interact with and learn from other health care professionals, including physicians in other specialties, advanced practice providers, nurses, social workers, physical therapists, case managers, language interpreters, and dieticians, in order to achieve effective, interdisciplinary, and interprofessional team-based care. (Core)
VI.E.3.	Transitions of Care	6.19.	Transitions of Care Programs must design clinical assignments to optimize transitions in patient care, including their safety, frequency, and structure. (Core)
VI.E.3.a)	Programs must design clinical assignments to optimize transitions in patient care, including their safety, frequency, and structure. (Core)	6.19.	Transitions of Care Programs must design clinical assignments to optimize transitions in patient care, including their safety, frequency, and structure. (Core)
VI.E.3.b)	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must ensure and monitor effective, structured hand-off processes to facilitate both continuity of care and patient safety. (Core)	6.19.a.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must ensure and monitor effective, structured hand-off processes to facilitate both continuity of care and patient safety. (Core)
VI.E.3.c)	Programs must ensure that residents are competent in communicating with team members in the hand-off process. (Outcome)	6.19.b.	Programs must ensure that residents are competent in communicating with team members in the hand-off process. (Outcome)
VI.F.	Clinical Experience and Education Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must design an effective program structure that is configured to provide residents with educational and clinical experience opportunities, as well as reasonable opportunities for rest and personal activities.	[None]	Clinical Experience and Education Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must design an effective program structure that is configured to provide residents with educational and clinical experience opportunities, as well as reasonable opportunities for rest and personal activities.
VI.F.1.	Maximum Hours of Clinical and Educational Work per Week Clinical and educational work hours must be limited to no more than 80 hours per week, averaged over a four-week period, inclusive of all inhouse clinical and educational activities, clinical work done from home, and all moonlighting. (Core)	6.20.	Maximum Hours of Clinical and Educational Work per Week Clinical and educational work hours must be limited to no more than 80 hours per week, averaged over a four-week period, inclusive of all in- house clinical and educational activities, clinical work done from home, and all moonlighting. (Core)
VI.F.2.	Mandatory Time Free of Clinical Work and Education	6.21.	Mandatory Time Free of Clinical Work and Education Residents should have eight hours off between scheduled clinical work and education periods. (Detail)
VI.F.2.a)	Residents should have eight hours off between scheduled clinical work and education periods. (Detail)	6.21.	Mandatory Time Free of Clinical Work and Education Residents should have eight hours off between scheduled clinical work and education periods. (Detail)
VI.F.2.b)	Residents must have at least 14 hours free of clinical work and education after 24 hours of in-house call. (Core)	6.21.a.	Residents must have at least 14 hours free of clinical work and education after 24 hours of in-house call. (Core)
VI.F.2.c)	Residents must be scheduled for a minimum of one day in seven free of clinical work and required education (when averaged over four weeks). Athome call cannot be assigned on these free days. (Core)	6.21.b.	Residents must be scheduled for a minimum of one day in seven free of clinical work and required education (when averaged over four weeks). Athome call cannot be assigned on these free days. (Core)

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Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Requirement Language
VI.F.3.	Maximum Clinical Work and Education Period Length	6.22.	Maximum Clinical Work and Education Period Length Clinical and educational work periods for residents must not exceed 24 hours of continuous scheduled clinical assignments. (Core)
VI.F.3.a)	Clinical and educational work periods for residents must not exceed 24 hours of continuous scheduled clinical assignments. (Core)	6.22.	Maximum Clinical Work and Education Period Length Clinical and educational work periods for residents must not exceed 24 hours of continuous scheduled clinical assignments. (Core)
VI.F.3.a).(1)	Up to four hours of additional time may be used for activities related to patient safety, such as providing effective transitions of care, and/or resident education. Additional patient care responsibilities must not be assigned to a resident during this time. (Core)	6.22.a.	Up to four hours of additional time may be used for activities related to patient safety, such as providing effective transitions of care, and/or resident education. Additional patient care responsibilities must not be assigned to a resident during this time. (Core)
VI.F.4.	Clinical and Educational Work Hour Exceptions	6.23.	Clinical and Educational Work Hour Exceptions In rare circumstances, after handing off all other responsibilities, a resident, on their own initiative, may elect to remain or return to the clinical site in the following circumstances: to continue to provide care to a single severely ill or unstable patient; to give humanistic attention to the needs of a patient or patient's family; or to attend unique educational events. (Detail)
VI.F.4.a)	In rare circumstances, after handing off all other responsibilities, a resident, on their own initiative, may elect to remain or return to the clinical site in the following circumstances: to continue to provide care to a single severely ill or unstable patient; to give humanistic attention to the needs of a patient or patient's family; or to attend unique educational events. (Detail)	6.23.	Clinical and Educational Work Hour Exceptions In rare circumstances, after handing off all other responsibilities, a resident, on their own initiative, may elect to remain or return to the clinical site in the following circumstances: to continue to provide care to a single severely ill or unstable patient; to give humanistic attention to the needs of a patient or patient's family; or to attend unique educational events. (Detail)
VI.F.4.b)	These additional hours of care or education must be counted toward the 80-hour weekly limit. (Detail)	6.23.a.	These additional hours of care or education must be counted toward the 80-hour weekly limit. (Detail)
	A Review Committee may grant rotation-specific exceptions for up to 10 percent or a maximum of 88 clinical and educational work hours to individual programs based on a sound educational rationale.		A Review Committee may grant rotation-specific exceptions for up to 10 percent or a maximum of 88 clinical and educational work hours to individual programs based on a sound educational rationale.
VI.F.4.c)	The Review Committee for Internal Medicine will not consider requests for exceptions to the 80-hour limit to the resident work week.	6.24.	The Review Committee for Internal Medicine will not consider requests for exceptions to the 80-hour limit to the resident work week.
VI.F.5.	Moonlighting	6.25.	Moonlighting Moonlighting must not interfere with the ability of the resident to achieve the goals and objectives of the educational program, and must not interfere with the resident's fitness for work nor compromise patient safety. (Core)
VI.F.5.a)	Moonlighting must not interfere with the ability of the resident to achieve the goals and objectives of the educational program, and must not interfere with the resident's fitness for work nor compromise patient safety. (Core)	6.25.	Moonlighting Moonlighting must not interfere with the ability of the resident to achieve the goals and objectives of the educational program, and must not interfere with the resident's fitness for work nor compromise patient safety. (Core)
VI.F.5.b)	Time spent by residents in internal and external moonlighting (as defined in the ACGME Glossary of Terms) must be counted toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. (Core)	6.25.a.	Time spent by residents in internal and external moonlighting (as defined in the ACGME Glossary of Terms) must be counted toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. (Core)
VI.F.5.c)	PGY-1 residents are not permitted to moonlight. (Core)	6.25.b.	PGY-1 residents are not permitted to moonlight. (Core)

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VI.F.6.	In-House Night Float Night float must occur within the context of the 80-hour and one-day-off-in-seven requirements. (Core)	6.26.	In-House Night Float Night float must occur within the context of the 80-hour and one-day-off-in-seven requirements. (Core)
VI.F.6.a)	Residents must not be assigned more than two months of night float during any year of the educational program, or more than four months of night float during the course of the residency. (Core)	6.26.a.	Residents must not be assigned more than two months of night float during any year of the educational program, or more than four months of night float during the course of the residency. (Core)
VI.F.6.b)	Residents must not be assigned to more than one month of consecutive night float rotation. (Core)	6.26.b.	Residents must not be assigned to more than one month of consecutive night float rotation. (Core)
VI.F.7.	Maximum In-House On-Call Frequency Residents must be scheduled for in-house call no more frequently than every third night (when averaged over a four-week period). (Core)	6.27.	Maximum In-House On-Call Frequency Residents must be scheduled for in-house call no more frequently than every third night (when averaged over a four-week period). (Core)
VI.F.8.	At-Home Call	6.28.	At-Home Call Time spent on patient care activities by residents on at-home call must count toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. The frequency of at-home call is not subject to the every-third-night limitation, but must satisfy the requirement for one day in seven free of clinical work and education, when averaged over four weeks. (Core)
VI.F.8.a)	Time spent on patient care activities by residents on at-home call must count toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. The frequency of at-home call is not subject to the every-third-night limitation, but must satisfy the requirement for one day in seven free of clinical work and education, when averaged over four weeks. (Core)	6.28.	At-Home Call Time spent on patient care activities by residents on at-home call must count toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. The frequency of at-home call is not subject to the every-third-night limitation, but must satisfy the requirement for one day in seven free of clinical work and education, when averaged over four weeks. (Core)
VI.F.8.a).(1)	At-home call must not be so frequent or taxing as to preclude rest or reasonable personal time for each resident. (Core)	6.28.a.	At-home call must not be so frequent or taxing as to preclude rest or reasonable personal time for each resident. (Core)