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Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Number	Requirement Language
	Definition of Graduate Medical Education		
			Definition of Graduate Medical Education
	Fellowship is advanced graduate medical education beyond a core		Fellowship is advanced graduate medical education beyond a core
	residency program for physicians who desire to enter more specialized practice. Fellowship-trained physicians serve the public by providing		residency program for physicians who desire to enter more specialized practice. Fellowship-trained physicians serve the public by providing
	subspecialty care, which may also include core medical care, acting as a		subspecialty care, which may also include core medical care, acting as a
	community resource for expertise in their field, creating and integrating		community resource for expertise in their field, creating and integrating
	new knowledge into practice, and educating future generations of		new knowledge into practice, and educating future generations of
	physicians. Graduate medical education values the strength that a diverse		physicians. Graduate medical education values the strength that a diverse
	group of physicians brings to medical care, and the importance of		group of physicians brings to medical care, and the importance of
	inclusive and psychologically safe learning environments.		inclusive and psychologically safe learning environments.
	Fellows who have completed residency are able to practice autonomously		Fellows who have completed residency are able to practice autonomously
	in their core specialty. The prior medical experience and expertise of		in their core specialty. The prior medical experience and expertise of
	fellows distinguish them from physicians entering residency. The fellow's		fellows distinguish them from physicians entering residency. The fellow's
	care of patients within the subspecialty is undertaken with appropriate		care of patients within the subspecialty is undertaken with appropriate
	faculty supervision and conditional independence. Faculty members		faculty supervision and conditional independence. Faculty members
	serve as role models of excellence, compassion, cultural sensitivity,		serve as role models of excellence, compassion, cultural sensitivity,
	professionalism, and scholarship. The fellow develops deep medical		professionalism, and scholarship. The fellow develops deep medical
	knowledge, patient care skills, and expertise applicable to their focused area of practice. Fellowship is an intensive program of subspecialty		knowledge, patient care skills, and expertise applicable to their focused area of practice. Fellowship is an intensive program of subspecialty
	clinical and didactic education that focuses on the multidisciplinary care		clinical and didactic education that focuses on the multidisciplinary care
	of patients. Fellowship education is often physically, emotionally, and		of patients. Fellowship education is often physically, emotionally, and
	intellectually demanding, and occurs in a variety of clinical learning		intellectually demanding, and occurs in a variety of clinical learning
	environments committed to graduate medical education and the well-		environments committed to graduate medical education and the well-
	being of patients, residents, fellows, faculty members, students, and all		being of patients, residents, fellows, faculty members, students, and all
Int.A.	members of the health care team.	[None]	members of the health care team.
	In addition to clinical education, many fellowship programs advance		In addition to clinical education, many fellowship programs advance
	fellows' skills as physician-scientists. While the ability to create new knowledge within medicine is not exclusive to fellowship-educated		fellows' skills as physician-scientists. While the ability to create new knowledge within medicine is not exclusive to fellowship-educated
	physicians, the fellowship experience expands a physician's abilities to		physicians, the fellowship experience expands a physician's abilities to
	pursue hypothesis-driven scientific inquiry that results in contributions to		pursue hypothesis-driven scientific inquiry that results in contributions to
	the medical literature and patient care. Beyond the clinical subspecialty		the medical literature and patient care. Beyond the clinical subspecialty
	expertise achieved, fellows develop mentored relationships built on an		expertise achieved, fellows develop mentored relationships built on an
Int.A (Continued)	infrastructure that promotes collaborative research.	[None] - (Continued)	infrastructure that promotes collaborative research.

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	Definition of Subspecialty		
	Medical microbiology is the subspecialty of pathology concerned primarily with the laboratory diagnosis, treatment, and control of infectious diseases. Practitioners of medical microbiology provide: medical, scientific, and administrative direction for diagnostic microbiology laboratories; consultations regarding the pathologic/microbiologic diagnosis of infectious diseases; and		Definition of Subspecialty Medical microbiology is the subspecialty of pathology concerned primarily with the laboratory diagnosis, treatment, and control of infectious diseases. Practitioners of medical microbiology provide: medical, scientific, and administrative direction for diagnostic microbiology laboratories; consultations regarding the pathologic/microbiologic diagnosis of infectious diseases; and
	clinical consultations regarding the selection and interpretation of medical microbiology tests. In addition to these activities, medical microbiologists may direct the infection control program of a health care organization, and participate		clinical consultations regarding the selection and interpretation of medical microbiology tests. In addition to these activities, medical microbiologists may direct the infection control program of a health care organization and participate
	in or direct an antibiotic stewardship committee to optimize the wise use of		in or direct an antibiotic stewardship committee to optimize the wise use of
Int.B.	antimicrobial agents and minimize the emergence of resistance toward these compounds.	[None]	antimicrobial agents and minimize the emergence of resistance toward these compounds.
	Length of Educational Program	[Itono]	ompounde.
Int.C.	The educational program in medical microbiology must be 12 months in length.	4.1.	Length of Program The educational program in medical microbiology must be 12 months in length. (Core)
I.	Oversight	Section 1	Section 1: Oversight
	Sponsoring Institution The Sponsoring Institution is the organization or entity that assumes the ultimate financial and academic responsibility for a program of graduate medical education consistent with the ACGME Institutional Requirements.		Sponsoring Institution The Sponsoring Institution is the organization or entity that assumes the ultimate financial and academic responsibility for a program of graduate medical education consistent with the ACGME Institutional Requirements.
I.A.	When the Sponsoring Institution is not a rotation site for the program, the most commonly utilized site of clinical activity for the program is the primary clinical site.	[None]	When the Sponsoring Institution is not a rotation site for the program, the most commonly utilized site of clinical activity for the program is the primary clinical site.
I.A.1.	The program must be sponsored by one ACGME-accredited Sponsoring Institution. (Core)	1.1.	The program must be sponsored by one ACGME-accredited Sponsoring Institution. (Core)
I.B.	Participating Sites A participating site is an organization providing educational experiences or educational assignments/rotations for fellows.	[None]	Participating Sites A participating site is an organization providing educational experiences or educational assignments/rotations for fellows.
I.B.1.	The program, with approval of its Sponsoring Institution, must designate a primary clinical site. (Core)	1.2.	The program, with approval of its Sponsoring Institution, must designate a primary clinical site. (Core)
I.B.2.	There must be a program letter of agreement (PLA) between the program and each participating site that governs the relationship between the program and the participating site providing a required assignment. (Core)	1.3.	There must be a program letter of agreement (PLA) between the program and each participating site that governs the relationship between the program and the participating site providing a required assignment. (Core)
I.B.2.a)	The PLA must:	[None]	
I.B.2.a).(1)	be renewed at least every 10 years; and, (Core)	1.3.a.	The PLA must be renewed at least every 10 years. (Core)
I.B.2.a).(2)	be approved by the designated institutional official (DIO). (Core)	1.3.b.	The PLA must be approved by the designated institutional official (DIO). (Core)
I.B.3.	The program must monitor the clinical learning and working environment at all participating sites. (Core)	1.4.	The program must monitor the clinical learning and working environment at all participating sites. (Core)

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I.B.3.a)	At each participating site there must be one faculty member, designated by the program director, who is accountable for fellow education for that site, in collaboration with the program director. (Core)	1.5.	At each participating site there must be one faculty member, designated by the program director, who is accountable for fellow education for that site, in collaboration with the program director. (Core)
I.B.4.	The program director must submit any additions or deletions of participating sites routinely providing an educational experience, required for all fellows, of one month full time equivalent (FTE) or more through the ACGME's Accreditation Data System (ADS). (Core)	1.6.	The program director must submit any additions or deletions of participating sites routinely providing an educational experience, required for all fellows, of one month full time equivalent (FTE) or more through the ACGME's Accreditation Data System (ADS). (Core)
I.C.	Workforce Recruitment and Retention The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must engage in practices that focus on mission-driven, ongoing, systematic recruitment and retention of a diverse and inclusive workforce of residents (if present), fellows, faculty members, senior administrative GME staff members, and other relevant members of its academic community. (Core)	1.7.	Workforce Recruitment and Retention The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must engage in practices that focus on mission-driven, ongoing, systematic recruitment and retention of a diverse and inclusive workforce of residents (if present), fellows, faculty members, senior administrative GME staff members, and other relevant members of its academic community. (Core)
I.D.	Resources	1.8.	Resources The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure the availability of adequate resources for fellow education. (Core)
I.D.1.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure the availability of adequate resources for fellow education. (Core)	1.8.	Resources The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure the availability of adequate resources for fellow education. (Core)
I.D.1.a)	At the primary clinical site, the program must provide each fellow with:	1.8.a.	At the primary clinical site, the program must provide each fellow with:
I.D.1.a).(1)	a designated work area; (Core)	1.8.a.1.	a designated work area; (Core)
I.D.1.a).(2)	an individual computer with access to hospital and laboratory information systems, electronic health records, and the internet; (Core)	1.8.a.2.	an individual computer with access to hospital and laboratory information systems, electronic health records, and the internet; (Core)
I.D.1.a).(3)	photomicroscopy and gross imaging technology for fellows; and, (Core)	1.8.a.3.	photomicroscopy and gross imaging technology for fellows; and, (Core)
I.D.1.a).(4)	access to updated teaching materials, such as interesting case files and archived conference materials, or study sets, such as glass slides and virtual study sets, encompassing the core curriculum areas of anatomic and/or clinical pathology, as matches the program's specialty concentration. (Core)	1.8.a.4.	access to updated teaching materials, such as interesting case files and archived conference materials, or study sets, such as glass slides and virtual study sets, encompassing the core curriculum areas of anatomic and/or clinical pathology, as matches the program's specialty concentration. (Core)
I.D.1.b)	There must be office space, meeting rooms, and laboratory space to support patient care-related teaching, educational, and research activities, and clinical service work. (Core)	1.8.b.	There must be office space, meeting rooms, and laboratory space to support patient care-related teaching, educational, and research activities, and clinical service work. (Core)
I.D.1.c)	Clinical material related to the subspecialty area of the fellowship must be provided. (Core)	1.8.c.	Clinical material related to the subspecialty area of the fellowship must be provided. (Core)
I.D.1.c).(1)	Clinical material must be indexed so as to permit retrieval of archived records in a timely manner. (Core)	1.8.c.1.	Clinical material must be indexed so as to permit retrieval of archived records in a timely manner. (Core)
I.D.1.d)	Laboratories must perform all tests required for the education of fellows and/or provide access to the results of reference laboratory tests that are not performed at the primary clinical site and participating sites. (Core)	1.8.d.	Laboratories must perform all tests required for the education of fellows and/or provide access to the results of reference laboratory tests that are not performed at the primary clinical site and participating sites. (Core)

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Ttoquiromont Itumbor	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure	- Tumboi	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure
	healthy and safe learning and working environments that promote fellow		healthy and safe learning and working environments that promote fellow
I.D.2.	well-being and provide for:	1.9.	well-being and provide for:
I.D.2.a)	access to food while on duty; (Core)	1.9.a.	access to food while on duty; (Core)
I.D.2.b)	safe, quiet, clean, and private sleep/rest facilities available and accessible for fellows with proximity appropriate for safe patient care; (Core)	1.9.b.	safe, quiet, clean, and private sleep/rest facilities available and accessible for fellows with proximity appropriate for safe patient care; (Core)
,	clean and private facilities for lactation that have refrigeration capabilities,		clean and private facilities for lactation that have refrigeration capabilities,
I.D.2.c)	with proximity appropriate for safe patient care; (Core)	1.9.c.	with proximity appropriate for safe patient care; (Core)
	security and safety measures appropriate to the participating site; and,		security and safety measures appropriate to the participating site; and,
I.D.2.d)	(Core)	1.9.d.	(Core)
	accommodations for fellows with disabilities consistent with the		accommodations for fellows with disabilities consistent with the
I.D.2.e)	Sponsoring Institution's policy. (Core)	1.9.e.	Sponsoring Institution's policy. (Core)
	Fellows must have ready access to subspecialty-specific and other		Fellows must have ready access to subspecialty-specific and other
	appropriate reference material in print or electronic format. This must		appropriate reference material in print or electronic format. This must
I.D.3.	include access to electronic medical literature databases with full text capabilities. (Core)	1.10.	include access to electronic medical literature databases with full text capabilities. (Core)
1.0.0.	Other Learners and Health Care Personnel	1.10.	Other Learners and Health Care Personnel
	The presence of other learners and other health care personnel, including		The presence of other learners and other health care personnel, including
	but not limited to residents from other programs, subspecialty fellows,		but not limited to residents from other programs, subspecialty fellows,
. =	and advanced practice providers, must not negatively impact the	1.11.	and advanced practice providers, must not negatively impact the
I.E.	appointed fellows' education. (Core) Personnel	Section 2	appointed fellows' education. (Core) Section 2: Personnel
···	reisonnei	Jection 2	
			Program Director There must be one faculty member appointed as program director with
			authority and accountability for the overall program, including compliance
II.A.	Program Director	2.1.	with all applicable program requirements. (Core)
			Program Director
	There must be one faculty member appointed as program director with		There must be one faculty member appointed as program director with
	authority and accountability for the overall program, including compliance		authority and accountability for the overall program, including compliance
II.A.1.		2.1.	with all applicable program requirements. (Core)
	The Sponsoring Institution's Graduate Medical Education Committee		The Sponsoring Institution's Graduate Medical Education Committee
II.A.1.a)	(GMEC) must approve a change in program director and must verify the program director's licensure and clinical appointment. (Core)	2.2.	(GMEC) must approve a change in program director and must verify the program director's licensure and clinical appointment. (Core)
π.σ. ι.α)	Final approval of the program director resides with the Review Committee.	 .	program anector a neersure and chinical appointment. (Oute)
	(Core)		Final approval of the program director resides with the Review Committee.
II.A.1.a).(1)	1, ,	2.2.a.	(Core)
	The program director and, as applicable, the program's leadership team,		
	must be provided with support adequate for administration of the program		The program director and, as applicable, the program's leadership team,
	based upon its size and configuration. (Core)		must be provided with support adequate for administration of the program
II.A.2.		2.3.	based upon its size and configuration. (Core)

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II.A.2.a)	Program leadership, in aggregate, must be provided with support equal to a dedicated minimum time specified below for administration of the program. This may be time spent by the program director only or divided between the program director and one or more associate (or assistant) program directors. (Core)	2.3.a.	Program leadership, in aggregate, must be provided with support equal to a dedicated minimum time specified below for administration of the program. This may be time spent by the program director only or divided between the program director and one or more associate (or assistant) program directors. (Core)
II.A.2.a).(1)	Programs with up to four approved fellow positions must be provided with a minimum of 10 percent time. Programs with five or six approved fellow positions must be provided with a minimum of 20 percent time. Programs with seven or more approved fellow positions must be provided with a minimum of 20 percent	2.3.a.1.	Programs with up to four approved fellow positions must be provided with a minimum of 10 percent time. Programs with five or six approved fellow positions must be provided with a minimum of 20 percent time. Programs with seven or more approved fellow positions must be provided with a minimum of 20 percent time and an additional 0.5 percent time for each approved position. (Core)
II.A.3.	Qualifications of the program director:	2.4.	Qualifications of the Program Director The program director must possess subspecialty expertise and qualifications acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)
II.A.3.a)	must include subspecialty expertise and qualifications acceptable to the Review Committee; and, (Core)	2.4.	Qualifications of the Program Director The program director must possess subspecialty expertise and qualifications acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)
	must include current certification in the subspecialty for which they are the program director by the American Board of Pathology (ABPath) or subspecialty qualifications that are acceptable to the Review Committee; and, (Core)		The program director must possess current certification in the subspecialty for which they are the program director by the American Board of Pathology (ABPath) or subspecialty qualifications that are acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)
II.A.3.b)	[Note that while the Common Program Requirements deem certification by a certifying board of the American Osteopathic Association (AOA) acceptable, there is no AOA board that offers certification in this subspecialty]	2.4.a.	[Note that while the Common Program Requirements deem certification by a certifying board of the American Osteopathic Association (AOA) acceptable, there is no AOA board that offers certification in this subspecialty]
II.A.3.c)	must include at least three years of active participation as a specialist in medical microbiology following completion of all graduate medical education. (Core)	2.4.b.	The program director must possess at least three years of active participation as a specialist in medical microbiology following completion of all graduate medical education. (Core)
II.A.4.	Program Director Responsibilities The program director must have responsibility, authority, and accountability for: administration and operations; teaching and scholarly activity; fellow recruitment and selection, evaluation, and promotion of fellows, and disciplinary action; supervision of fellows; and fellow education in the context of patient care. (Core)	2.5.	Program Director Responsibilities The program director must have responsibility, authority, and accountability for: administration and operations; teaching and scholarly activity; fellow recruitment and selection, evaluation, and promotion of fellows, and disciplinary action; supervision of fellows; and fellow education in the context of patient care. (Core)
II.A.4.a)	The program director must:	[None]	
II.A.4.a).(1)	be a role model of professionalism; (Core)	2.5.a.	The program director must be a role model of professionalism. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(2)	design and conduct the program in a fashion consistent with the needs of the community, the mission(s) of the Sponsoring Institution, and the mission(s) of the program; (Core)	2.5.b.	The program director must design and conduct the program in a fashion consistent with the needs of the community, the mission(s) of the Sponsoring Institution, and the mission(s) of the program. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(3)	administer and maintain a learning environment conducive to educating the fellows in each of the ACGME Competency domains; (Core)	2.5.c.	The program director must administer and maintain a learning environment conducive to educating the fellows in each of the ACGME Competency domains. (Core)

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II.A.4.a).(4)	have the authority to approve or remove physicians and non-physicians as faculty members at all participating sites, including the designation of core faculty members, and must develop and oversee a process to evaluate candidates prior to approval; (Core)	2.5.d.	The program director must have the authority to approve or remove physicians and non-physicians as faculty members at all participating sites, including the designation of core faculty members, and must develop and oversee a process to evaluate candidates prior to approval. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(5)	have the authority to remove fellows from supervising interactions and/or learning environments that do not meet the standards of the program; (Core)	2.5.e.	The program director must have the authority to remove fellows from supervising interactions and/or learning environments that do not meet the standards of the program. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(6)	submit accurate and complete information required and requested by the DIO, GMEC, and ACGME; (Core)	2.5.f.	The program director must submit accurate and complete information required and requested by the DIO, GMEC, and ACGME. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(7)	provide a learning and working environment in which fellows have the opportunity to raise concerns, report mistreatment, and provide feedback in a confidential manner as appropriate, without fear of intimidation or retaliation; (Core)	2.5.g.	The program director must provide a learning and working environment in which fellows have the opportunity to raise concerns, report mistreatment, and provide feedback in a confidential manner as appropriate, without fear of intimidation or retaliation. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(8)	ensure the program's compliance with the Sponsoring Institution's policies and procedures related to grievances and due process, including when action is taken to suspend or dismiss, not to promote, or renew the appointment of a fellow; (Core)	2.5.h.	The program director must ensure the program's compliance with the Sponsoring Institution's policies and procedures related to grievances and due process, including when action is taken to suspend or dismiss, not to promote, or renew the appointment of a fellow. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(9)	ensure the program's compliance with the Sponsoring Institution's policies and procedures on employment and non-discrimination; (Core)	2.5.i.	The program director must ensure the program's compliance with the Sponsoring Institution's policies and procedures on employment and non-discrimination. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(9).(a)	Fellows must not be required to sign a non-competition guarantee or restrictive covenant. (Core)	3.1.	Fellows must not be required to sign a non-competition guarantee or restrictive covenant. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(10)	document verification of education for all fellows within 30 days of completion of or departure from the program; (Core)	2.5.j.	The program director must document verification of education for all fellows within 30 days of completion of or departure from the program. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(11)	provide verification of an individual fellow's education upon the fellow's request, within 30 days; and, (Core)	2.5.k.	The program director must provide verification of an individual fellow's education upon the fellow's request, within 30 days. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(12)	provide applicants who are offered an interview with information related to their eligibility for the relevant specialty board examination(s). (Core)	2.5.I.	The program director must provide applicants who are offered an interview with information related to their eligibility for the relevant specialty board examination(s). (Core)

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	Faculty members are a foundational element of graduate medical education – faculty members teach fellows how to care for patients. Faculty members provide an important bridge allowing fellows to grow and become practice ready, ensuring that patients receive the highest quality of care. They are role models for future generations of physicians by demonstrating compassion, commitment to excellence in teaching and patient care, professionalism, and a dedication to lifelong learning. Faculty members experience the pride and joy of fostering the growth and development of future colleagues. The care they provide is enhanced by the opportunity to teach and model exemplary behavior. By employing a scholarly approach to patient care, faculty members, through the graduate medical education system, improve the health of the individual and the population.		Faculty Faculty members are a foundational element of graduate medical education – faculty members teach fellows how to care for patients. Faculty members provide an important bridge allowing fellows to grow and become practice ready, ensuring that patients receive the highest quality of care. They are role models for future generations of physicians by demonstrating compassion, commitment to excellence in teaching and patient care, professionalism, and a dedication to lifelong learning. Faculty members experience the pride and joy of fostering the growth and development of future colleagues. The care they provide is enhanced by the opportunity to teach and model exemplary behavior. By employing a scholarly approach to patient care, faculty members, through the graduate medical education system, improve the health of the individual and the population.
II.B.	Faculty members ensure that patients receive the level of care expected from a specialist in the field. They recognize and respond to the needs of the patients, fellows, community, and institution. Faculty members provide appropriate levels of supervision to promote patient safety. Faculty members create an effective learning environment by acting in a professional manner and attending to the well-being of the fellows and	[None]	Faculty members ensure that patients receive the level of care expected from a specialist in the field. They recognize and respond to the needs of the patients, fellows, community, and institution. Faculty members provide appropriate levels of supervision to promote patient safety. Faculty members create an effective learning environment by acting in a professional manner and attending to the well-being of the fellows and themselves.
II.B.1.	There must be a sufficient number of faculty members with competence to instruct and supervise all fellows. (Core)	2.6.	There must be a sufficient number of faculty members with competence to instruct and supervise all fellows. (Core)
II.B.1.a)	In addition to the program director, the faculty must include at least one core faculty member with demonstrated expertise in medical microbiology with either medical microbiology certification by the ABPath or qualifications acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)	2.6.a.	In addition to the program director, the faculty must include at least one core faculty member with demonstrated expertise in medical microbiology with either medical microbiology certification by the ABPath or qualifications acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)
II.B.2	Faculty members must:	[None]	
II.B.2.a)	be role models of professionalism; (Core)	2.7.	Faculty Responsibilities Faculty members must be role models of professionalism. (Core)
II.B.2.b)	demonstrate commitment to the delivery of safe, equitable, high-quality, cost-effective, patient-centered care; (Core)	2.7.a.	Faculty members must demonstrate commitment to the delivery of safe, equitable, high-quality, cost-effective, patient-centered care. (Core)
II.B.2.c)	demonstrate a strong interest in the education of fellows, including devoting sufficient time to the educational program to fulfill their supervisory and teaching responsibilities; (Core) administer and maintain an educational environment conducive to	2.7.b.	Faculty members must demonstrate a strong interest in the education of fellows, including devoting sufficient time to the educational program to fulfill their supervisory and teaching responsibilities. (Core) Faculty members must administer and maintain an educational
II.B.2.d)		2.7.c.	environment conducive to educating fellows. (Core) Faculty members must regularly participate in organized clinical
II.B.2.e)		2.7.d.	discussions, rounds, journal clubs, and conferences. (Core)

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II.B.2.f)	pursue faculty development designed to enhance their skills at least annually. (Core)	2.7.e.	Faculty members must pursue faculty development designed to enhance their skills at least annually. (Core)
II.B.2.g)	devote at least 20 hours per week in aggregate to fellowship-related clinical work and teaching. (Core)	2.7.f.	Faculty members must devote at least 20 hours per week in aggregate to fellowship-related clinical work and teaching. (Core)
II.B.3.	Faculty Qualifications	2.8.	Faculty Qualifications Faculty members must have appropriate qualifications in their field and hold appropriate institutional appointments. (Core)
II.B.3.a)	Faculty members must have appropriate qualifications in their field and hold appropriate institutional appointments. (Core)	2.8.	Faculty Qualifications Faculty members must have appropriate qualifications in their field and hold appropriate institutional appointments. (Core)
II.B.3.b)	Subspecialty physician faculty members must:	[None]	
II.B.3.b).(1)	have current certification in the subspecialty by the American Board of Pathology or possess qualifications judged acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core) [Note that while the Common Program Requirements deem certification by a certifying board of the American Osteopathic Association (AOA) acceptable, there is no AOA board that offers certification in this subspecialty]	2.9.	Subspecialty Physician Faculty Members Subspecialty physician faculty members must have current certification in the subspecialty by the American Board of Pathology or possess qualifications judged acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core) [Note that while the Common Program Requirements deem certification by a certifying board of the American Osteopathic Association (AOA) acceptable, there is no AOA board that offers certification in this subspecialty]
II.B.3.b).(1).(a)	Core physician faculty members who are not currently certified in medical microbiology must have either completed a medical microbiology fellowship or have three years of practice experience in the subspecialty. (Core)	2.9.b.	Core physician faculty members who are not currently certified in medical microbiology must have either completed a medical microbiology fellowship or have three years of practice experience in the subspecialty. (Core)
II.B.3.c)	Any other specialty physician faculty members must have current certification in their specialty by the appropriate American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS) member board or American Osteopathic Association (AOA) certifying board, or possess qualifications judged acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)	2.9.a.	Any other specialty physician faculty members must have current certification in their specialty by the appropriate American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS) member board or American Osteopathic Association (AOA) certifying board, or possess qualifications judged acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)
	Core Faculty Core faculty members must have a significant role in the education and supervision of fellows and must devote a significant portion of their entire effort to fellow education and/or administration, and must, as a component of their activities, teach, evaluate, and provide formative feedback to fellows. (Core)		Core Faculty Core faculty members must have a significant role in the education and supervision of fellows and must devote a significant portion of their entire effort to fellow education and/or administration, and must, as a component of their activities, teach, evaluate, and provide formative feedback to fellows. (Core)
II.B.4.	 -	2.10.	
II.B.4.a)	Faculty members must complete the annual ACGME Faculty Survey. (Core)	2.10.a.	Faculty members must complete the annual ACGME Faculty Survey. (Core)
II.B.4.b)	There must be at least two core faculty members, one of whom must be the program director. (Core)	2.10.b.	There must be at least two core faculty members, one of whom must be the program director. (Core)
II.B.4.b).(1)	At least one core faculty member must be certified in medical microbiology by the ABPath. (Core)	2.10.b.1.	At least one core faculty member must be certified in medical microbiology by the ABPath. (Core)

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-			Program Coordinator
II.C.	Program Coordinator	2.11.	There must be a program coordinator. (Core)
			Program Coordinator
II.C.1.	There must be a program coordinator. (Core)	2.11.	There must be a program coordinator. (Core)
II.C.2.	The program coordinator must be provided with dedicated time and support adequate for administration of the program based upon its size and configuration. (Core)	2.11.a.	The program coordinator must be provided with dedicated time and support adequate for administration of the program based upon its size and configuration. (Core)
	At a minimum, the program coordinator must be provided with the dedicated time and support specified below for administration of the program as follows: (Core)		At a minimum, the program coordinator must be provided with the dedicated time and support specified below for administration of the program as follows: (Core)
	Number of Approved Fellow Positions: 1-3 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 0.2 Number of Approved Fellow Positions: 4-9 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 0.3		Number of Approved Fellow Positions: 1-3 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 0.2 Number of Approved Fellow Positions: 4-9 Minimum Support Required (FTE): 0.3
II.C.2.a)	Number of Approved Fellow Positions: 10 or more Minimum Support Required (FTE): 0.4	2.11.b.	Number of Approved Fellow Positions: 10 or more Minimum Support Required (FTE): 0.4
	Other Program Personnel		
II.D.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must jointly ensure the availability of necessary personnel for the effective administration of the program. (Core)	2.12.	Other Program Personnel The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must jointly ensure the availability of necessary personnel for the effective administration of the program. (Core)
	There must be qualified laboratory technical personnel to support the clinical,	0.40	There must be qualified laboratory technical personnel to support the clinical,
II.D.1.	teaching, educational, and research activities of the fellowship. (Core)	2.12.a.	teaching, educational, and research activities of the fellowship. (Core)
III.	Fellow Appointments	Section 3	Section 3: Fellow Appointments
III.A.	Eligibility Criteria	[None]	
III.A.1.	Eligibility Requirements – Fellowship Programs All required clinical education for entry into ACGME-accredited fellowship programs must be completed in an ACGME-accredited residency program, an AOA-approved residency program, a program with ACGME International (ACGME-I) Advanced Specialty Accreditation, or a Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada (RCPSC)-accredited or College of Family Physicians of Canada (CFPC)-accredited residency program located in Canada. (Core)	3.2.	Eligibility Requirements – Fellowship Programs All required clinical education for entry into ACGME-accredited fellowship programs must be completed in an ACGME-accredited residency program, an AOA-approved residency program, a program with ACGME International (ACGME-I) Advanced Specialty Accreditation, or a Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada (RCPSC)-accredited or College of Family Physicians of Canada (CFPC)-accredited residency program located in Canada. (Core)
III.A.1.a)	Fellowship programs must receive verification of each entering fellow's level of competence in the required field using ACGME, ACGME-I, or CanMEDS Milestones evaluations from the core residency program. (Core)	3.2.a.	Fellowship programs must receive verification of each entering fellow's level of competence in the required field using ACGME, ACGME-I, or CanMEDS Milestones evaluations from the core residency program. (Core)

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			Prior to appointment in the program, fellows must have one of the following:
			•successful completion of at least two years of clinical pathology education in a pathology residency that satisfies the requirements in 3.2.; or, (Core)
III.A.1.b)	Prior to appointment in the program, fellows must have one of the following:	3.2.a.1.	•certification or eligibility for certification by a member board of the ABMS or a certifying board of the AOA. (Core)
			Prior to appointment in the program, fellows must have one of the following:
			•successful completion of at least two years of clinical pathology education in a pathology residency that satisfies the requirements in 3.2.; or, (Core)
III.A.1.b).(1)	successful completion of at least two years of clinical pathology education in a pathology residency that satisfies the requirements in III.A.1.; or, (Core)	3.2.a.1.	•certification or eligibility for certification by a member board of the ABMS or a certifying board of the AOA. (Core)
			Prior to appointment in the program, fellows must have one of the following:
			•successful completion of at least two years of clinical pathology education in a pathology residency that satisfies the requirements in 3.2.; or, (Core)
III.A.1.b).(2)	certification or eligibility for certification by a member board of the ABMS or a certifying board of the AOA. (Core)	3.2.a.1.	•certification or eligibility for certification by a member board of the ABMS or a certifying board of the AOA. (Core)
III.A.1.c)	Fellow Eligibility Exception The Review Committee for Pathology will allow the following exception to the fellowship eligibility requirements:	3.2.b.	Fellow Eligibility Exception The Review Committee for Pathology will allow the following exception to the fellowship eligibility requirements:
III.A.1.c).(1)	An ACGME-accredited fellowship program may accept an exceptionally qualified international graduate applicant who does not satisfy the eligibility requirements listed in III.A.1., but who does meet all of the following additional qualifications and conditions: (Core)	3.2.b.1.	An ACGME-accredited fellowship program may accept an exceptionally qualified international graduate applicant who does not satisfy the eligibility requirements listed in 3.2, but who does meet all of the following additional qualifications and conditions: (Core)
III.A.1.c).(1).(a)	evaluation by the program director and fellowship selection committee of the applicant's suitability to enter the program, based on prior training and review of the summative evaluations of training in the core specialty; and, (Core)	3.2.b.1.a.	evaluation by the program director and fellowship selection committee of the applicant's suitability to enter the program, based on prior training and review of the summative evaluations of training in the core specialty; and, (Core)
III.A.1.c).(1).(b)	review and approval of the applicant's exceptional qualifications by the GMEC; and, (Core)	3.2.b.1.b.	review and approval of the applicant's exceptional qualifications by the GMEC; and, (Core)
III.A.1.c).(1).(c)	verification of Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG) certification. (Core)	3.2.b.1.c.	verification of Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG) certification. (Core)
III.A.1.c).(2)	Applicants accepted through this exception must have an evaluation of their performance by the Clinical Competency Committee within 12 weeks of matriculation. (Core)	3.2.b.2.	Applicants accepted through this exception must have an evaluation of their performance by the Clinical Competency Committee within 12 weeks of matriculation. (Core)
	Fellow Complement		
III.B.	The program director must not appoint more fellows than approved by the Review Committee. (Core)	3.3.	Fellow Complement The program director must not appoint more fellows than approved by the Review Committee. (Core)

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	Fellow Transfers The program must obtain verification of previous educational experiences and a summative competency-based performance evaluation prior to acceptance of a transferring fellow, and Milestones evaluations upon matriculation. (Core)	3.4.	Fellow Transfers The program must obtain verification of previous educational experiences and a summative competency-based performance evaluation prior to acceptance of a transferring fellow, and Milestones evaluations upon matriculation. (Core)
	Educational Program		Section 4: Educational Program
	The ACGME accreditation system is designed to encourage excellence and innovation in graduate medical education regardless of the organizational affiliation, size, or location of the program.		The ACGME accreditation system is designed to encourage excellence and innovation in graduate medical education regardless of the organizational affiliation, size, or location of the program.
	The educational program must support the development of knowledgeable, skillful physicians who provide compassionate care.		The educational program must support the development of knowledgeable, skillful physicians who provide compassionate care.
	It is recognized that programs may place different emphasis on research, leadership, public health, etc. It is expected that the program aims will reflect the nuanced program-specific goals for it and its graduates; for example, it is expected that a program aiming to prepare physician-scientists will have a different curriculum from one focusing on community health.	Section 4	It is recognized that programs may place different emphasis on research, leadership, public health, etc. It is expected that the program aims will reflect the nuanced program-specific goals for it and its graduates; for example, it is expected that a program aiming to prepare physician-scientists will have a different curriculum from one focusing on community health.
	Educational Components		Educational Components
IV.A.	The curriculum must contain the following educational components:	4.2.	The curriculum must contain the following educational components:
	a set of program aims consistent with the Sponsoring Institution's mission, the needs of the community it serves, and the desired distinctive capabilities of its graduates, which must be made available to program applicants, fellows, and faculty members; (Core)	4.2.a.	a set of program aims consistent with the Sponsoring Institution's mission, the needs of the community it serves, and the desired distinctive capabilities of its graduates, which must be made available to program applicants, fellows, and faculty members; (Core)
	competency-based goals and objectives for each educational experience designed to promote progress on a trajectory to autonomous practice in their subspecialty. These must be distributed, reviewed, and available to fellows and faculty members; (Core)	4.2.b.	competency-based goals and objectives for each educational experience designed to promote progress on a trajectory to autonomous practice in their subspecialty. These must be distributed, reviewed, and available to fellows and faculty members; (Core)
	delineation of fellow responsibilities for patient care, progressive responsibility for patient management, and graded supervision in their subspecialty; (Core)	4.2.c.	delineation of fellow responsibilities for patient care, progressive responsibility for patient management, and graded supervision in their subspecialty; (Core)
IV.A.4.	structured educational activities beyond direct patient care; and, (Core)	4.2.d.	structured educational activities beyond direct patient care; and, (Core)
IV.A.4.a)	· ,	4.11.	Didactic and Clinical Experiences Fellows must be provided with protected time to participate in core didactic activities. (Core)
	formal educational activities that promote patient safety-related goals, tools, and techniques. (Core)	4.2.e.	formal educational activities that promote patient safety-related goals, tools, and techniques. (Core)

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			ACGME Competencies The Competencies provide a conceptual framework describing the required domains for a trusted physician to enter autonomous practice. These Competencies are core to the practice of all physicians, although the specifics are further defined by each subspecialty. The developmental trajectories in each of the Competencies are articulated through the Milestones for each subspecialty. The focus in fellowship is on subspecialty-specific patient care and medical knowledge, as well as
IV.B.	ACGME Competencies	[None]	refining the other competencies acquired in residency.
IV.B.1.	The program must integrate the following ACGME Competencies into the curriculum:	[None]	The program must integrate all ACGME Competencies into the curriculum.
IV.B.1.a)	Professionalism Fellows must demonstrate a commitment to professionalism and an adherence to ethical principles. (Core) Patient Care and Procedural Skills	4.3.	ACGME Competencies – Professionalism Fellows must demonstrate a commitment to professionalism and an adherence to ethical principles. (Core)
,	Fellows must be able to provide patient care that is patient- and family-centered, compassionate, equitable, appropriate, and effective for the treatment of health problems and the promotion of health. (Core)	[None] 4.4.	ACGME Competencies – Patient Care and Procedural Skills (Part A) Fellows must be able to provide patient care that is patient- and family- centered, compassionate, equitable, appropriate, and effective for the treatment of health problems and the promotion of health. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(a)	Fellows must demonstrate competence in:	[None]	
IV.B.1.b).(1).(a).(i)	independently evaluating and addressing patient care issues identified by medical and laboratory staff members relating to medical microbiology, infectious diseases, and epidemiology; (Core)	4.4.a.	Fellows must demonstrate competence in independently evaluating and addressing patient care issues identified by medical and laboratory staff members relating to medical microbiology, infectious diseases, and epidemiology. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(a).(ii)	interpreting results of assays performed in the medical microbiology laboratory; (Core)	4.4.b.	Fellows must demonstrate competence in interpreting results of assays performed in the medical microbiology laboratory. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(a).(ii)	interpreting and correlating the clinical status of a patient with the results of medical microbiology testing; and, (Core)	4.4.c.	Fellows must demonstrate competence in interpreting and correlating the clinical status of a patient with the results of medical microbiology testing. (Core)
	providing appropriate and effective patient care consultations to physicians and other health professionals, both intra- and inter-departmentally. (Core)	4.4.d.	Fellows must demonstrate competence in providing appropriate and effective patient care consultations to physicians and other health professionals, both intra- and inter-departmentally. (Core)
	Consultations should include providing medical advice on specimen selection, collection, transport, and the diagnosis, treatment, and control of infectious diseases. (Detail)	4.4.d.1.	Consultations should include providing medical advice on specimen selection, collection, transport, and the diagnosis, treatment, and control of infectious diseases. (Detail)
	Fellows must be able to perform all medical, diagnostic, and surgical procedures considered essential for the area of practice. (Core)	4.5.	ACGME Competencies – Patient Care and Procedural Skills (Part B) Fellows must be able to perform all medical, diagnostic, and surgical procedures considered essential for the area of practice. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(a)	Fellows must demonstrate competence in performing procedures, including: (Core)	4.5.a.	Fellows must demonstrate competence in performing procedures, including: (Core)
	culture examination using biochemical, mass spectrometry, and other methods of identification and characterization, to include antimicrobial susceptibility testing; (Core)	4.5.a.1.	culture examination using biochemical, mass spectrometry, and other methods of identification and characterization, to include antimicrobial susceptibility testing; (Core)

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	direct microscopic examination of clinical materials, to include light and		direct microscopic examination of clinical materials, to include light and
IV.B.1.b).(2).(a).(ii)	fluorescence microscopy, for the morphologic diagnosis of infectious diseases; (Core)	4.5.a.2.	fluorescence microscopy, for the morphologic diagnosis of infectious diseases; (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(a).(iii)	immunologic techniques for the identification and characterization of microorganisms or serologic evidence of infection; and, (Core)	4.5.a.3.	immunologic techniques for the identification and characterization of microorganisms or serologic evidence of infection; and, (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(a).(iv)	molecular techniques for the identification and characterization of microorganisms. (Core)	4.5.a.4.	molecular techniques for the identification and characterization of microorganisms. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(b)	Fellows should participate in performing the patient and laboratory procedures for which they will be expected to supervise ancillary staff members. (Core)	4.5.b.	Fellows should participate in performing the patient and laboratory procedures for which they will be expected to supervise ancillary staff members. (Core)
IV.B.1.c)	Medical Knowledge Fellows must demonstrate knowledge of established and evolving biomedical, clinical, epidemiological, and social-behavioral sciences, including scientific inquiry, as well as the application of this knowledge to patient care. (Core)	4.6.	ACGME Competencies – Medical Knowledge Fellows must demonstrate knowledge of established and evolving biomedical, clinical, epidemiological, and social-behavioral sciences, including scientific inquiry, as well as the application of this knowledge to patient care. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(1)	Fellows must demonstrate expertise in their knowledge of:	[None]	
IV.B.1.c).(1).(a)	appropriate specimen types, specimen collection procedures, and processing techniques; (Core)	4.6.a.	Fellows must demonstrate expertise in their knowledge of appropriate specimen types, specimen collection procedures, and processing techniques. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(1).(b)	antimicrobial susceptibility testing; immunology; medical bacteriology; molecular testing; mycobacteriology; mycology; parasitology; public health microbiology, including epidemiologic typing as related to infection control; and virology; (Core)	4.6.b.	Fellows must demonstrate expertise in their knowledge of antimicrobial susceptibility testing; immunology; medical bacteriology; molecular testing; mycobacteriology mycology; parasitology; public health microbiology, including epidemiologic typing as related to infection control; and virology. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(1).(c)	budgeting, epidemiology as related to hospital and public health issues, hospital infection control, laboratory safety, personnel supervision, principles of disinfection and sterilization, quality control, and workload accounting; (Core)	4.6.c.	Fellows must demonstrate expertise in their knowledge of budgeting, epidemiology as related to hospital and public health issues, hospital infection control, laboratory safety, personnel supervision, principles of disinfection and sterilization, quality control, and workload accounting. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(1).(d)	identification of organisms in formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissue and cytopathology preparations; and, (Core)	4.6.d.	Fellows must demonstrate expertise in their knowledge of identification of organisms in formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissue and cytopathology preparations. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(1).(e)	the role of the microbiology laboratory in the context of the hospital health care system and community medicine, including: (Core)	4.6.e.	Fellows must demonstrate expertise in their knowledge of the role of the microbiology laboratory in the context of the hospital health care system and community medicine, including: (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(1).(e).(i)	infection control methods to prevent the spread of antimicrobial-resistant microorganisms throughout the hospital and the health care system; (Core)	4.6.e.1.	infection control methods to prevent the spread of antimicrobial-resistant microorganisms throughout the hospital and the health care system; (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(1).(e).(ii)	interactions of the medical microbiology laboratory with the hospital antibiotic stewardship program or equivalent; (Core)	4.6.e.2.	interactions of the medical microbiology laboratory with the hospital antibiotic stewardship program or equivalent; (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(1).(e).(iii)	interactions of the medical microbiology laboratory with the public health system for the detection and submission of microorganisms so as to aid in the containment of infectious diseases; and, (Core)	4.6.e.3.	interactions of the medical microbiology laboratory with the public health system for the detection and submission of microorganisms so as to aid in the containment of infectious diseases; and, (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(1).(e).(iv)	public health implications of specific microorganisms and means for their control. (Core)	4.6.e.4.	public health implications of specific microorganisms and means for their control. (Core)

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IV.B.1.c).(1).(e).(iv).(a)	For tests sent to a reference laboratory facility, fellows should demonstrate knowledge of the methods used to perform the assays and the interpretation of test results. (Core)	4.6.e.4.a.	For tests sent to a reference laboratory facility, fellows should demonstrate knowledge of the methods used to perform the assays and the interpretation of test results. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(2)	Fellows should demonstrate in-depth knowledge of histopathologic and clinical correlation of microbiologic data, activity and pharmacokinetics of antimicrobial agents, microscopic examination of specimens, principles and interpretation of antimicrobial susceptibility testing and antimicrobial assays, specimen collection, and transport and processing. (Core)	4.6.f.	Fellows should demonstrate in-depth knowledge of histopathologic and clinical correlation of microbiologic data, activity and pharmacokinetics of antimicrobial agents, microscopic examination of specimens, principles and interpretation of antimicrobial susceptibility testing and antimicrobial assays, specimen collection, and transport and processing. (Core)
IV.B.1.d)	Practice-based Learning and Improvement Fellows must demonstrate the ability to investigate and evaluate their care of patients, to appraise and assimilate scientific evidence, and to continuously improve patient care based on constant self-evaluation and lifelong learning. (Core)	4. 7.	ACGME Competencies – Practice-Based Learning and Improvement Fellows must demonstrate the ability to investigate and evaluate their care of patients, to appraise and assimilate scientific evidence, and to continuously improve patient care based on constant self-evaluation and lifelong learning. (Core)
IV.B.1.e)	Interpersonal and Communication Skills Fellows must demonstrate interpersonal and communication skills that result in the effective exchange of information and collaboration with patients, their families, and health professionals. (Core)	4.8.	ACGME Competencies – Interpersonal and Communication Skills Fellows must demonstrate interpersonal and communication skills that result in the effective exchange of information and collaboration with patients, their families, and health professionals. (Core)
IV.B.1.f)	Systems-based Practice Fellows must demonstrate an awareness of and responsiveness to the larger context and system of health care, including the structural and social determinants of health, as well as the ability to call effectively on other resources to provide optimal health care. (Core)	4.9.	ACGME Competencies – Systems-Based Practice Fellows must demonstrate an awareness of and responsiveness to the larger context and system of health care, including the structural and social determinants of health, as well as the ability to call effectively on other resources to provide optimal health care. (Core)
		4.40	Curriculum Organization and Fellow Experiences 4.10. Curriculum Structure The curriculum must be structured to optimize fellow educational experiences, the length of the experiences, and the supervisory continuity. These educational experiences include an appropriate blend of supervised patient care responsibilities, clinical teaching, and didactic educational events. (Core) 4.11. Didactic and Clinical Experiences Fellows must be provided with protected time to participate in core didactic activities. (Core) 4.12. Pain Management The program must provide instruction and experience in pain management if applicable for the subspecialty, including recognition of
IV.C.	Curriculum Organization and Fellow Experiences	4.10 4.12.	The program must provide instruction and experience in pain

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-	The curriculum must be structured to optimize fellow educational		Curriculum Structure
	experiences, the length of the experiences, and the supervisory continuity.		The curriculum must be structured to optimize fellow educational
	These educational experiences include an appropriate blend of supervised		experiences, the length of the experiences, and the supervisory continuity.
	patient care responsibilities, clinical teaching, and didactic educational		These educational experiences include an appropriate blend of supervised
	events. (Core)		patient care responsibilities, clinical teaching, and didactic educational
IV.C.1.		4.10.	events. (Core)
	There should be one faculty member who is responsible for the educational		There should be one faculty member who is responsible for the educational
IV.C.1.a)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4.10.a.	experience on each rotation to ensure supervisory continuity. (Core)
n/ 0 0	The program must provide instruction and experience in pain management if applicable for the subspecialty, including recognition of		Pain Management The program must provide instruction and experience in pain management if applicable for the subspecialty, including recognition of
IV.C.2.	the signs of substance use disorder. (Core)	4.12.	the signs of substance use disorder. (Core)
	Fellow experiences must be designed to allow appropriate faculty member		Fellow experiences must be designed to allow appropriate faculty member
	supervision such that fellows progress to the performance of assigned clinical		supervision such that fellows progress to the performance of assigned clinical
	responsibilities under oversight, as defined in VI.A.2.b).(3), in order to demonstrate their ability to enter the autonomous practice of medical		responsibilities under Oversight, as defined in the Supervision section, in order to demonstrate their ability to enter the autonomous practice of medical
IV.C.3.	microbiology prior to completion of the program. (Core)	4.11.a.	microbiology prior to completion of the program. (Core)
IV.C.4.	Fellow experiences must include:	[None]	3,1 1 1 3 (-)
	graduated responsibility, including independent diagnoses and decision making;	-	Fellow experiences must include graduated responsibility, including
IV.C.4.a)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	4.11.b.	independent diagnoses and decision making. (Core)
			Fellow experiences must include supervision of residents and/or other learners.
IV.C.4.b)		4.11.c.	(Detail)
	educational activities specific to medical microbiology, review of the medical		Fellow experiences must include educational activities specific to medical
10.40.4	literature in the subspecialty area, and use of study sets of unusual cases.	4 4 4 1	microbiology, review of the medical literature in the subspecialty area, and use
IV.C.4.c)		4.11.d.	of study sets of unusual cases. (Core)
	Fellows must have structured education and experience in the administration,		Fellows must have structured education and experience in the administration,
	management, and direction of a medical microbiology laboratory, including		management, and direction of a medical microbiology laboratory, including
IV.C.5.	quality assurance, safety regulations, and use of laboratory and hospital information systems. (Core)	4.11.e.	quality assurance, safety regulations, and use of laboratory and hospital information systems. (Core)
17.0.5.	Fellows must have experiences providing medical, scientific, and administrative	4.11.6.	Fellows must have experiences providing medical, scientific, and administrative
IV.C.6.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4.11.f.	direction in the diagnostic microbiology laboratory. (Core)
	Fellows must participate in financial and/or operational decisions relating to the		Fellows must participate in financial and/or operational decisions relating to the
	diagnosis, management, treatment, control, and prevention of infectious		diagnosis, management, treatment, control, and prevention of infectious
IV.C.7.	1 .	4.11.g.	diseases. (Core)
	The didactic curriculum must include teaching conferences in medical		The didactic curriculum must include teaching conferences in medical
	microbiology, journal clubs, and joint conferences within the Pathology		microbiology, journal clubs, and joint conferences within the Pathology
	Department, as well as with clinical services involved in patient diagnosis and		Department, as well as with clinical services involved in patient diagnosis and
IV.C.8.	5 5 7	4.11.h.	management utilizing medical microbiology. (Core)
11/ (0.0 -)	Fellows must participate in conferences at least once per month on average,		Fellows must participate in conferences at least once per month on average,
IV.C.8.a)		4.11.h.1.	and must give a minimum of two presentations per year. (Core)
	Didactic topics must include medical microbiology, the infectious disease		Didactic topics must include medical microbiology, the infectious disease
IV C 8 b)	aspects of pathology, and the clinical and epidemiologic aspects of infectious	4 11 h 2	aspects of pathology, and the clinical and epidemiologic aspects of infectious
IV.C.8.b)	diseases. (Core)	4.11.h.2.	diseases. (Core)

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IV.C.9.	Fellows should participate in laboratory quality assurance activities and inspections. (Detail)	4.11.i.	Fellows should participate in laboratory quality assurance activities and inspections. (Detail)
IV.D.	Medicine is both an art and a science. The physician is a humanistic scientist who cares for patients. This requires the ability to think critically, evaluate the literature, appropriately assimilate new knowledge, and practice lifelong learning. The program and faculty must create an environment that fosters the acquisition of such skills through fellow participation in scholarly activities as defined in the subspecialty-specific Program Requirements. Scholarly activities may include discovery, integration, application, and teaching. The ACGME recognizes the diversity of fellowships and anticipates that programs prepare physicians for a variety of roles, including clinicians, scientists, and educators. It is expected that the program's scholarship will reflect its mission(s) and aims, and the needs of the community it serves. For example, some programs may concentrate their scholarly activity on quality improvement, population health, and/or teaching, while other programs might choose to utilize more classic forms of biomedical research as the focus for scholarship.	[None]	Scholarship Medicine is both an art and a science. The physician is a humanistic scientist who cares for patients. This requires the ability to think critically, evaluate the literature, appropriately assimilate new knowledge, and practice lifelong learning. The program and faculty must create an environment that fosters the acquisition of such skills through fellow participation in scholarly activities as defined in the subspecialty-specific Program Requirements. Scholarly activities may include discovery, integration, application, and teaching. The ACGME recognizes the diversity of fellowships and anticipates that programs prepare physicians for a variety of roles, including clinicians, scientists, and educators. It is expected that the program's scholarship will reflect its mission(s) and aims, and the needs of the community it serves. For example, some programs may concentrate their scholarly activity on quality improvement, population health, and/or teaching, while other programs might choose to utilize more classic forms of biomedical research as the focus for scholarship.
IV.D.1.	Program Responsibilities	4.13.	Program Responsibilities The program must demonstrate evidence of scholarly activities, consistent with its mission(s) and aims. (Core)
IV.D.1.a) IV.D.1.b)	The program must demonstrate evidence of scholarly activities, consistent with its mission(s) and aims. (Core) The program in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must allocate adequate resources to facilitate fellow and faculty involvement in scholarly activities. (Core)	4.13. 4.13.a.	Program Responsibilities The program must demonstrate evidence of scholarly activities, consistent with its mission(s) and aims. (Core) The program in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must allocate adequate resources to facilitate fellow and faculty involvement in scholarly activities. (Core)
IV.D.2.	Faculty Scholarly Activity	4.14.	Faculty Scholarly Activity Among their scholarly activity, programs must demonstrate accomplishments in at least three of the following domains: (Core) •Research in basic science, education, translational science, patient care, or population health •Peer-reviewed grants •Quality improvement and/or patient safety initiatives •Systematic reviews, meta-analyses, review articles, chapters in medical textbooks, or case reports •Creation of curricula, evaluation tools, didactic educational activities, or electronic educational materials •Contribution to professional committees, educational organizations, or editorial boards •Innovations in education

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	Among their scholarly activity, programs must demonstrate accomplishments in at least three of the following domains: (Core)		Faculty Scholarly Activity Among their scholarly activity, programs must demonstrate accomplishments in at least three of the following domains: (Core)
	•Research in basic science, education, translational science, patient care, or population health •Peer-reviewed grants •Quality improvement and/or patient safety initiatives •Systematic reviews, meta-analyses, review articles, chapters in medical		 Research in basic science, education, translational science, patient care, or population health Peer-reviewed grants Quality improvement and/or patient safety initiatives Systematic reviews, meta-analyses, review articles, chapters in medical
	textbooks, or case reports •Creation of curricula, evaluation tools, didactic educational activities, or electronic educational materials •Contribution to professional committees, educational organizations, or editorial boards		textbooks, or case reports •Creation of curricula, evaluation tools, didactic educational activities, or electronic educational materials •Contribution to professional committees, educational organizations, or editorial boards
IV.D.2.a)	Innovations in education The program must demonstrate dissemination of scholarly activity within and external to the program by the following methods:	4.14. 4.14.a.	Innovations in education The program must demonstrate dissemination of scholarly activity within and external to the program by the following methods:
IV.D.2.b).(1)	faculty participation in grand rounds, posters, workshops, quality improvement presentations, podium presentations, grant leadership, non-peer-reviewed print/electronic resources, articles or publications, book chapters, textbooks, webinars, service on professional committees, or serving as a journal reviewer, journal editorial board member, or editor; (Outcome)	4.14.a.1.	faculty participation in grand rounds, posters, workshops, quality improvement presentations, podium presentations, grant leadership, non-peer-reviewed print/electronic resources, articles or publications, book chapters, textbooks, webinars, service on professional committees, or serving as a journal reviewer, journal editorial board member, or editor; (Outcome)
14.0.2.0).(1)	peer-reviewed publication. (Outcome)	7.17.0.1.	(Outcome)
IV.D.2.b).(2) IV.D.3.	Fellow Scholarly Activity	4.14.a.2. 4.15.	peer-reviewed publication. (Outcome) Fellow Scholarly Activity
			Each fellow must participate in scholarly activity, including at least one of the following: (Core)
			•evidence-based presentations at journal clubs or meetings (local, regional, or national); (Core)
	Each fellow must participate in scholarly activity, including at least one of the		•preparation and submission of articles for peer-reviewed publications; or, (Core)
IV.D.3.a)	following: (Core)	4.15.a.	•research. (Core)
			Each fellow must participate in scholarly activity, including at least one of the following: (Core)
			•evidence-based presentations at journal clubs or meetings (local, regional, or national); (Core)
			•preparation and submission of articles for peer-reviewed publications; or, (Core)
IV.D.3.a).(1)	evidence-based presentations at journal clubs or meetings (local, regional, or national); (Core)	4.15.a.	•research. (Core)

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Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Number	Requirement Language
			Each fellow must participate in scholarly activity, including at least one of the following: (Core)
			•evidence-based presentations at journal clubs or meetings (local, regional, or national); (Core)
			•preparation and submission of articles for peer-reviewed publications; or, (Core)
IV.D.3.a).(2)	preparation and submission of articles for peer-reviewed publications; or, (Core)	4.15.a.	•research. (Core)
			Each fellow must participate in scholarly activity, including at least one of the following: (Core)
			•evidence-based presentations at journal clubs or meetings (local, regional, or national); (Core)
			•preparation and submission of articles for peer-reviewed publications; or, (Core)
IV.D.3.a).(3)	research. (Core)	4.15.a.	•research. (Core)
IV.D.3.b)	Each fellow must participate in research and development or evaluation of new testing methods for medical microbiology, infectious diseases, and/or epidemiology. (Core)	4.15.b.	Each fellow must participate in research and development or evaluation of new testing methods for medical microbiology, infectious diseases, and/or epidemiology. (Core)
V.		Section 5	Section 5: Evaluation
V.A.	Fellow Evaluation	5.1.	Fellow Evaluation: Feedback and Evaluation Faculty members must directly observe, evaluate, and frequently provide feedback on fellow performance during each rotation or similar educational assignment. (Core)
			Fellow Evaluation: Feedback and Evaluation
V.A.1.	Feedback and Evaluation	5.1.	Faculty members must directly observe, evaluate, and frequently provide feedback on fellow performance during each rotation or similar educational assignment. (Core)
V.A.1.a)	Faculty members must directly observe, evaluate, and frequently provide feedback on fellow performance during each rotation or similar educational assignment. (Core)	5.1.	Fellow Evaluation: Feedback and Evaluation Faculty members must directly observe, evaluate, and frequently provide feedback on fellow performance during each rotation or similar educational assignment. (Core)
V.A.1.a).(1)	The feedback, based on direct observation, should incorporate competency-	5.1.h.	The feedback on fellow performance, based on direct observation, should incorporate competency-based assessments. (Core)
V.A.1.b)	Evaluation must be documented at the completion of the assignment. (Core)	5.1.a.	Evaluation must be documented at the completion of the assignment. (Core)
V.A.1.b).(1)	For block rotations of greater than three months in duration, evaluation must be documented at least every three months. (Core)	5.1.a.1.	For block rotations of greater than three months in duration, evaluation must be documented at least every three months. (Core)
V.A.1.b).(2)	Longitudinal experiences such as continuity clinic in the context of other clinical responsibilities must be evaluated at least every three months and at completion. (Core)	5.1.a.2.	Longitudinal experiences such as continuity clinic in the context of other clinical responsibilities must be evaluated at least every three months and at completion. (Core)

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Roman Numeral Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Poguiroment Language
Trequirement Number	The program must provide an objective performance evaluation based on	Number	Requirement Language The program must provide an objective performance evaluation based on
V.A.1.c)	the Competencies and the subspecialty-specific Milestones, and must:	5.1.b.	the Competencies and the subspecialty-specific Milestones, and must: (Core)
V.A.1.c).(1)	use multiple evaluators (e.g., faculty members, peers, patients, self, and other professional staff members); and, (Core)	5.1.b.1.	use multiple evaluators (e.g., faculty members, peers, patients, self, and other professional staff members); and, (Core)
V.A.1.c).(2)	provide that information to the Clinical Competency Committee for its synthesis of progressive fellow performance and improvement toward unsupervised practice. (Core)	5.1.b.2.	provide that information to the Clinical Competency Committee for its synthesis of progressive fellow performance and improvement toward unsupervised practice. (Core)
V.A.1.d)	The program director or their designee, with input from the Clinical Competency Committee, must:	[None]	
V.A.1.d).(1)	meet with and review with each fellow their documented semi-annual evaluation of performance, including progress along the subspecialty-specific Milestones; (Core)	5.1.c.	The program director or their designee, with input from the Clinical Competency Committee, must meet with and review with each fellow their documented semi-annual evaluation of performance, including progress along the subspecialty-specific Milestones. (Core)
V.A.1.d).(2)	assist fellows in developing individualized learning plans to capitalize on their strengths and identify areas for growth; and, (Core)	5.1.d.	The program director or their designee, with input from the Clinical Competency Committee, must assist fellows in developing individualized learning plans to capitalize on their strengths and identify areas for growth. (Core)
V.A.1.d).(3)	develop plans for fellows failing to progress, following institutional policies and procedures. (Core)	5.1.e.	The program director or their designee, with input from the Clinical Competency Committee, must develop plans for fellows failing to progress, following institutional policies and procedures. (Core)
V.A.1.e)	At least annually, there must be a summative evaluation of each fellow that includes their readiness to progress to the next year of the program, if applicable. (Core)	5.1.f.	At least annually, there must be a summative evaluation of each fellow that includes their readiness to progress to the next year of the program, if applicable. (Core)
	The evaluations of a fellow's performance must be accessible for review	0.1111	The evaluations of a fellow's performance must be accessible for review
V.A.1.f)		5.1.g.	by the fellow. (Core)
V.A.2.	Final Evaluation	5.2.	Fellow Evaluation: Final Evaluation The program director must provide a final evaluation for each fellow upon completion of the program. (Core)
V.A.2.a)	The program director must provide a final evaluation for each fellow upon completion of the program. (Core)	5.2.	Fellow Evaluation: Final Evaluation The program director must provide a final evaluation for each fellow upon completion of the program. (Core)
V.A.2.a).(1)	The subspecialty-specific Milestones, and when applicable the subspecialty-specific Case Logs, must be used as tools to ensure fellows are able to engage in autonomous practice upon completion of the program. (Core)	5.2.a.	The subspecialty-specific Milestones, and when applicable the subspecialty-specific Case Logs, must be used as tools to ensure fellows are able to engage in autonomous practice upon completion of the program. (Core)
V.A.2.a).(2)	The final evaluation must:	[None]	
V.A.2.a).(2).(a)	become part of the fellow's permanent record maintained by the institution, and must be accessible for review by the fellow in accordance with institutional policy; (Core)	5.2.b.	The final evaluation must become part of the fellow's permanent record maintained by the institution, and must be accessible for review by the fellow in accordance with institutional policy. (Core)
V.A.2.a).(2).(b)	verify that the fellow has demonstrated the knowledge, skills, and behaviors necessary to enter autonomous practice; and, (Core)	5.2.c.	The final evaluation must verify that the fellow has demonstrated the knowledge, skills, and behaviors necessary to enter autonomous practice. (Core)
V.A.2.a).(2).(c)	be shared with the fellow upon completion of the program. (Core)	5.2.d.	The final evaluation must be shared with the fellow upon completion of the program. (Core)

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Roman Numeral Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
requirement Number	Requirement Language	Number	Clinical Competency Committee
V.A.3.	A Clinical Competency Committee must be appointed by the program director. (Core)	5.3.	A Clinical Competency Committee must be appointed by the program director. (Core)
V.A.3.a)	At a minimum the Clinical Competency Committee must include three members, at least one of whom is a core faculty member. Members must be faculty members from the same program or other programs, or other health professionals who have extensive contact and experience with the program's fellows. (Core)	5.3.a.	At a minimum the Clinical Competency Committee must include three members, at least one of whom is a core faculty member. Members must be faculty members from the same program or other programs, or other health professionals who have extensive contact and experience with the program's fellows. (Core)
V.A.3.b)	The Clinical Competency Committee must:	[None]	
V.A.3.b).(1)	review all fellow evaluations at least semi-annually; (Core)	5.3.b.	The Clinical Competency Committee must review all fellow evaluations at least semi-annually. (Core)
V.A.3.b).(2)	determine each fellow's progress on achievement of the subspecialty- specific Milestones; and, (Core)	5.3.c.	The Clinical Competency Committee must determine each fellow's progress on achievement of the subspecialty-specific Milestones. (Core) The Clinical Competency Committee must meet prior to the fellows' semi-
V.A.3.b).(3)	meet prior to the fellows' semi-annual evaluations and advise the program director regarding each fellow's progress. (Core)	5.3.d.	annual evaluations and advise the program director regarding each fellow's progress. (Core)
V.B.	Faculty Evaluation	5.4.	Faculty Evaluation The program must have a process to evaluate each faculty member's performance as it relates to the educational program at least annually. (Core)
V.B.1.	The program must have a process to evaluate each faculty member's performance as it relates to the educational program at least annually. (Core)	5.4.	Faculty Evaluation The program must have a process to evaluate each faculty member's performance as it relates to the educational program at least annually. (Core)
V.B.1.a)	This evaluation must include a review of the faculty member's clinical teaching abilities, engagement with the educational program, participation in faculty development related to their skills as an educator, clinical performance, professionalism, and scholarly activities. (Core)	5.4.a.	This evaluation must include a review of the faculty member's clinical teaching abilities, engagement with the educational program, participation in faculty development related to their skills as an educator, clinical performance, professionalism, and scholarly activities. (Core)
V.B.1.b)	This evaluation must include written, confidential evaluations by the fellows. (Core)	5.4.b.	This evaluation must include written, confidential evaluations by the fellows. (Core)
V.B.2.	Faculty members must receive feedback on their evaluations at least annually. (Core)	5.4.c.	Faculty members must receive feedback on their evaluations at least annually. (Core)
V.B.3.	Results of the faculty educational evaluations should be incorporated into program-wide faculty development plans. (Core)	5.4.d.	Results of the faculty educational evaluations should be incorporated into program-wide faculty development plans. (Core)
V.C.	Program Evaluation and Improvement	5.5.	Program Evaluation and Improvement The program director must appoint the Program Evaluation Committee to conduct and document the Annual Program Evaluation as part of the program's continuous improvement process. (Core)
V.C.1	The program director must appoint the Program Evaluation Committee to conduct and document the Annual Program Evaluation as part of the program's continuous improvement process. (Core)	5.5.	Program Evaluation and Improvement The program director must appoint the Program Evaluation Committee to conduct and document the Annual Program Evaluation as part of the program's continuous improvement process. (Core)
V.C.1.a)	The Program Evaluation Committee must be composed of at least two program faculty members, at least one of whom is a core faculty member, and at least one fellow. (Core)	5.5.a.	The Program Evaluation Committee must be composed of at least two program faculty members, at least one of whom is a core faculty member, and at least one fellow. (Core)

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V.C.1.b)	Program Evaluation Committee responsibilities must include:	[None]	. toquilonioni Lunguago
V.C.1.b).(1)	review of the program's self-determined goals and progress toward meeting them; (Core)	5.5.b.	Program Evaluation Committee responsibilities must include review of the program's self-determined goals and progress toward meeting them. (Core)
V.C.1.b).(2)	guiding ongoing program improvement, including development of new goals, based upon outcomes; and, (Core)	5.5.c.	Program Evaluation Committee responsibilities must include guiding ongoing program improvement, including development of new goals, based upon outcomes. (Core)
V.C.1.b).(3)	review of the current operating environment to identify strengths, challenges, opportunities, and threats as related to the program's mission and aims. (Core)	5.5.d.	Program Evaluation Committee responsibilities must include review of the current operating environment to identify strengths, challenges, opportunities, and threats as related to the program's mission and aims. (Core)
V.C.1.c)	The Program Evaluation Committee should consider the outcomes from prior Annual Program Evaluation(s), aggregate fellow and faculty written evaluations of the program, and other relevant data in its assessment of the program. (Core)	5.5.e.	The Program Evaluation Committee should consider the outcomes from prior Annual Program Evaluation(s), aggregate fellow and faculty written evaluations of the program, and other relevant data in its assessment of the program. (Core)
V.C.1.d)	The Program Evaluation Committee must evaluate the program's mission and aims, strengths, areas for improvement, and threats. (Core)	5.5.f.	The Program Evaluation Committee must evaluate the program's mission and aims, strengths, areas for improvement, and threats. (Core)
V.C.1.e)	The Annual Program Evaluation, including the action plan, must be distributed to and discussed with the fellows and the members of the teaching faculty, and be submitted to the DIO. (Core)	5.5.g.	The Annual Program Evaluation, including the action plan, must be distributed to and discussed with the fellows and the members of the teaching faculty, and be submitted to the DIO. (Core)
V.C.2.	The program must participate in a Self-Study and submit it to the DIO. (Core)	5.5.h.	The program must participate in a Self-Study and submit it to the DIO. (Core)
V.C.3.	One goal of ACGME-accredited education is to educate physicians who seek and achieve board certification. One measure of the effectiveness of the educational program is the ultimate pass rate. The program director should encourage all eligible program graduates to take the certifying examination offered by the applicable American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS) member board or American Osteopathic Association (AOA) certifying board.	[None]	Board Certification One goal of ACGME-accredited education is to educate physicians who seek and achieve board certification. One measure of the effectiveness of the educational program is the ultimate pass rate. The program director should encourage all eligible program graduates to take the certifying examination offered by the applicable American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS) member board or American Osteopathic Association (AOA) certifying board.
V.C.3.a)	For subspecialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) an annual written exam, in the preceding three years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that subspecialty. (Outcome)	5.6.	Board Certification For subspecialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) an annual written exam, in the preceding three years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that subspecialty. (Outcome)
V.C.3.b)	For subspecialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) a biennial written exam, in the preceding six years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that subspecialty. (Outcome)	5.6.a.	For subspecialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) a biennial written exam, in the preceding six years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that subspecialty. (Outcome)

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V.C.3.c)	For subspecialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) an annual oral exam, in the preceding three years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that subspecialty. (Outcome)	5.6.b.	For subspecialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) an annual oral exam, in the preceding three years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that subspecialty. (Outcome)
V.C.3.d)	For subspecialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) a biennial oral exam, in the preceding six years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that subspecialty. (Outcome)	5.6.c.	For subspecialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) a biennial oral exam, in the preceding six years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that subspecialty. (Outcome)
V.C.3.e)	For each of the exams referenced in V.C.3.a)-d), any program whose graduates over the time period specified in the requirement have achieved an 80 percent pass rate will have met this requirement, no matter the percentile rank of the program for pass rate in that subspecialty. (Outcome)	5.6.d.	For each of the exams referenced in 5.6. – 5.6.c., any program whose graduates over the time period specified in the requirement have achieved an 80 percent pass rate will have met this requirement, no matter the percentile rank of the program for pass rate in that subspecialty. (Outcome)
V.C.3.f)	Programs must report, in ADS, board certification status annually for the cohort of board-eligible fellows that graduated seven years earlier. (Core)	5.6.e.	Programs must report, in ADS, board certification status annually for the cohort of board-eligible fellows that graduated seven years earlier. (Core)
	The Learning and Working Environment Fellowship education must occur in the context of a learning and working environment that emphasizes the following principles: •Excellence in the safety and quality of care rendered to patients by fellows today •Excellence in the safety and quality of care rendered to patients by today's fellows in their future practice •Excellence in professionalism •Appreciation for the privilege of providing care for patients •Commitment to the well-being of the students, residents, fellows, faculty members, and all members of the health care team		Section 6: The Learning and Working Environment The Learning and Working Environment Fellowship education must occur in the context of a learning and working environment that emphasizes the following principles: •Excellence in the safety and quality of care rendered to patients by fellows today •Excellence in the safety and quality of care rendered to patients by today's fellows in their future practice •Excellence in professionalism •Appreciation for the privilege of providing care for patients •Commitment to the well-being of the students, residents, fellows, faculty members, and all members of the health care team
VI.		Section 6	
VI.A.	Patient Safety, Quality Improvement, Supervision, and Accountability	[None]	
VI.A.1.	Patient Safety and Quality Improvement	[None]	
VI.A.1.a)	Patient Safety	[None]	

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Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Number	Requirement Language
VI.A.1.a).(1)	Culture of Safety A culture of safety requires continuous identification of vulnerabilities and a willingness to transparently deal with them. An effective organization has formal mechanisms to assess the knowledge, skills, and attitudes of its personnel toward safety in order to identify areas for improvement.	[None]	Culture of Safety A culture of safety requires continuous identification of vulnerabilities and a willingness to transparently deal with them. An effective organization has formal mechanisms to assess the knowledge, skills, and attitudes of its personnel toward safety in order to identify areas for improvement.
VI.A.1.a).(1).(a)	The program, its faculty, residents, and fellows must actively participate in patient safety systems and contribute to a culture of safety. (Core)	6.1.	The program, its faculty, residents, and fellows must actively participate in patient safety systems and contribute to a culture of safety. (Core)
VI.A.1.a).(2)	Patient Safety Events Reporting, investigation, and follow-up of safety events, near misses, and unsafe conditions are pivotal mechanisms for improving patient safety, and are essential for the success of any patient safety program. Feedback and experiential learning are essential to developing true competence in the ability to identify causes and institute sustainable systems-based changes to ameliorate patient safety vulnerabilities.	[None]	Patient Safety Events Reporting, investigation, and follow-up of safety events, near misses, and unsafe conditions are pivotal mechanisms for improving patient safety, and are essential for the success of any patient safety program. Feedback and experiential learning are essential to developing true competence in the ability to identify causes and institute sustainable systems-based changes to ameliorate patient safety vulnerabilities.
VI.A.1.a).(2).(a)	Residents, fellows, faculty members, and other clinical staff members must:	[None]	
VI.A.1.a).(2).(a).(i)	know their responsibilities in reporting patient safety events and unsafe conditions at the clinical site, including how to report such events; and, (Core)	6.2.	Residents, fellows, faculty members, and other clinical staff members must know their responsibilities in reporting patient safety events and unsafe conditions at the clinical site, including how to report such events. (Core)
	be provided with summary information of their institution's patient safety	6.2.a.	Residents, fellows, faculty members, and other clinical staff members must be provided with summary information of their institution's patient safety reports. (Core)
VI.A.1.a).(2).(b)	Fellows must participate as team members in real and/or simulated interprofessional clinical patient safety and quality improvement activities, such as root cause analyses or other activities that include analysis, as well as formulation and implementation of actions. (Core)	6.3.	Fellows must participate as team members in real and/or simulated interprofessional clinical patient safety and quality improvement activities, such as root cause analyses or other activities that include analysis, as well as formulation and implementation of actions. (Core)
VI.A.1.a).(3)	Quality Metrics Access to data is essential to prioritizing activities for care improvement and evaluating success of improvement efforts.	[None]	Quality Metrics Access to data is essential to prioritizing activities for care improvement and evaluating success of improvement efforts.
VI.A.1.a).(3).(a)	Fellows and faculty members must receive data on quality metrics and benchmarks related to their patient populations. (Core)	6.4.	Fellows and faculty members must receive data on quality metrics and benchmarks related to their patient populations. (Core)

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VI.A.2.	Supervision and Accountability	[None]	Supervision and Accountability Although the attending physician is ultimately responsible for the care of the patient, every physician shares in the responsibility and accountability for their efforts in the provision of care. Effective programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, define, widely communicate, and monitor a structured chain of responsibility and accountability as it relates to the supervision of all patient care. Supervision in the setting of graduate medical education provides safe and effective care to patients; ensures each fellow's development of the skills, knowledge, and attitudes required to enter the unsupervised practice of medicine; and establishes a foundation for continued professional growth.
	Although the attending physician is ultimately responsible for the care of the patient, every physician shares in the responsibility and accountability for their efforts in the provision of care. Effective programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, define, widely communicate, and monitor a structured chain of responsibility and accountability as it relates to the supervision of all patient care.		Supervision and Accountability Although the attending physician is ultimately responsible for the care of the patient, every physician shares in the responsibility and accountability for their efforts in the provision of care. Effective programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, define, widely communicate, and monitor a structured chain of responsibility and accountability as it relates to the supervision of all patient care.
	Supervision in the setting of graduate medical education provides safe and effective care to patients; ensures each fellow's development of the skills, knowledge, and attitudes required to enter the unsupervised practice of medicine; and establishes a foundation for continued professional growth.	[None]	Supervision in the setting of graduate medical education provides safe and effective care to patients; ensures each fellow's development of the skills, knowledge, and attitudes required to enter the unsupervised practice of medicine; and establishes a foundation for continued professional growth.
VI.A.2.a).(1)	Fellows and faculty members must inform each patient of their respective roles in that patient's care when providing direct patient care. (Core)	6.5.	Fellows and faculty members must inform each patient of their respective roles in that patient's care when providing direct patient care. This information must be available to fellows, faculty members, other members of the health care team, and patients. (Core)
VI.A.2.a).(1).(a)	This information must be available to fellows, faculty members, other members of the health care team, and patients. (Core)	6.5.	Fellows and faculty members must inform each patient of their respective roles in that patient's care when providing direct patient care. This information must be available to fellows, faculty members, other members of the health care team, and patients. (Core)
	The program must demonstrate that the appropriate level of supervision in place for all fellows is based on each fellow's level of training and ability, as well as patient complexity and acuity. Supervision may be exercised through a variety of methods, as appropriate to the situation. (Core)	6.6.	The program must demonstrate that the appropriate level of supervision in place for all fellows is based on each fellow's level of training and ability, as well as patient complexity and acuity. Supervision may be exercised through a variety of methods, as appropriate to the situation. (Core)
	Levels of Supervision To promote appropriate fellow supervision while providing for graded authority and responsibility, the program must use the following	[None]	Levels of Supervision To promote appropriate fellow supervision while providing for graded authority and responsibility, the program must use the following classification of supervision.

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	To quinter a series a	710000	Direct Supervision The supervising physician is physically present with the fellow during the key portions of the patient interaction.
VI.A.2.b).(1)	Direct Supervision:	6.7.	The supervising physician and/or patient is not physically present with the fellow and the supervising physician is concurrently monitoring the patient care through appropriate telecommunication technology.
			Direct Supervision The supervising physician is physically present with the fellow during the key portions of the patient interaction.
VI.A.2.b).(1).(a)	the supervising physician is physically present with the fellow during the key portions of the patient interaction; or,	6.7.	The supervising physician and/or patient is not physically present with the fellow and the supervising physician is concurrently monitoring the patient care through appropriate telecommunication technology.
			Direct Supervision The supervising physician is physically present with the fellow during the key portions of the patient interaction.
VI.A.2.b).(1).(b)	the supervising physician and/or patient is not physically present with the fellow and the supervising physician is concurrently monitoring the patient care through appropriate telecommunication technology.	6.7.	The supervising physician and/or patient is not physically present with the fellow and the supervising physician is concurrently monitoring the patient care through appropriate telecommunication technology.
VI.A.2.b).(2)	Indirect Supervision: the supervising physician is not providing physical or concurrent visual or audio supervision but is immediately available to the fellow for guidance and is available to provide appropriate direct supervision.	[None]	Indirect Supervision The supervising physician is not providing physical or concurrent visual or audio supervision but is immediately available to the fellow for guidance and is available to provide appropriate direct supervision.
VI.A.2.b).(3)	Oversight – the supervising physician is available to provide review of procedures/encounters with feedback provided after care is delivered.	[None]	Oversight The supervising physician is available to provide review of procedures/encounters with feedback provided after care is delivered.
VI.A.2.c)	The program must define when physical presence of a supervising physician is required. (Core)	6.8.	The program must define when physical presence of a supervising physician is required. (Core)
VI.A.2.d)	The privilege of progressive authority and responsibility, conditional independence, and a supervisory role in patient care delegated to each fellow must be assigned by the program director and faculty members. (Core)	6.9.	The privilege of progressive authority and responsibility, conditional independence, and a supervisory role in patient care delegated to each fellow must be assigned by the program director and faculty members. (Core)
VI.A.2.d).(1)	The program director must evaluate each fellow's abilities based on specific criteria, guided by the Milestones. (Core)	6.9.a.	The program director must evaluate each fellow's abilities based on specific criteria, guided by the Milestones. (Core)
VI.A.2.d).(2)	Faculty members functioning as supervising physicians must delegate portions of care to fellows based on the needs of the patient and the skills of each fellow. (Core)	6.9.b.	Faculty members functioning as supervising physicians must delegate portions of care to fellows based on the needs of the patient and the skills of each fellow. (Core)
VI.A.2.d).(3)	Fellows should serve in a supervisory role to junior fellows and residents in recognition of their progress toward independence, based on the needs of each patient and the skills of the individual resident or fellow. (Detail)	6.9.c.	Fellows should serve in a supervisory role to junior fellows and residents in recognition of their progress toward independence, based on the needs of each patient and the skills of the individual resident or fellow. (Detail)

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VI.A.2.e)	Programs must set guidelines for circumstances and events in which fellows must communicate with the supervising faculty member(s). (Core)	6.10.	Programs must set guidelines for circumstances and events in which fellows must communicate with the supervising faculty member(s). (Core)
VI.A.2.e).(1)	Each fellow must know the limits of their scope of authority, and the circumstances under which the fellow is permitted to act with conditional independence. (Outcome)	6.10.a.	Each fellow must know the limits of their scope of authority, and the circumstances under which the fellow is permitted to act with conditional independence. (Outcome)
VI.A.2.f)	Faculty supervision assignments must be of sufficient duration to assess the knowledge and skills of each fellow and to delegate to the fellow the appropriate level of patient care authority and responsibility. (Core)	6.11.	Faculty supervision assignments must be of sufficient duration to assess the knowledge and skills of each fellow and to delegate to the fellow the appropriate level of patient care authority and responsibility. (Core)
VI.B.	Professionalism	6.12.	Professionalism Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must educate fellows and faculty members concerning the professional and ethical responsibilities of physicians, including but not limited to their obligation to be appropriately rested and fit to provide the care required by their patients. (Core)
VI.B.1.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must educate fellows and faculty members concerning the professional and ethical responsibilities of physicians, including but not limited to their obligation to be appropriately rested and fit to provide the care required by their patients. (Core)	6.12.	Professionalism Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must educate fellows and faculty members concerning the professional and ethical responsibilities of physicians, including but not limited to their obligation to be appropriately rested and fit to provide the care required by their patients. (Core)
VI.B.2.	The learning objectives of the program must:	[None]	
VI.B.2.a)	be accomplished without excessive reliance on fellows to fulfill non-physician obligations; (Core)	6.12.a.	The learning objectives of the program must be accomplished without excessive reliance on fellows to fulfill non-physician obligations. (Core)
VI.B.2.b)	ensure manageable patient care responsibilities; and, (Core)	6.12.b.	The learning objectives of the program must ensure manageable patient care responsibilities. (Core)
VI.B.2.c)	include efforts to enhance the meaning that each fellow finds in the experience of being a physician, including protecting time with patients, providing administrative support, promoting progressive independence and flexibility, and enhancing professional relationships. (Core)	6.12.c.	The learning objectives of the program must include efforts to enhance the meaning that each fellow finds in the experience of being a physician, including protecting time with patients, providing administrative support, promoting progressive independence and flexibility, and enhancing professional relationships. (Core)
VI.B.3.	The program director, in partnership with the Sponsoring Institution, must provide a culture of professionalism that supports patient safety and personal responsibility. (Core)	6.12.d.	The program director, in partnership with the Sponsoring Institution, must provide a culture of professionalism that supports patient safety and personal responsibility. (Core)
VI.B.4.	Fellows and faculty members must demonstrate an understanding of their personal role in the safety and welfare of patients entrusted to their care, including the ability to report unsafe conditions and safety events. (Core)	6.12.e.	Fellows and faculty members must demonstrate an understanding of their personal role in the safety and welfare of patients entrusted to their care, including the ability to report unsafe conditions and safety events. (Core)
VI.B.5.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must provide a professional, equitable, respectful, and civil environment that is psychologically safe and that is free from discrimination, sexual and other forms of harassment, mistreatment, abuse, or coercion of students, fellows, faculty, and staff. (Core)	6.12.f.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must provide a professional, equitable, respectful, and civil environment that is psychologically safe and that is free from discrimination, sexual and other forms of harassment, mistreatment, abuse, or coercion of students, fellows, faculty, and staff. (Core)
VI.D.3.	renows, ractify, and stan. (Core)	0.12.1.	nenows, racuity, and stan. (Core)

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VI.B.6.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, should have a process for education of fellows and faculty regarding unprofessional behavior and a confidential process for reporting, investigating, and addressing such concerns. (Core)	6.12.g.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, should have a process for education of fellows and faculty regarding unprofessional behavior and a confidential process for reporting, investigating, and addressing such concerns. (Core)
	Psychological, emotional, and physical well-being are critical in the development of the competent, caring, and resilient physician and require proactive attention to life inside and outside of medicine. Well-being requires that physicians retain the joy in medicine while managing their own real-life stresses. Self-care and responsibility to support other members of the health care team are important components of professionalism; they are also skills that must be modeled, learned, and nurtured in the context of other aspects of fellowship training. Fellows and faculty members are at risk for burnout and depression. Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, have the same responsibility to address well-being as other aspects of resident competence. Physicians and all members of the health care team share responsibility for the well-being of each other. A positive culture in a clinical learning environment models constructive behaviors, and		Well-Being Psychological, emotional, and physical well-being are critical in the development of the competent, caring, and resilient physician and require proactive attention to life inside and outside of medicine. Well-being requires that physicians retain the joy in medicine while managing their own real-life stresses. Self-care and responsibility to support other members of the health care team are important components of professionalism; they are also skills that must be modeled, learned, and nurtured in the context of other aspects of fellowship training. Fellows and faculty members are at risk for burnout and depression. Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, have the same responsibility to address well-being as other aspects of resident competence. Physicians and all members of the health care team share responsibility for the well-being of each other. A positive culture in a clinical learning environment models constructive behaviors, and
VI.C.	prepares fellows with the skills and attitudes needed to thrive throughout their careers.	[None]	prepares fellows with the skills and attitudes needed to thrive throughout their careers.
VI.C.1.	The responsibility of the program, in partnership with the Sponsoring Institution, must include:	6.13.	The responsibility of the program, in partnership with the Sponsoring Institution, must include:
VI.C.1.a)	attention to scheduling, work intensity, and work compression that impacts fellow well-being; (Core)	6.13.a.	attention to scheduling, work intensity, and work compression that impacts fellow well-being; (Core)
VI.C.1.b)	evaluating workplace safety data and addressing the safety of fellows and faculty members; (Core)	6.13.b.	evaluating workplace safety data and addressing the safety of fellows and faculty members; (Core)
VI.C.1.c)	policies and programs that encourage optimal fellow and faculty member well-being; and, (Core)	6.13.c.	policies and programs that encourage optimal fellow and faculty member well-being; and, (Core)
VI.C.1.c).(1)	Fellows must be given the opportunity to attend medical, mental health, and dental care appointments, including those scheduled during their working hours. (Core)	6.13.c.1.	Fellows must be given the opportunity to attend medical, mental health, and dental care appointments, including those scheduled during their working hours. (Core)
VI.C.1.d)	education of fellows and faculty members in:	6.13.d.	education of fellows and faculty members in:
VI.C.1.d).(1)	identification of the symptoms of burnout, depression, and substance use disorders, suicidal ideation, or potential for violence, including means to assist those who experience these conditions; (Core)	6.13.d.1.	identification of the symptoms of burnout, depression, and substance use disorders, suicidal ideation, or potential for violence, including means to assist those who experience these conditions; (Core)
VI.C.1.d).(2)	recognition of these symptoms in themselves and how to seek appropriate care; and, (Core)	6.13.d.2.	recognition of these symptoms in themselves and how to seek appropriate care; and, (Core)
VI.C.1.d).(3)	access to appropriate tools for self-screening. (Core)	6.13.d.3.	access to appropriate tools for self-screening. (Core)
VI.C.1.e)	providing access to confidential, affordable mental health assessment, counseling, and treatment, including access to urgent and emergent care 24 hours a day, seven days a week. (Core)	6.13.e.	providing access to confidential, affordable mental health assessment, counseling, and treatment, including access to urgent and emergent care 24 hours a day, seven days a week. (Core)

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VI.C.2.	There are circumstances in which fellows may be unable to attend work, including but not limited to fatigue, illness, family emergencies, and medical, parental, or caregiver leave. Each program must allow an appropriate length of absence for fellows unable to perform their patient care responsibilities. (Core)	6.14.	There are circumstances in which fellows may be unable to attend work, including but not limited to fatigue, illness, family emergencies, and medical, parental, or caregiver leave. Each program must allow an appropriate length of absence for fellows unable to perform their patient care responsibilities. (Core)
VI.C.2.a)	The program must have policies and procedures in place to ensure coverage of patient care and ensure continuity of patient care. (Core)	6.14.a.	The program must have policies and procedures in place to ensure coverage of patient care and ensure continuity of patient care. (Core)
VI.C.2.b)	These policies must be implemented without fear of negative consequences for the fellow who is or was unable to provide the clinical work. (Core)	6.14.b.	These policies must be implemented without fear of negative consequences for the fellow who is or was unable to provide the clinical work. (Core)
VI.D.	Fatigue Mitigation	6.15.	Fatigue Mitigation Programs must educate all fellows and faculty members in recognition of the signs of fatigue and sleep deprivation, alertness management, and fatigue mitigation processes. (Detail)
VI.D.1.	Programs must educate all fellows and faculty members in recognition of the signs of fatigue and sleep deprivation, alertness management, and fatigue mitigation processes. (Detail)	6.15.	Fatigue Mitigation Programs must educate all fellows and faculty members in recognition of the signs of fatigue and sleep deprivation, alertness management, and fatigue mitigation processes. (Detail)
VI.D.2.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure adequate sleep facilities and safe transportation options for fellows who may be too fatigued to safely return home. (Core)	6.16.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure adequate sleep facilities and safe transportation options for fellows who may be too fatigued to safely return home. (Core)
VI.E.	Clinical Responsibilities, Teamwork, and Transitions of Care	[None]	
VI.E.1.	Clinical Responsibilities The clinical responsibilities for each fellow must be based on PGY level, patient safety, fellow ability, severity and complexity of patient illness/condition, and available support services. (Core)	6.17.	Clinical Responsibilities The clinical responsibilities for each fellow must be based on PGY level, patient safety, fellow ability, severity and complexity of patient illness/condition, and available support services. (Core)
VI.E.2.	Teamwork Fellows must care for patients in an environment that maximizes communication and promotes safe, interprofessional, team-based care in the subspecialty and larger health system. (Core)	6.18.	Teamwork Fellows must care for patients in an environment that maximizes communication and promotes safe, interprofessional, team-based care in the subspecialty and larger health system. (Core)
VI.E.2.a)	Epidemiologists, infection prevention practitioners, medical laboratory professionals, members of clinical service teams, pharmacists, and other medical professionals should be included as part of an interprofessional team. (Detail)	6.18.a.	Epidemiologists, infection prevention practitioners, medical laboratory professionals, members of clinical service teams, pharmacists, and other medical professionals should be included as part of an interprofessional team. (Detail)
VI.E.2.b)	Fellows must demonstrate the ability to work and communicate with health care professionals to provide effective, patient-focused care. (Outcome)	6.18.b.	Fellows must demonstrate the ability to work and communicate with health care professionals to provide effective, patient-focused care. (Outcome)
VI.E.3.	Transitions of Care	6.19.	Transitions of Care Programs must design clinical assignments to optimize transitions in patient care, including their safety, frequency, and structure. (Core)
VI.E.3.a)	Programs must design clinical assignments to optimize transitions in patient care, including their safety, frequency, and structure. (Core)	6.19.	Transitions of Care Programs must design clinical assignments to optimize transitions in patient care, including their safety, frequency, and structure. (Core)

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	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must ensure and monitor effective, structured hand-off processes to facilitate both		Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must ensure and monitor effective, structured hand-off processes to facilitate both
VI.E.3.b)	· ·	6.19.a.	continuity of care and patient safety. (Core)
VI.L.3.D)	Programs must ensure that fellows are competent in communicating with	0.19.a.	
VI.E.3.c)	•	6.19.b.	Programs must ensure that fellows are competent in communicating with team members in the hand-off process. (Outcome)
VI.L.3.C)		0.13.0.	team members in the nand-on process. (Outcome)
	Clinical Experience and Education		
	Durangene in mantagenehin with their Corona spinar heatitutions, moved design		Clinical Experience and Education
	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must design		Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must design
	an effective program structure that is configured to provide fellows with		an effective program structure that is configured to provide fellows with
\/I =	educational and clinical experience opportunities, as well as reasonable	[None]	educational and clinical experience opportunities, as well as reasonable
VI.F.	 	[None]	opportunities for rest and personal activities.
	Maximum Hours of Clinical and Educational Work per Week		
			Maximum Hours of Clinical and Educational Work per Week
	Clinical and educational work hours must be limited to no more than 80		Clinical and educational work hours must be limited to no more than 80
	hours per week, averaged over a four-week period, inclusive of all in-		hours per week, averaged over a four-week period, inclusive of all in-
\	house clinical and educational activities, clinical work done from home,	0.00	house clinical and educational activities, clinical work done from home,
VI.F.1.	and all moonlighting. (Core)	6.20.	and all moonlighting. (Core)
			Mandatory Time Free of Clinical Work and Education
= -			Fellows should have eight hours off between scheduled clinical work and
VI.F.2.	Mandatory Time Free of Clinical Work and Education	6.21.	education periods. (Detail)
			Mandatory Time Free of Clinical Work and Education
	Fellows should have eight hours off between scheduled clinical work and		Fellows should have eight hours off between scheduled clinical work and
VI.F.2.a)		6.21.	education periods. (Detail)
	Fellows must have at least 14 hours free of clinical work and education		Fellows must have at least 14 hours free of clinical work and education
VI.F.2.b)	,	6.21.a.	after 24 hours of in-house call. (Core)
	Fellows must be scheduled for a minimum of one day in seven free of		Fellows must be scheduled for a minimum of one day in seven free of
	clinical work and required education (when averaged over four weeks). At-		clinical work and required education (when averaged over four weeks). At-
VI.F.2.c)	home call cannot be assigned on these free days. (Core)	6.21.b.	home call cannot be assigned on these free days. (Core)
			Maximum Clinical Work and Education Period Length
			Clinical and educational work periods for fellows must not exceed 24
VI.F.3.	Maximum Clinical Work and Education Period Length	6.22.	hours of continuous scheduled clinical assignments. (Core)
			Maximum Clinical Work and Education Period Length
	Clinical and educational work periods for fellows must not exceed 24		Clinical and educational work periods for fellows must not exceed 24
VI.F.3.a)	hours of continuous scheduled clinical assignments. (Core)	6.22.	hours of continuous scheduled clinical assignments. (Core)
	Up to four hours of additional time may be used for activities related to		Up to four hours of additional time may be used for activities related to
	patient safety, such as providing effective transitions of care, and/or		patient safety, such as providing effective transitions of care, and/or
	fellow education. Additional patient care responsibilities must not be		fellow education. Additional patient care responsibilities must not be
VI.F.3.a).(1)	assigned to a fellow during this time. (Core)	6.22.a.	assigned to a fellow during this time. (Core)
			Clinical and Educational Work Hour Exceptions
			In rare circumstances, after handing off all other responsibilities, a fellow,
			on their own initiative, may elect to remain or return to the clinical site in
			the following circumstances: to continue to provide care to a single
			severely ill or unstable patient; to give humanistic attention to the needs
			of a patient or patient's family; or to attend unique educational events.
VI.F.4.	Clinical and Educational Work Hour Exceptions	6.23.	(Detail)

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Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
VI.F.4.a)	In rare circumstances, after handing off all other responsibilities, a fellow, on their own initiative, may elect to remain or return to the clinical site in the following circumstances: to continue to provide care to a single severely ill or unstable patient; to give humanistic attention to the needs of a patient or patient's family; or to attend unique educational events. (Detail)	6.23.	Clinical and Educational Work Hour Exceptions In rare circumstances, after handing off all other responsibilities, a fellow, on their own initiative, may elect to remain or return to the clinical site in the following circumstances: to continue to provide care to a single severely ill or unstable patient; to give humanistic attention to the needs of a patient or patient's family; or to attend unique educational events. (Detail)
VI.F.4.b)	These additional hours of care or education must be counted toward the 80-hour weekly limit. (Detail)	6.23.a.	These additional hours of care or education must be counted toward the 80-hour weekly limit. (Detail)
	A Review Committee may grant rotation-specific exceptions for up to 10 percent or a maximum of 88 clinical and educational work hours to individual programs based on a sound educational rationale.		A Review Committee may grant rotation-specific exceptions for up to 10 percent or a maximum of 88 clinical and educational work hours to individual programs based on a sound educational rationale.
VI.F.4.c)	The Review Committee for Pathology will not consider requests for exceptions to the 80-hour limit to the fellows' work week.	6.24.	The Review Committee for Pathology will not consider requests for exceptions to the 80-hour limit to the fellows' work week.
VI.F.5.	Moonlighting	6.25.	Moonlighting Moonlighting must not interfere with the ability of the fellow to achieve the goals and objectives of the educational program, and must not interfere with the fellow's fitness for work nor compromise patient safety. (Core)
VI.F.5.a)	Moonlighting must not interfere with the ability of the fellow to achieve the goals and objectives of the educational program, and must not interfere with the fellow's fitness for work nor compromise patient safety. (Core)	6.25.	Moonlighting Moonlighting must not interfere with the ability of the fellow to achieve the goals and objectives of the educational program, and must not interfere with the fellow's fitness for work nor compromise patient safety. (Core)
VI.F.5.b)	Time spent by fellows in internal and external moonlighting (as defined in the ACGME Glossary of Terms) must be counted toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. (Core)	6.25.a.	Time spent by fellows in internal and external moonlighting (as defined in the ACGME Glossary of Terms) must be counted toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. (Core)
VI.F.6.	In-House Night Float Night float must occur within the context of the 80-hour and one-day-off-in-seven requirements. (Core)	6.26.	In-House Night Float Night float must occur within the context of the 80-hour and one-day-off-in-seven requirements. (Core)
VI.F.7.	Maximum In-House On-Call Frequency Fellows must be scheduled for in-house call no more frequently than every third night (when averaged over a four-week period). (Core)	6.27.	Maximum In-House On-Call Frequency Fellows must be scheduled for in-house call no more frequently than every third night (when averaged over a four-week period). (Core)
VI.F.8.	At-Home Call	6.28.	At-Home Call Time spent on patient care activities by fellows on at-home call must count toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. The frequency of at-home call is not subject to the every-third-night limitation, but must satisfy the requirement for one day in seven free of clinical work and education, when averaged over four weeks. (Core)

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	Time spent on patient care activities by fellows on at-home call must count toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. The frequency of athome call is not subject to the every-third-night limitation, but must satisfy the requirement for one day in seven free of clinical work and education, when averaged over four weeks. (Core)		At-Home Call Time spent on patient care activities by fellows on at-home call must count toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. The frequency of at- home call is not subject to the every-third-night limitation, but must satisfy the requirement for one day in seven free of clinical work and education, when averaged over four weeks. (Core)
	At-home call must not be so frequent or taxing as to preclude rest or reasonable personal time for each fellow. (Core)	6.28.a.	At-home call must not be so frequent or taxing as to preclude rest or reasonable personal time for each fellow. (Core)