Requirement		Requirement	
Number - Pre- Reformatting	Requirement Language - Pre-Reformatting	Number - Reformatted	Requirement Language - Refor
	Definition of Graduate Medical Education		Definition of Graduate Medical Education Fellowship is advanced graduate medical educat residency program for physicians who desire to
	Fellowship is advanced graduate medical education beyond a core residency program for physicians who desire to enter more specialized practice. Fellowship-trained physicians serve the public by providing subspecialty care, which may also include core medical care, acting as a community resource for expertise in their field, creating and integrating new knowledge into practice, and educating future generations of physicians. Graduate medical education values the strength that a diverse group of physicians brings to medical care, and the importance of inclusive and psychologically safe learning environments.		specialized practice. Fellowship-trained physicia by providing subspecialty care, which may also care, acting as a community resource for experti creating and integrating new knowledge into pra- future generations of physicians. Graduate medi the strength that a diverse group of physicians b care, and the importance of inclusive and psycho- learning environments.
	of inclusive and psychologically safe learning environments. Fellows who have completed residency are able to practice autonomously in their core specialty. The prior medical experience and expertise of fellows distinguish them from physicians entering residency. The fellow's care of patients within the subspecialty is undertaken with appropriate faculty supervision and conditional independence. Faculty members serve as role models of excellence, compassion, cultural sensitivity, professionalism, and scholarship. The fellow develops deep medical knowledge, patient care skills, and expertise applicable to their focused area of practice. Fellowship is an intensive program of subspecialty clinical and didactic education that focuses on the multidisciplinary care of patients. Fellowship education is often physically, emotionally, and intellectually demanding, and occurs in a variety of clinical learning environments committed to graduate medical education and the well-being of patients, residents, fellows, faculty members, students, and all members of the health care team.	[None]	Fellows who have completed residency are able autonomously in their core specialty. The prior n and expertise of fellows distinguish them from pu- residency. The fellow's care of patients within the undertaken with appropriate faculty supervision independence. Faculty members serve as role m compassion, cultural sensitivity, professionalism The fellow develops deep medical knowledge, pa- expertise applicable to their focused area of prac- an intensive program of subspecialty clinical and that focuses on the multidisciplinary care of pati- education is often physically, emotionally, and in demanding, and occurs in a variety of clinical lead committed to graduate medical education and the patients, residents, fellows, faculty members, stu- members of the health care team.
	In addition to clinical education, many fellowship programs advance fellows' skills as physician-scientists. While the ability to create new knowledge within medicine is not exclusive to fellowship-educated physicians, the fellowship experience expands a physician's abilities to pursue hypothesis-driven scientific inquiry that results in contributions to the medical literature and patient care. Beyond the clinical subspecialty expertise achieved, fellows develop mentored relationships built on an infrastructure that promotes collaborative research.	[None] - (Continued)	In addition to clinical education, many fellowship fellows' skills as physician-scientists. While the knowledge within medicine is not exclusive to fe physicians, the fellowship experience expands a to pursue hypothesis-driven scientific inquiry the contributions to the medical literature and patien clinical subspecialty expertise achieved, fellows relationships built on an infrastructure that prom research.
	Definition of Subspecialty Pediatric infectious diseases programs provide fellows with background and experience to enable them to provide optimal care and consultation to pediatric patients with infectious diseases.	[None]	Definition of Subspecialty Pediatric infectious diseases programs provide fellow and experience to enable them to provide optimal ca pediatric patients with infectious diseases.
	Length of Educational Program		Length of Program
Int.C.	The educational program must be 36 months in length. (Core)	4.1.	The educational program must be 36 months in length

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ation beyond a core o enter more ians serve the public o include core medical rtise in their field, ractice, and educating dical education values brings to medical hologically safe

le to practice r medical experience physicians entering the subspecialty is on and conditional models of excellence, sm, and scholarship. patient care skills, and ractice. Fellowship is and didactic education atients. Fellowship intellectually learning environments the well-being of students, and all

nip programs advance e ability to create new fellowship-educated a physician's abilities that results in ent care. Beyond the vs develop mentored omotes collaborative

ows with background care and consultation to

igth. (Core)

The program must be sponsored by one ACGME-accredited SponsoringInstitution. (Core)Participating SitesA participating site is an organization providing educational experiencesor educational assignments/rotations for fellows.The program, with approval of its Sponsoring Institution, must designate	[None] 1.1.	Sponsoring Institution The Sponsoring Institution is the organization or e the ultimate financial and academic responsibility graduate medical education consistent with the Ac Requirements. When the Sponsoring Institution is not a rotation s program, the most commonly utilized site of clinic program is the primary clinical site. The program must be sponsored by one ACGME-a Sponsoring Institution. (Core) Participating Sites
ultimate financial and academic responsibility for a program of graduate medical education consistent with the ACGME Institutional Requirements. When the Sponsoring Institution is not a rotation site for the program, the most commonly utilized site of clinical activity for the program is the primary clinical site. The program must be sponsored by one ACGME-accredited Sponsoring Institution. ^(Core) Participating Sites A participating site is an organization providing educational experiences or educational assignments/rotations for fellows. The program, with approval of its Sponsoring Institution, must designate		The Sponsoring Institution is the organization or e the ultimate financial and academic responsibility graduate medical education consistent with the A Requirements. When the Sponsoring Institution is not a rotation s program, the most commonly utilized site of clinic program is the primary clinical site. The program must be sponsored by one ACGME-a Sponsoring Institution. (Core)
 most commonly utilized site of clinical activity for the program is the primary clinical site. The program must be sponsored by one ACGME-accredited Sponsoring Institution. ^(Core) Participating Sites A participating site is an organization providing educational experiences or educational assignments/rotations for fellows. The program, with approval of its Sponsoring Institution, must designate 		program, the most commonly utilized site of clinic program is the primary clinical site. The program must be sponsored by one ACGME-a Sponsoring Institution. (Core)
The program must be sponsored by one ACGME-accredited SponsoringInstitution. (Core)Participating SitesA participating site is an organization providing educational experiencesor educational assignments/rotations for fellows.The program, with approval of its Sponsoring Institution, must designate		The program must be sponsored by one ACGME-a Sponsoring Institution. (Core)
Participating Sites A participating site is an organization providing educational experiences or educational assignments/rotations for fellows. The program, with approval of its Sponsoring Institution, must designate		
A participating site is an organization providing educational experiences or educational assignments/rotations for fellows. The program, with approval of its Sponsoring Institution, must designate		Participating Sites
	[None]	A participating site is an organization providing ed experiences or educational assignments/rotations
a primary clinical site. (Core)	1.2.	The program, with approval of its Sponsoring Inst designate a primary clinical site. (Core)
An accredited pediatric infectious diseases program must be an integral part of a core pediatric residency program, and should be sponsored by the same ACGME-accredited Sponsoring Institution. (Core)	1.2.a.	An accredited pediatric infectious diseases program m part of a core pediatric residency program, and should same ACGME-accredited Sponsoring Institution. (Cor
The pediatric infectious diseases program should be geographically proximate to the core pediatric residency program. (Detail)	1.2.a.1.	The pediatric infectious diseases program should be g proximate to the core pediatric residency program. (D
There must be a program letter of agreement (PLA) between the program and each participating site that governs the relationship between the program and the participating site providing a required assignment. (Core)	1.3.	There must be a program letter of agreement (PLA program and each participating site that governs t between the program and the participating site pro assignment. (Core)
	[None]	
be renewed at least every 10 years; and, (Core)	1.3.a.	The PLA must be renewed at least every 10 years.
be approved by the designated institutional official (DIO). (Core)	1.3.b.	The PLA must be approved by the designated inst (DIO). (Core)
The program must monitor the clinical learning and working environment at all participating sites. (Core)	1.4.	The program must monitor the clinical learning an environment at all participating sites. (Core)
At each participating site there must be one faculty member, designated by the program director, who is accountable for fellow education for that site, in collaboration with the program director. (Core)	1.5.	At each participating site there must be one facult designated by the program director, who is accou education for that site, in collaboration with the pr (Core)
The program director must submit any additions or deletions of participating sites routinely providing an educational experience, required for all fellows, of one month full time equivalent (FTE) or more through the ACGME's Accreditation Data System (ADS). (Core)	1.6	The program director must submit any additions of participating sites routinely providing an educatio required for all fellows, of one month full time equimore through the ACGME's Accreditation Data Sympore through the ACGME's Accreditation Data Symposium contents of the symposium content contents of the symposium contents
	be renewed at least every 10 years; and, (Core) be approved by the designated institutional official (DIO). (Core) The program must monitor the clinical learning and working environment at all participating sites. (Core) At each participating site there must be one faculty member, designated by the program director, who is accountable for fellow education for that site, in collaboration with the program director. (Core) The program director must submit any additions or deletions of participating sites routinely providing an educational experience, required for all fellows, of one month full time equivalent (FTE) or more	be renewed at least every 10 years; and, (Core)1.3.a.be approved by the designated institutional official (DIO). (Core)1.3.b.The program must monitor the clinical learning and working environment at all participating sites. (Core)1.4.At each participating site there must be one faculty member, designated by the program director, who is accountable for fellow education for that site, in collaboration with the program director. (Core)1.5.The program director must submit any additions or deletions of participating sites routinely providing an educational experience, required for all fellows, of one month full time equivalent (FTE) or more1.3.b.

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s or deletions of ional experience, quivalent (FTE) or System (ADS). (Core)

	Workforce Recruitment and Retention		
I.C.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must engage in practices that focus on mission-driven, ongoing, systematic recruitment and retention of a diverse and inclusive workforce of residents (if present), fellows, faculty members, senior administrative GME staff members, and other relevant members of its academic community. (Core)	1.7.	Workforce Recruitment and Retention The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must engage in practices that focus on mission-driven, ongoing, systematic recruitment and retention of a diverse and inclusive workforce of residents (if present), fellows, faculty members, senior administrative GME staff members, and other relevant members of its academic community. (Core)
I.D.	Resources	1.8.	Resources The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure the availability of adequate resources for fellow education. (Core)
			Resources
I.D.1.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure the availability of adequate resources for fellow education. (Core)	1.8.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure the availability of adequate resources for fellow education. (Core)
I.D.1.a)	Facilities and services, including a comprehensive laboratory, pathology and imaging, must be available. (Core)	1.8.a.	Facilities and services, including a comprehensive laboratory, pathology and imaging, must be available. (Core)
I.D.1.b)	The program must have access to laboratories in order to perform testing specific to pediatric infectious diseases. (Core)	1.8.b.	The program must have access to laboratories in order to perform testing specific to pediatric infectious diseases. (Core)
I.D.1.c)	Fellows must have access to a laboratory for clinical microbiology, such that direct and frequent interaction with microbiology laboratory personnel is readily available. (Core)	1.8.c.	Fellows must have access to a laboratory for clinical microbiology, such that direct and frequent interaction with microbiology laboratory personnel is readily available. (Core)
l.D.1.d)	There must be access to clinical microbiology laboratories that have the capacity to identify infections caused by bacteria, mycobacteria, fungi, viruses, rickettsiae, chlamydiae, and parasites in tissues and body fluids. (Core)	1.8.d.	There must be access to clinical microbiology laboratories that have the capacity to identify infections caused by bacteria, mycobacteria, fungi, viruses, rickettsiae, chlamydiae, and parasites in tissues and body fluids. (Core)
I.D.1.e)	There must be an infection control program and an antimicrobial stewardship program at the clinical site(s) where the fellows spend most of their time during the educational program. (Core)	1.8.e.	There must be an infection control program and an antimicrobial stewardship program at the clinical site(s) where the fellows spend most of their time during the educational program. (Core)
I.D.1.f)	An adequate number and variety of patients with infectious diseases ranging in age from newborn through young adulthood must be available to provide a broad experience for the fellows. (Core)	1.8.f.	An adequate number and variety of patients with infectious diseases ranging in age from newborn through young adulthood must be available to provide a broad experience for the fellows. (Core)
I.D.1.f).(1).	A sufficient number of patients must be available in inpatient and outpatient settings to meet the educational needs of the program. (Core)	1.8.g.	A sufficient number of patients must be available in inpatient and outpatient settings to meet the educational needs of the program. (Core)
I.D.2.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure healthy and safe learning and working environments that promote fellow well-being and provide for:	1.9.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure healthy and safe learning and working environments that promote fellow well-being and provide for:
I.D.2.a)	access to food while on duty; (Core)	1.9.a.	access to food while on duty; (Core)
I.D.2.b)	safe, quiet, clean, and private sleep/rest facilities available and accessible for fellows with proximity appropriate for safe patient care; (Core)	1.9.b.	safe, quiet, clean, and private sleep/rest facilities available and accessible for fellows with proximity appropriate for safe patient care; (Core)
I.D.2.c)	clean and private facilities for lactation that have refrigeration capabilities, with proximity appropriate for safe patient care; (Core)	1.9.c.	clean and private facilities for lactation that have refrigeration capabilities, with proximity appropriate for safe patient care; (Core)
I.D.2.d)	security and safety measures appropriate to the participating site; and, (Core)	1.9.d.	security and safety measures appropriate to the participating site; and, (Core)
I.D.2.e)	accommodations for fellows with disabilities consistent with the Sponsoring Institution's policy. (Core)	1.9.e.	accommodations for fellows with disabilities consistent with the Sponsoring Institution's policy. (Core)

II.A.3.a)	must include subspecialty expertise and qualifications acceptable to the Review Committee; and, (Core)	2.4.	Qualifications of the Program Director: The program director must possess subspecialty qualifications acceptable to the Review Committee
II.A.3.	Qualifications of the program director:	2.4.	Qualifications of the Program Director: The program director must possess subspecialty qualifications acceptable to the Review Committe
II.A.2.a)	Number of Approved Fellow Positions < 7 Minimum Support Required (FTE) 0.2 Number of Approved Fellow Positions 7-10 Minimum Support Required (FTE) 0.4 Number of Approved Fellow Positions 11-15 Minimum Support Required (FTE) 0.5 Number of Approved Fellow Positions > 15 Minimum Support Required (FTE) 0.6	2.3.a.	Number of Approved Fellow Positions < 7 Minimum (FTE) 0.2 Number of Approved Fellow Positions 7-10 Minimum (FTE) 0.4 Number of Approved Fellow Positions 11-15 Minimum (FTE) 0.5 Number of Approved Fellow Positions > 15 Minimum (FTE) 0.6
	Program leadership, in aggregate, must be provided with support equal to a dedicated minimum time specified below for administration of the program. This may be time spent by the program director only or divided between the program director and one or more associate (or assistant) program directors. (Core)		Program leadership, in aggregate, must be provided was a dedicated minimum time specified below for administ program. This may be time spent by the program dire between the program director and one or more assoc program directors. (Core)
II.A.2.	The program director and, as applicable, the program's leadership team, must be provided with support adequate for administration of the program based upon its size and configuration. (Core)	2.3.	The program director and, as applicable, the progree team, must be provided with support adequate for the program based upon its size and configuration
II.A.1.a).(1)	Final approval of the program director resides with the Review Committee. (Core)	2.2.a.	Final approval of the program director resides wit Committee. (Core)
II.A.1.a)	The Sponsoring Institution's Graduate Medical Education Committee (GMEC) must approve a change in program director and must verify the program director's licensure and clinical appointment. (Core)	2.2.	The Sponsoring Institution's Graduate Medical Ed (GMEC) must approve a change in program direct the program director's licensure and clinical appo
II.A.1.	There must be one faculty member appointed as program director with authority and accountability for the overall program, including compliance with all applicable program requirements. (Core)	2.1.	Program Director There must be one faculty member appointed as p with authority and accountability for the overall pr compliance with all applicable program requireme
II.A.	Program Director	2.1.	Program Director There must be one faculty member appointed as p with authority and accountability for the overall pr compliance with all applicable program requireme
I.E. II.	appointed fellows' education. (Core) Personnel	1.11. Section 2	negatively impact the appointed fellows' educatio Section 2: Personnel
	The presence of other learners and other health care personnel, including but not limited to residents from other programs, subspecialty fellows, and advanced practice providers, must not negatively impact the		The presence of other learners and other health cain including but not limited to residents from other provisions subspecialty fellows, and advanced practice provi
I.D.3.	capabilities. (Core) Other Learners and Health Care Personnel	1.10.	capabilities. (Core) Other Learners and Health Care Personnel
	Fellows must have ready access to subspecialty-specific and other appropriate reference material in print or electronic format. This must include access to electronic medical literature databases with full text		Fellows must have ready access to subspecialty-s appropriate reference material in print or electron include access to electronic medical literature dat

y-specific and other onic format. This must databases with full text

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	must include current certification in the subspecialty for which they are the program director by the American Board of Pediatrics or subspecialty qualifications that are acceptable to the Review Committee; and, (Core)		The program director must possess current certification in the subspecialty for which they are the program director by the American Board of Pediatrics or subspecialty qualifications that are acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)
II.A.3.b)	[Note that while the Common Program Requirements deem certification by a certifying board of the American Osteopathic Association (AOA) acceptable, there is no AOA board that offers certification in this subspecialty]	2.4.a.	[Note that while the Common Program Requirements deem certification by a certifying board of the American Osteopathic Association (AOA) acceptable, there is no AOA board that offers certification in this subspecialty]
II.A.3.c)	must include a record of ongoing involvement in scholarly activities. (Core)	2.4.b.	The program director must have a record of ongoing involvement in scholarly activities. (Core)
II.A.4.	Program Director Responsibilities The program director must have responsibility, authority, and accountability for: administration and operations; teaching and scholarly activity; fellow recruitment and selection, evaluation, and promotion of fellows, and disciplinary action; supervision of fellows; and fellow education in the context of patient care. (Core)	2.5.	Program Director Responsibilities The program director must have responsibility, authority, and accountability for: administration and operations; teaching and scholarly activity; fellow recruitment and selection, evaluation, and promotion of fellows, and disciplinary action; supervision of fellows; and fellow education in the context of patient care. (Core)
II.A.4.a)	The program director must:	[None]	
II.A.4.a).(1)	be a role model of professionalism; (Core)	2.5.a.	The program director must be a role model of professionalism. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(2)	design and conduct the program in a fashion consistent with the needs of the community, the mission(s) of the Sponsoring Institution, and the mission(s) of the program; (Core)	2.5.b.	The program director must design and conduct the program in a fashion consistent with the needs of the community, the mission(s) of the Sponsoring Institution, and the mission(s) of the program. (Core) The program director must administer and maintain a learning
II.A.4.a).(3)	administer and maintain a learning environment conducive to educating the fellows in each of the ACGME Competency domains; (Core)	2.5.c.	environment conducive to educating the fellows in each of the ACGME Competency domains. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(4)	have the authority to approve or remove physicians and non-physicians as faculty members at all participating sites, including the designation of core faculty members, and must develop and oversee a process to evaluate candidates prior to approval; (Core)	2.5.d.	The program director must have the authority to approve or remove physicians and non-physicians as faculty members at all participating sites, including the designation of core faculty members, and must develop and oversee a process to evaluate candidates prior to approval. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(5)	have the authority to remove fellows from supervising interactions and/or learning environments that do not meet the standards of the program; (Core)	2.5.e.	The program director must have the authority to remove fellows from supervising interactions and/or learning environments that do not meet the standards of the program. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(6)	submit accurate and complete information required and requested by the DIO, GMEC, and ACGME; (Core)	2.5.f.	The program director must submit accurate and complete information required and requested by the DIO, GMEC, and ACGME. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(7)	provide a learning and working environment in which fellows have the opportunity to raise concerns, report mistreatment, and provide feedback in a confidential manner as appropriate, without fear of intimidation or retaliation; (Core)	2.5.g.	The program director must provide a learning and working environment in which fellows have the opportunity to raise concerns, report mistreatment, and provide feedback in a confidential manner as appropriate, without fear of intimidation or retaliation. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(8)	ensure the program's compliance with the Sponsoring Institution's policies and procedures related to grievances and due process, including when action is taken to suspend or dismiss, not to promote, or renew the appointment of a fellow; (Core)	2.5.h.	The program director must ensure the program's compliance with the Sponsoring Institution's policies and procedures related to grievances and due process, including when action is taken to suspend or dismiss, not to promote, or renew the appointment of a fellow. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(9)	ensure the program's compliance with the Sponsoring Institution's policies and procedures on employment and non-discrimination; (Core)	2.5.i.	The program director must ensure the program's compliance with the Sponsoring Institution's policies and procedures on employment and non-discrimination. (Core)

	Fellows must not be required to sign a non-competition guarantee or	2.4	Fellows must not be required to sign a non-competition guarantee or
.A.4.a).(9).(a)	restrictive covenant. (Core)	3.1.	restrictive covenant. (Core)
			The program director must document verification of education for all
	document verification of education for all fellows within 30 days of		fellows within 30 days of completion of or departure from the
.A.4.a).(10)	completion of or departure from the program; (Core)	2.5.j.	program. (Core)
	provide verification of an individual fellow's education upon the fellow's		The program director must provide verification of an individual
.A.4.a).(11)	request, within 30 days; and, (Core)	2.5.k.	fellow's education upon the fellow's request, within 30 days. (Core)
	Faculty		
			Faculty
	Faculty members are a foundational element of graduate medical		Faculty members are a foundational element of graduate medical
	education – faculty members teach fellows how to care for patients.		education – faculty members teach fellows how to care for patients.
	Faculty members provide an important bridge allowing fellows to grow		Faculty members provide an important bridge allowing fellows to
	and become practice ready, ensuring that patients receive the highest		grow and become practice ready, ensuring that patients receive the
	quality of care. They are role models for future generations of physicians		highest quality of care. They are role models for future generations of
	by demonstrating compassion, commitment to excellence in teaching		physicians by demonstrating compassion, commitment to excellence
	and patient care, professionalism, and a dedication to lifelong learning.		in teaching and patient care, professionalism, and a dedication to
	Faculty members experience the pride and joy of fostering the growth		lifelong learning. Faculty members experience the pride and joy of
			fostering the growth and development of future colleagues. The care
	and development of future colleagues. The care they provide is enhanced		
	by the opportunity to teach and model exemplary behavior. By employing		they provide is enhanced by the opportunity to teach and model
	a scholarly approach to patient care, faculty members, through the		exemplary behavior. By employing a scholarly approach to patient
	graduate medical education system, improve the health of the individual		care, faculty members, through the graduate medical education
	and the population.		system, improve the health of the individual and the population.
	Faculty members ensure that patients receive the level of care expected		Faculty members ensure that patients receive the level of care
	from a specialist in the field. They recognize and respond to the needs of		expected from a specialist in the field. They recognize and respond to
	the patients, fellows, community, and institution. Faculty members		the needs of the patients, fellows, community, and institution. Faculty
	provide appropriate levels of supervision to promote patient safety.		members provide appropriate levels of supervision to promote
	Faculty members create an effective learning environment by acting in a		patient safety. Faculty members create an effective learning
	professional manner and attending to the well-being of the fellows and		environment by acting in a professional manner and attending to the
.В.	themselves.	[None]	well-being of the fellows and themselves.
	There must be a sufficient number of faculty members with competence		There must be a sufficient number of faculty members with
.B.1.	to instruct and supervise all fellows. (Core)	2.6.	competence to instruct and supervise all fellows. (Core)
.B.2	Faculty members must:	[None]	
			Faculty Responsibilities
		0.7	Faculty members must be role models of professionalism. (Core)
.B.2.a)	be role models of professionalism; (Core)	2.7.	
			Faculty members must demonstrate commitment to the delivery of
	demonstrate commitment to the delivery of safe, equitable, high-quality,		safe, equitable, high-quality, cost-effective, patient-centered care.
.B.2.b)	cost-effective, patient-centered care; (Core)	2.7.a.	(Core)
			Faculty members must demonstrate a strong interest in the education
	demonstrate a strong interest in the education of fellows, including		of fellows, including devoting sufficient time to the educational
	devoting sufficient time to the educational program to fulfill their		program to fulfill their supervisory and teaching responsibilities.
.B.2.c)	supervisory and teaching responsibilities; (Core)	2.7.b.	(Core)
	administer and maintain an educational environment conducive to		Faculty members must administer and maintain an educational
.B.2.d)	educating fellows; (Core)	2.7.c.	environment conducive to educating fellows. (Core)
	regularly participate in organized clinical discussions, rounds, journal		Faculty members must regularly participate in organized clinical
.B.2.e)	clubs, and conferences; and, (Core)	2.7.d.	discussions, rounds, journal clubs, and conferences. (Core)

II.B.2.f)	pursue faculty development designed to enhance their skills at least annually. (Core)	2.7.e.	Faculty members must pursue faculty developme enhance their skills at least annually. (Core)
II.B.2.g)	mentor fellows in the application of scientific principles, epidemiology, biostatistics, and evidence-based medicine to the clinical care of patients. (Core)	2.7.f.	Faculty members must mentor fellows in the applicat principles, epidemiology, biostatistics, and evidence-l clinical care of patients. (Core)
II.B.3.	Faculty Qualifications	2.8.	Faculty Qualifications Faculty members must have appropriate qualifica and hold appropriate institutional appointments.
II.B.3.a)	Faculty members must have appropriate qualifications in their field and hold appropriate institutional appointments. (Core)	2.8.	Faculty Qualifications Faculty members must have appropriate qualifica and hold appropriate institutional appointments.
II.B.3.b)	Subspecialty physician faculty members must:	[None]	
	have current certification in the subspecialty by the American Board of Pediatrics or possess qualifications judged acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)		Subspecialty Physician Faculty Members Subspecialty physician faculty members must ha certification in the subspecialty by the American I possess qualifications judged acceptable to the F (Core) [Note that while the Common Program Requirements a certifying board of the American Osteopathic Assoc
II.B.3.b).(1)	certifying board of the American Osteopathic Association (AOA) acceptable, there is no AOA board that offers certification in this subspecialty]	2.9.	acceptable, there is no AOA board that offers certifica subspecialty]
II.B.3.c)	Any other specialty physician faculty members must have current certification in their specialty by the appropriate American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS) member board or American Osteopathic Association (AOA) certifying board, or possess qualifications judged acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)	2.9.a.	Any other specialty physician faculty members m certification in their specialty by the appropriate A Medical Specialties (ABMS) member board or Am Association (AOA) certifying board, or possess q acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)
II.B.3.c).(1)	In addition to the pediatric infectious diseases faculty members, ABP- or AOBP- certified faculty members and consultants in the following subspecialties must be available:	- 2.9.b.	In addition to the pediatric infectious diseases faculty AOBP-certified faculty members and consultants in the subspecialties must be available:
II.B.3.c).(1).(a)	adolescent medicine; (Core)	2.9.b.1.	adolescent medicine; (Core)
II.B.3.c).(1).(b)	neonatal-perinatal medicine; (Core)	2.9.b.2.	neonatal-perinatal medicine; (Core)
II.B.3.c).(1).(c)	pediatric cardiology; (Core)	2.9.b.3.	pediatric cardiology; (Core)
II.B.3.c).(1).(d)	pediatric critical care medicine; (Core)	2.9.b.4.	pediatric critical care medicine; (Core)
II.B.3.c).(1).(e)	pediatric emergency medicine; (Core)	2.9.b.5.	pediatric emergency medicine; (Core)
II.B.3.c).(1).(f)	pediatric gastroenterology; (Core)	2.9.b.6.	pediatric gastroenterology; (Core)
II.B.3.c).(1).(g)	pediatric hematology-oncology; (Core)	2.9.b.7.	pediatric hematology-oncology; (Core)
II.B.3.c).(1).(h)	pediatric nephrology; (Core)	2.9.b.8.	pediatric nephrology; (Core)
II.B.3.c).(1).(i)	pediatric pulmonology; and, (Core)	2.9.b.9.	pediatric pulmonology; and, (Core)
II.B.3.c).(1).(j)	pediatric rheumatology. (Core)	2.9.b.10.	pediatric rheumatology. (Core)
	The faculty should also include the following specialists with substantial	2.9.c.	The faculty should also include the following specialis
		Z.9.C.	experience with pediatric problems:
II.B.3.c).(2)	experience with pediatric problems:		allergist and immunologist(s); (Core)
II.B.3.c).(2).(a)	allergist and immunologist(s); (Core)	2.9.c.1.	allergist and immunologist(s); (Core)
II.B.3.c).(2).(a) II.B.3.c).(2).(b)	allergist and immunologist(s); (Core) anesthesiologist(s); (Detail)	2.9.c.1. 2.9.c.2.	anesthesiologist(s); (Detail)
II.B.3.c).(2).(a) II.B.3.c).(2).(b) II.B.3.c).(2).(c)	allergist and immunologist(s); (Core) anesthesiologist(s); (Detail) cardiac surgeon(s); (Detail)	2.9.c.1. 2.9.c.2. 2.9.c.3.	anesthesiologist(s); (Detail) cardiac surgeon(s); (Detail)
II.B.3.c).(2).(a) II.B.3.c).(2).(b)	allergist and immunologist(s); (Core) anesthesiologist(s); (Detail)	2.9.c.1. 2.9.c.2.	anesthesiologist(s); (Detail)

nent designed to

ation of scientific e-based medicine to the

cations in their field s. (Core)

cations in their field s. (Core)

nave current n Board of Pediatrics or e Review Committee.

nts deem certification by sociation (AOA) fication in this

must have current e American Board of merican Osteopathic qualifications judged

Ity members, ABP- or the following

lists with substantial

Pediatric Infectious Diseases Crosswalk

II.B.3.c).(2).(g)	medical geneticist(s); (Detail)	2.9.c.7.	medical geneticist(s); (Detail)
II.B.3.c).(2).(h)	microbiologist(s); (Core)	2.9.c.8.	microbiologist(s); (Core)
II.B.3.c).(2).(i)	neurological surgeon(s); (Detail)	2.9.c.9.	neurological surgeon(s); (Detail)
II.B.3.c).(2).(j)	neuroradiologist(s); (Detail)	2.9.c.10.	neuroradiologist(s); (Detail)
II.B.3.c).(2).(k)	ophthalmologist(s); (Detail)	2.9.c.11.	ophthalmologist(s); (Detail)
II.B.3.c).(2).(I)	orthopaedic surgeon(s); (Detail)	2.9.c.12.	orthopaedic surgeon(s); (Detail)
II.B.3.c).(2).(m)	otolaryngologist(s); (Detail)	2.9.c.13.	otolaryngologist(s); (Detail)
II.B.3.c).(2).(n)	pathologist(s); (Core)	2.9.c.14.	pathologist(s); (Core)
II.B.3.c).(2).(o)	pediatric surgeon(s); (Core)	2.9.c.15.	pediatric surgeon(s); (Core)
II.B.3.c).(2).(p)	plastic surgeon(s); (Detail)	2.9.c.16.	plastic surgeon(s); (Detail)
II.B.3.c).(2).(q)	radiologist(s); and, (Detail)	2.9.c.17.	radiologist(s); and, (Detail)
II.B.3.c).(2).(r)	urologist(s). (Detail)	2.9.c.18.	urologist(s). (Detail)
II.B.3.c).(3)	Consultants should be available for transition care of young adults. (Detail)	2.9.d.	Consultants should be available for transition care of
	Core Faculty		
II.B.4.	Core faculty members must have a significant role in the education and supervision of fellows and must devote a significant portion of their entire effort to fellow education and/or administration, and must, as a component of their activities, teach, evaluate, and provide formative feedback to fellows. (Core)	2.10.	Core Faculty Core faculty members must have a significant role and supervision of fellows and must devote a sign their entire effort to fellow education and/or admin as a component of their activities, teach, evaluate formative feedback to fellows. (Core)
II.B.4.a)	Faculty members must complete the annual ACGME Faculty Survey. (Core)	2.10.a.	Faculty members must complete the annual ACGI (Core)
II.B.4.b)	To ensure the quality of the educational and scholarly activity of the program, and to provide adequate supervision of fellows, there must be at least two core faculty members, inclusive of the program director, who are certified in pediatric infectious diseases by the ABP, or who have other qualifications acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)	2.10.b.	To ensure the quality of the educational and scholarly program, and to provide adequate supervision of fello least two core faculty members, inclusive of the progr certified in pediatric infectious diseases by the ABP, of qualifications acceptable to the Review Committee. (0
II.C.	Program Coordinator	2.11.	Program Coordinator There must be a program coordinator. (Core)
II.C.1.	There must be a program coordinator. (Core)	2.11.	Program Coordinator There must be a program coordinator. (Core)
II.C.2.	The program coordinator must be provided with dedicated time and support adequate for administration of the program based upon its size	2.11.a.	The program coordinator must be provided with o support adequate for administration of the progra size and configuration. (Core)

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gnificant portion of inistration, and must, ite, and provide GME Faculty Survey. In activity of the lows, there must be at gram director, who are or who have other (Core)	

III.A.1.	All required clinical education for entry into ACGME-accredited fellowship programs must be completed in an ACGME-accredited residency program, an AOA-approved residency program, a program with ACGME International (ACGME-I) Advanced Specialty Accreditation, or a Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada (RCPSC)-accredited or College of Family Physicians of Canada (CFPC)-accredited residency program located in Canada. (Core) Fellowship programs must receive verification of each entering fellow's level of competence in the required field using ACGME, ACGME-I, or CanMEDS Milestones evaluations from the core residency program.	3.2.	All required clinical education for entry into ACGM fellowship programs must be completed in an ACG residency program, an AOA-approved residency p with ACGME International (ACGME-I) Advanced Sp Accreditation, or a Royal College of Physicians an Canada (RCPSC)-accredited or College of Family I Canada (CFPC)-accredited residency program loca (Core) Fellowship programs must receive verification of a fellow's level of competence in the required field u ACGME-I, or CanMEDS Milestones evaluations fro
	Eligibility Requirements – Fellowship Programs	[]	Eligibility Requirements – Fellowship Programs
III.A.	••	[None]	
II.D.1.1) III.		2.12.a.12. Section 3	Speech and language therapist(s). (Detail)
II.D.1.K) II.D.1.I)		2.12.a.11. 2.12.a.12.	speech and language therapist(s). (Detail)
II.D.1.J) II.D.1.k)		2.12.a.10. 2.12.a.11.	social worker(s); and, (Detail)
II.D.1.j)		2.12.a.9. 2.12.a.10.	school and special education contacts; (Detail)
II.D.1.h) II.D.1.i)		2.12.a.8. 2.12.a.9.	public health liaison(s); (Detail) respiratory therapist(s); (Detail)
II.D.1.g)		2.12.a.7.	physical and occupational therapist(s); (Detail)
II.D.1.f)		2.12.a.6.	pharmacist(s); (Core)
II.D.1.e)		2.12.a.5.	mental health professional(s); (Detail)
II.D.1.d)		2.12.a.4.	infection preventionist(s); (Core)
II.D.1.c)		2.12.a.3.	home health care liaison(s); (Detail)
II.D.1.b)		2.12.a.2.	dietician(s); (Detail)
II.D.1.a)		2.12.a.1.	child life therapist(s); (Detail)
II.D.1.	•	2.12.a.	and experience should be available:
	In order to enhance fellows' understanding of the multidisciplinary nature of pediatric infectious diseases, the following personnel with pediatric focus and		In order to enhance fellows' understanding of the mult pediatric infectious diseases, the following personnel
II.D.	Other Program Personnel The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must jointly ensure the availability of necessary personnel for the effective administration of the program. (Core)	2.12.	Other Program Personnel The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring In jointly ensure the availability of necessary person administration of the program. (Core)
II.C.2.a)	At a minimum, the program coordinator must be provided with the dedicated time and support specified below for administration of the program: (Core) Number of Approved Fellow Positions: 1-3 Minimum FTE: 0.3 Number of Approved Fellow Positions: 4-6 Minimum FTE: 0.5 Number of Approved Fellow Positions: 7-9 Minimum FTE: 0.68 Number of Approved Fellow Positions: 10-12 Minimum FTE: 0.74 Number of Approved Fellow Positions: 13-15 Minimum FTE: 0.8 Number of Approved Fellow Positions: 13-15 Minimum FTE: 0.8 Number of Approved Fellow Positions: 19-21 Minimum FTE: 0.92 Number of Approved Fellow Positions: 22-24 Minimum FTE: 0.98 Number of Approved Fellow Positions: 25-27 Minimum FTE: 1.04 Number of Approved Fellow Positions: 28-30 Minimum FTE: 1.1	2.11.b.	At a minimum, the program coordinator must be providedicated time and support specified below for adminiprogram: (Core) Number of Approved Fellow Positions: 1-3 Minimum Number of Approved Fellow Positions: 4-6 Minimum Number of Approved Fellow Positions: 7-9 Minimum Number of Approved Fellow Positions: 10-12 Minimum Number of Approved Fellow Positions: 13-15 Minimum Number of Approved Fellow Positions: 16-18 Minimum Number of Approved Fellow Positions: 22-24 Minimum Number of Approved Fellow Positions: 25-27 Minimum Number of Approved Fellow Positions: 28-30 Minimum Number Of Approved Fello

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m FTE: 0.3 m FTE: 0.5 m FTE: 0.68 num FTE: 0.74 num FTE: 0.8 num FTE: 0.86 num FTE: 0.92 num FTE: 0.98 num FTE: 1.04 num FTE: 1.1	
Institution, must onnel for the effective	
ultidisciplinary nature of el with pediatric focus	
GME-accredited CGME-accredited	
v program, a program Specialty and Surgeons of	
and Surgeons of y Physicians of ocated in Canada.	
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I using ACGME, rom the core	
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III.A.1.b)	Prerequisite education for entry into a pediatric infectious diseases program must include the satisfactory completion of pediatrics or combined internal medicine-pediatrics residency program that satisfies the requirements listed in III.A.1. (Core)	3.2.a.1.	Prerequisite education for entry into a pediatric infection program must include the satisfactory completion of printernal medicine-pediatrics residency program that so requirements listed in 3.2. (Core)
III.A.1.c)	Fellow Eligibility Exception The Review Committee for Pediatrics will allow the following exception to the fellowship eligibility requirements:	3.2.b.	Fellow Eligibility Exception The Review Committee for Pediatrics will allow the to the fellowship eligibility requirements:
III.A.1.c).(1)	An ACGME-accredited fellowship program may accept an exceptionally qualified international graduate applicant who does not satisfy the eligibility requirements listed in III.A.1., but who does meet all of the following additional qualifications and conditions: (Core)	3.2.b.1.	An ACGME-accredited fellowship program may ac exceptionally qualified international graduate app satisfy the eligibility requirements listed in 3.2, bu of the following additional qualifications and cond
III.A.1.c).(1).(a)	evaluation by the program director and fellowship selection committee of the applicant's suitability to enter the program, based on prior training and review of the summative evaluations of training in the core specialty; and, (Core)	3.2.b.1.a.	evaluation by the program director and fellowship committee of the applicant's suitability to enter th on prior training and review of the summative eva in the core specialty; and, (Core)
III.A.1.c).(1).(b)	review and approval of the applicant's exceptional qualifications by the GMEC; and, (Core)	3.2.b.1.b.	review and approval of the applicant's exceptiona the GMEC; and, (Core)
III.A.1.c).(1).(c)	verification of Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG) certification. (Core)	3.2.b.1.c.	verification of Educational Commission for Foreig Graduates (ECFMG) certification. (Core)
III.A.1.c).(2)	Applicants accepted through this exception must have an evaluation of their performance by the Clinical Competency Committee within 12 weeks of matriculation. (Core)	3.2.b.2.	Applicants accepted through this exception must of their performance by the Clinical Competency weeks of matriculation. (Core)
III.B.	Fellow Complement The program director must not appoint more fellows than approved by the Review Committee. (Core)	3.3.	Fellow Complement The program director must not appoint more fello by the Review Committee. (Core)
III.C.	Fellow Transfers The program must obtain verification of previous educational experiences and a summative competency-based performance evaluation prior to acceptance of a transferring fellow, and Milestones evaluations upon matriculation. (Core)	3.4.	Fellow Transfers The program must obtain verification of previous experiences and a summative competency-based evaluation prior to acceptance of a transferring fe evaluations upon matriculation. (Core)
	Educational Program		Section 4: Educational Program
	The ACGME accreditation system is designed to encourage excellence and innovation in graduate medical education regardless of the organizational affiliation, size, or location of the program.		The ACGME accreditation system is designed to excellence and innovation in graduate medical ed of the organizational affiliation, size, or location o
	The educational program must support the development of knowledgeable, skillful physicians who provide compassionate care.		The educational program must support the develo knowledgeable, skillful physicians who provide co
IV.	It is recognized that programs may place different emphasis on research, leadership, public health, etc. It is expected that the program aims will reflect the nuanced program-specific goals for it and its graduates; for example, it is expected that a program aiming to prepare physician- scientists will have a different curriculum from one focusing on community health.	Section 4	It is recognized that programs may place different research, leadership, public health, etc. It is expec- program aims will reflect the nuanced program-sp and its graduates; for example, it is expected that to prepare physician-scientists will have a differen- one focusing on community health.

ctious diseases f pediatrics or combined t satisfies the

he following exception

accept an pplicant who does not but who does meet all onditions: (Core)

hip selection the program, based valuations of training

nal qualifications by

eign Medical

st have an evaluation y Committee within 12

llows than approved

us educational ed performance fellow, and Milestones

o encourage education regardless of the program.

elopment of compassionate care.

ent emphasis on pected that the -specific goals for it nat a program aiming rent curriculum from

	Educational Components		
IV.A.	The curriculum must contain the following educational components:	4.2.	Educational Components The curriculum must contain the following educat
IV.A.1.	a set of program aims consistent with the Sponsoring Institution's mission, the needs of the community it serves, and the desired distinctive capabilities of its graduates, which must be made available to program applicants, fellows, and faculty members; (Core)		a set of program aims consistent with the Sponso mission, the needs of the community it serves, an distinctive capabilities of its graduates, which mu to program applicants, fellows, and faculty memb
IV.A.2.	competency-based goals and objectives for each educational experience designed to promote progress on a trajectory to autonomous practice in their subspecialty. These must be distributed, reviewed, and available to fellows and faculty members; (Core)	4.2.b.	competency-based goals and objectives for each experience designed to promote progress on a tra autonomous practice in their subspecialty. These reviewed, and available to fellows and faculty mer
IV.A.3.	delineation of fellow responsibilities for patient care, progressive responsibility for patient management, and graded supervision in their subspecialty; (Core)	4.2.c.	delineation of fellow responsibilities for patient ca responsibility for patient management, and grade their subspecialty; (Core)
IV.A.4.	structured educational activities beyond direct patient care; and, (Core)	4.2.d.	structured educational activities beyond direct pa (Core)
IV.A.4.a)	Fellows must be provided with protected time to participate in core didactic activities. (Core)	4.11.	Didactic and Clinical Experiences Fellows must be provided with protected time to p didactic activities. (Core)
IV.A.5.	formal educational activities that promote patient safety-related goals, tools, and techniques. (Core)	4.2.e.	formal educational activities that promote patient tools, and techniques. (Core)
IV.B.	ACGME Competencies	[None]	ACGME Competencies The Competencies provide a conceptual framewo required domains for a trusted physician to enter practice. These Competencies are core to the prace physicians, although the specifics are further defi subspecialty. The developmental trajectories in ea Competencies are articulated through the Milesto subspecialty. The focus in fellowship is on subsp patient care and medical knowledge, as well as re competencies acquired in residency.
IV.D.	The program must integrate the following ACGME Competencies into the	[INOIIE]	The program must integrate all ACGME Competer
IV.B.1.	curriculum:	[None]	curriculum.
IV.B.1.a) IV.B.1.b)	Professionalism Fellows must demonstrate a commitment to professionalism and an adherence to ethical principles. (Core) Patient Care and Procedural Skills	4.3. [None]	ACGME Competencies – Professionalism Fellows must demonstrate a commitment to profe adherence to ethical principles. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1)	Fellows must be able to provide patient care that is patient- and family- centered, compassionate, equitable, appropriate, and effective for the treatment of health problems and the promotion of health. (Core)	4.4.	ACGME Competencies – Patient Care and Proced Fellows must be able to provide patient care that i family-centered, compassionate, equitable, appro for the treatment of health problems and the prom (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(a)	Fellows must develop competence in the necessary clinical skills used in pediatric infectious diseases. (Core)	4.4.a.	Fellows must develop competence in the necessary of pediatric infectious diseases. (Core)

cational components:

soring Institution's and the desired nust be made available nbers; (Core)

ch educational trajectory to se must be distributed, nembers; (Core)

care, progressive ded supervision in

patient care; and,

participate in core

nt safety-related goals,

work describing the er autonomous ractice of all defined by each each of the stones for each specialty-specific refining the other

tencies into the

ofessionalism and an

edural Skills (Part A) at is patient- and propriate, and effective omotion of health.

clinical skills used in

IV.B.1.b).(1).(b)	Fellows must demonstrate the ability to provide consultation, to perform a history and physical examination, make informed diagnostic and therapeutic decisions that result in optimal clinical judgement, and develop and carry out management plans. (Core)	4.4.b.	Fellows must demonstrate the ability to provide const history and physical examination, make informed diag therapeutic decisions that result in optimal clinical jud and carry out management plans. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(c)	Fellows must demonstrate the ability to provide transfer of care that ensures seamless transitions. (Core)	4.4.c.	Fellows must demonstrate the ability to provide transference ensures seamless transitions. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(d)	In order to promote emotional resilience in children, adolescents, and their families, fellows must:	4.4.d.	In order to promote emotional resilience in children, a families, fellows must provide care that is sensitive to stage of the patient with common behavioral and mer the cultural context of the patient and family. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(d).(i)	provide care that is sensitive to the developmental stage of the patient with common behavioral and mental health issues, and the cultural context of the patient and family; and, (Core)	4.4.d.	In order to promote emotional resilience in children, a families, fellows must provide care that is sensitive to stage of the patient with common behavioral and mer the cultural context of the patient and family. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(d).(ii)	demonstrate the ability to refer and/or co-manage patients with common behavioral and mental health issues along with appropriate specialists when indicated. (Core)	4.4.e.	Fellows must demonstrate the ability to refer and/or c with common behavioral and mental health issues alc specialists when indicated. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(e)	Fellows must demonstrate competence in providing or coordinating care with a medical home for patients with complex and chronic diseases. (Core)	4.4.f.	Fellows must demonstrate competence in providing of with a medical home for patients with complex and ch (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(f)	Fellows must competently use and interpret laboratory tests, imaging, and other diagnostic procedures. (Core)	4.4.g.	Fellows must competently use and interpret laborator other diagnostic procedures. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(g)	Fellows must demonstrate competence in the indications and interpretation of diagnostic tests. (Core)	4.4.h.	Fellows must demonstrate competence in the indicati of diagnostic tests. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(h)	Fellows must demonstrate competence in the indications, contraindications, and risks, and the ability to interpret results of diagnostic and therapeutic procedures. (Core)	4.4.i.	Fellows must demonstrate competence in the indicati contraindications, and risks, and the ability to interpre and therapeutic procedures. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(i)	Fellows must demonstrate competence in the management, in the outpatient emergency department and inpatient settings, of healthy and acutely and chronically ill patients who have infectious diseases or clinical conditions, including: (Core)	4.4.j.	Fellows must demonstrate competence in the manag outpatient emergency department and inpatient settin acutely and chronically ill patients who have infectiou conditions, including: (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(i).(i)	odontogenic infections; (Core)	4.4.j.1.	odontogenic infections; (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(i).(ii)	upper and lower respiratory tract infections; (Core)	4.4.j.2.	upper and lower respiratory tract infections; (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(i).(iii)	central nervous system infections; (Core)	4.4.j.3.	central nervous system infections; (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(i).(iv)	urinary tract/renal infections; (Core)	4.4.j.4.	urinary tract/renal infections; (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(i).(v)	cardiovascular infections; (Core)	4.4.j.5.	cardiovascular infections; (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(i).(vi)	bone and joint infections; (Core)	4.4.j.6.	bone and joint infections; (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(i).(vii)	skin/soft tissue/muscle infections; (Core)	4.4.j.7.	skin/soft tissue/muscle infections; (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(i).(viii)	gastrointestinal /intra-abdominal/hepatobiliary infections; (Core)	4.4.j.8.	gastrointestinal /intra-abdominal/hepatobiliary infectio
IV.B.1.b).(1).(i).(ix)	ear, nose, and throat infections; (Core)	4.4.j.9.	ear, nose, and throat infections; (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(i).(x)	ocular infections; (Core)	4.4.j.10.	ocular infections; (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(i).(xi)	reproductive tract infections; (Core)	4.4.j.11.	reproductive tract infections; (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(i).(xii)	sexually transmitted infections; (Core)	4.4.j.12.	sexually transmitted infections; (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(i).(xiii)	foreign-body and catheter-related infections; (Core)	4.4.j.13.	foreign-body and catheter-related infections; (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(i).(xiv)	HIV infection; (Core)	4.4.j.14.	HIV infection; (Core)
, , , , , , , ,	Health care-associated infections; (Core)	4.4.j.15.	Health care-associated infections; (Core)
	surgical and traumatic wound infections; (Core)	4.4.j.16.	surgical and traumatic wound infections; (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(i).(xvii)	congenital and neonatal infections; (Core)	4.4.j.17.	congenital and neonatal infections; (Core)
)	infections in transplant patients; (Core)	4.4.j.18.	infections in transplant patients; (Core)

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r co-manage patients along with appropriate
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pret results of diagnostic
agement, in the ttings, of healthy and ous diseases or clinical

tions; (Core)

IV.B.1.b).(1).(i).(xix)	prolonged and recurrent fever; (Core)	4.4.j.19.	prolonged and recurrent fever; (Core)
, , , , , , ,	bloodstream infections and sepsis; (Core)	4.4.j.20.	bloodstream infections and sepsis; (Core)
	vasculitides, to include Kawasaki Disease; and, (Core)	4.4.j.21.	vasculitides, to include Kawasaki Disease; and, (Core)
V.B.1.b).(1).(i).(xxii)	disorders of host defense. (Core)	4.4.j.22.	disorders of host defense. (Core)
	Fellows must demonstrate competence in promoting antimicrobial stewardship based on microbiological data and pharmacological principles. (Core)	4.4.k.	Fellows must demonstrate competence in promoting antimicrobial stewardship based on microbiological data and pharmacological principles. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(k)	Fellows must demonstrate leadership skills to enhance team function, the learning environment, and/or the health care delivery system/environment with the ultimate intent of improving care of patients. (Core)	4.4.1.	Fellows must demonstrate leadership skills to enhance team function, the learning environment, and/or the health care delivery system/environment with the ultimate intent of improving care of patients. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2)	Fellows must be able to perform all medical, diagnostic, and surgical procedures considered essential for the area of practice. (Core)	4.5.	ACGME Competencies – Patient Care and Procedural Skills (Part B) Fellows must be able to perform all medical, diagnostic, and surgical procedures considered essential for the area of practice. (Core)
	Fellows must demonstrate the necessary procedural skills and develop an understanding of their indications, risks, and limitations. (Core)	4.5.a.	Fellows must demonstrate the necessary procedural skills and develop an understanding of their indications, risks, and limitations. (Core)
	Medical Knowledge Fellows must demonstrate knowledge of established and evolving biomedical, clinical, epidemiological, and social-behavioral sciences, including scientific inquiry, as well as the application of this knowledge to patient care. (Core)	4.6.	ACGME Competencies – Medical Knowledge Fellows must demonstrate knowledge of established and evolving biomedical, clinical, epidemiological, and social-behavioral sciences, including scientific inquiry, as well as the application of this knowledge to patient care. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(1)	Fellows must demonstrate knowledge of biostatistics, clinical and laboratory research methodology, study design, preparation of applications for funding and/or approval of clinical research protocols, critical literature review, principles of evidence-based medicine, ethical principles involving clinical research, and teaching methods. (Core)	4.6.a.	Fellows must demonstrate knowledge of biostatistics, clinical and laboratory research methodology, study design, preparation of applications for funding and/or approval of clinical research protocols, critical literature review, principles of evidence-based medicine, ethical principles involving clinical research, and teaching methods. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(2)	Fellows must demonstrate knowledge of the principles of, and manage disease control, prevention of, health care-associated infections, emerging pathogens, immunization programs, and/or vaccine-preventable diseases. (Core)	4.6.b.	Fellows must demonstrate knowledge of the principles of, and manage disease control, prevention of, health care-associated infections, emerging pathogens, immunization programs, and/or vaccine-preventable diseases. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(3)	Fellows must demonstrate knowledge in:	[None]	
IV.B.1.c).(3).(a)	basic epidemiologic and biostatistical methods and their application to clinical research and patient care; (Core)	4.6.c.	Fellows must demonstrate knowledge in basic epidemiologic and biostatistical methods and their application to clinical research and patient care. (Core)
	the functions and appropriate utilization of diagnostic microbiology, immunology, virology, mycology, and parasitology laboratories; (Core)	4.6.d.	Fellows must demonstrate knowledge in the functions and appropriate utilization of diagnostic microbiology, immunology, virology, mycology, and parasitology laboratories. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(3).(c)	the appropriate use of antimicrobial agents in a variety of clinical settings, their mechanisms of action, pharmacokinetics, and potential adverse reactions; (Core)	4.6.e.	Fellows must demonstrate knowledge in the appropriate use of antimicrobial agents in a variety of clinical settings, their mechanisms of action, pharmacokinetics, and potential adverse reactions. (Core)
	microbiological and immunologic factors that determine the outcome of the interaction between host and microbe; (Core)	4.6.f.	Fellows must demonstrate knowledge in microbiological and immunologic factors that determine the outcome of the interaction between host and microbe. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(3).(e)	microbiology laboratory techniques, including culture techniques, rapid diagnostic methods, and molecular methods for identification of bacteria, mycobacteria, fungi, viruses, rickettsiae, chlamydiae, and parasites in clinical specimens; (Core)	4.6.g.	Fellows must demonstrate knowledge in microbiology laboratory techniques, including culture techniques, rapid diagnostic methods, and molecular methods for identification of bacteria, mycobacteria, fungi, viruses, rickettsiae, chlamydiae, and parasites in clinical specimens. (Core)

IV.B.1.c).(3).(f)	the effects of underlying disease states and immunosuppressive therapies on host response to infectious agents; (Core)	4.6.h.	Fellows must demonstrate knowledge in the effects of underlying disease states and immunosuppressive therapies on host response to infectious agents. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(3).(g)	mechanisms of protection against infection, e.g., active or passive immunization and immunomodulating agents; (Core)	4.6.i.	Fellows must demonstrate knowledge in mechanisms of protection against infection, e.g., active or passive immunization and immunomodulating agents. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(3).(h)	clinical pharmacology of antimicrobial agents including drug interactions, adverse reactions, dose adjustments for age and abnormal physiology, and principles of pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics; (Core)	4.6.j.	Fellows must demonstrate knowledge in clinical pharmacology of antimicrobial agents including drug interactions, adverse reactions, dose adjustments for age and abnormal physiology, and principles of pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(3).(i)	methods of determining activity of antimicrobial agents and techniques to determine their concentrations in blood and other body fluids; (Core)	4.6.k.	Fellows must demonstrate knowledge in methods of determining activity of antimicrobial agents and techniques to determine their concentrations in blood and other body fluids. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(3).(j)	indications for diagnostic procedures, including bronchoscopy, thoracentesis, arthrocentesis, lumbar puncture, and aspiration of abscesses, and be able to interpret their results; (Core)	4.6.1.	Fellows must demonstrate knowledge in indications for diagnostic procedures, including bronchoscopy, thoracentesis, arthrocentesis, lumbar puncture, and aspiration of abscesses, and be able to interpret their results. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(3).(k)	the sensitivity, specificity, efficacy, benefits, and risks of contemporary technologies, such as those for rapid microbiologic diagnosis and diagnostic imaging; (Core)	4.6.m.	Fellows must demonstrate knowledge in the sensitivity, specificity, efficacy, benefits, and risks of contemporary technologies, such as those for rapid microbiologic diagnosis and diagnostic imaging. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(3).(I)	the principles and practice of hospital epidemiology and infection control and prevention; (Core)	4.6.n.	Fellows must demonstrate knowledge in the principles and practice of hospital epidemiology and infection control and prevention. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(3).(m)	the currently recommended immunization schedules for young infants, children, and adolescents, with knowledge of protective efficacy, risks, and benefits of routinely administered vaccines, including the use of immunizations in special situations and immunocompromised hosts; (Core)	4.6.o.	Fellows must demonstrate knowledge in the currently recommended immunization schedules for young infants, children, and adolescents, with knowledge of protective efficacy, risks, and benefits of routinely administered vaccines, including the use of immunizations in special situations and immunocompromised hosts. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(3).(n)	the understanding of adverse events attributed to immunomodulators; and, (Core)	4.6.p.	Fellows must demonstrate knowledge in the understanding of adverse events attributed to immunomodulators. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(3).(o)	emerging infectious diseases and public health issues pertinent to pediatric infectious diseases. (Core)	4.6.q.	Fellows must demonstrate knowledge in emerging infectious diseases and public health issues pertinent to pediatric infectious diseases. (Core)
IV.B.1.d)	Practice-based Learning and Improvement Fellows must demonstrate the ability to investigate and evaluate their care of patients, to appraise and assimilate scientific evidence, and to continuously improve patient care based on constant self-evaluation and lifelong learning. (Core)	4.7.	ACGME Competencies – Practice-Based Learning and Improvement Fellows must demonstrate the ability to investigate and evaluate their care of patients, to appraise and assimilate scientific evidence, and to continuously improve patient care based on constant self-evaluation and lifelong learning. (Core)
IV.B.1.e)	Interpersonal and Communication Skills Fellows must demonstrate interpersonal and communication skills that result in the effective exchange of information and collaboration with patients, their families, and health professionals. (Core)	4.8.	ACGME Competencies – Interpersonal and Communication Skills Fellows must demonstrate interpersonal and communication skills that result in the effective exchange of information and collaboration with patients, their families, and health professionals. (Core)
IV.B.1.f)	Systems-based Practice Fellows must demonstrate an awareness of and responsiveness to the larger context and system of health care, including the structural and social determinants of health, as well as the ability to call effectively on other resources to provide optimal health care. (Core)	4.9.	ACGME Competencies – Systems-Based Practice Fellows must demonstrate an awareness of and responsiveness to the larger context and system of health care, including the structural and social determinants of health, as well as the ability to call effectively on other resources to provide optimal health care. (Core)

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IV.C.	Curriculum Organization and Fellow Experiences	4.10 4.12.	 Curriculum Organization and Fellow Experiences 4.10. Curriculum Structure The curriculum must be structured to optimize fellow educational experiences, the length of the experiences, and the supervisory continuity. These educational experiences include an appropriate blend of supervised patient care responsibilities, clinical teaching, and didactic educational events. (Core) 4.11. Didactic and Clinical Experiences Fellows must be provided with protected time to participate in core didactic activities. (Core) 4.12. Pain Management The program must provide instruction and experience in pain management if applicable for the subspecialty, including recognition of the signs of substance use disorder. (Core)
IV.C.1.	The curriculum must be structured to optimize fellow educational experiences, the length of the experiences, and the supervisory continuity. These educational experiences include an appropriate blend of supervised patient care responsibilities, clinical teaching, and didactic educational events. (Core)	4.10.	Curriculum Structure The curriculum must be structured to optimize fellow educational experiences, the length of the experiences, and the supervisory continuity. These educational experiences include an appropriate blend of supervised patient care responsibilities, clinical teaching, and didactic educational events. (Core)
IV.C.1.a)	Assignment of rotations must be structured to minimize the frequency of rotational transitions, and rotations must be of sufficient length to provide a quality educational experience, defined by continuity of patient care, ongoing supervision, longitudinal relationships with faculty members, and meaningful assessment and feedback. (Core)	4.10.a.	Assignment of rotations must be structured to minimize the frequency of rotational transitions, and rotations must be of sufficient length to provide a quality educational experience, defined by continuity of patient care, ongoing supervision, longitudinal relationships with faculty members, and meaningful assessment and feedback. (Core)
IV.C.1.b)	Clinical experiences should be structured to facilitate learning in a manner that allows fellows to function as part of an effective interprofessional team that works together longitudinally with shared goals of patient safety and quality improvement. (Core)	4.10.b.	Clinical experiences should be structured to facilitate learning in a manner that allows fellows to function as part of an effective interprofessional team that works together longitudinally with shared goals of patient safety and quality improvement. (Core)
IV.C.2.	The program must provide instruction and experience in pain management if applicable for the subspecialty, including recognition of the signs of substance use disorder. (Core)	4.12.	Pain Management The program must provide instruction and experience in pain management if applicable for the subspecialty, including recognition of the signs of substance use disorder. (Core)
IV.C.3.	Fellows must have a minimum of 12 months of clinical experience. (Core)	4.11.a.	Fellows must have a minimum of 12 months of clinical experience. (Core)
IV.C.4.	Fellows must have responsibility throughout their educational program for providing longitudinal outpatient care that is supervised by one or more members of the pediatric infectious diseases faculty. (Core)	4.11.b.	Fellows must have responsibility throughout their educational program for providing longitudinal outpatient care that is supervised by one or more members of the pediatric infectious diseases faculty. (Core)
IV.C.5.	Fellow education must include experience in serving as a role model and providing supervision to residents and/or medical students. (Core)	4.11.c.	Fellow education must include experience in serving as a role model and providing supervision to residents and/or medical students. (Core)
IV.C.6.	Fellows must have a formally structured educational program in the clinical and basic sciences related to pediatric infectious diseases. (Core)	4.11.d.	Fellows must have a formally structured educational program in the clinical and basic sciences related to pediatric infectious diseases. (Core)
IV.C.6.a)	The program must utilize didactic and clinical experience. (Core)	4.11.d.1.	The program must utilize didactic and clinical experience. (Core)
IV.C.6.b)	Pediatric infectious diseases conferences must occur regularly, and must involve active participation by the fellows in planning and implementation. (Core)	4.11.d.2.	Pediatric infectious diseases conferences must occur regularly, and must involve active participation by the fellows in planning and implementation. (Core)

IV.C.6.c)	Fellow education must include instruction in:	[None]	
IV.C.6.c).(1)	basic and fundamental disciplines, as appropriate to pediatric infectious diseases, such as anatomy, physiology, biochemistry, embryology, pathology, microbiology, pharmacology, immunology, genetics, nutrition/metabolism, antibiotic stewardship, and infection control; (Core)	4.11.d.3.	Fellow education must include instruction in basic and disciplines, as appropriate to pediatric infectious disea anatomy, physiology, biochemistry, embryology, path pharmacology, immunology, genetics, nutrition/metab stewardship, and infection control. (Core)
IV.C.6.c).(2) IV.C.6.c).(3)	pathophysiology of disease, reviews of recent advances in clinical medicine and biomedical research, conferences dealing with complications and death, as well as the scientific, ethical, and legal implications of confidentiality and informed consent; (Core) bioethics; and, (Core)	4.11.d.4. 4.11.d.5.	Fellow education must include instruction in pathophy reviews of recent advances in clinical medicine and bi conferences dealing with complications and death, as ethical, and legal implications of confidentiality and inf (Core) Fellow education must include instruction in bioethics.
IV.C.6.c).(3).(a)	This should include attention to physician-patient, physician-family, physician-physician/allied health professional, and physician-society relationships. (Detail)	4.11.d.5.a.	This should include attention to physician-patient, phy physician-physician/allied health professional, and ph relationships. (Detail)
IV.C.6.c).(4)	the economics of health care and current health care management issues, such as cost-effective patient care, practice management, preventive care, population health, quality improvement, resource allocation, and clinical outcomes. (Core)	4.11.d.6.	Fellow education must include instruction in the econo and current health care management issues, such as care, practice management, preventive care, populati improvement, resource allocation, and clinical outcom
IV.D.	Scholarship Medicine is both an art and a science. The physician is a humanistic scientist who cares for patients. This requires the ability to think critically, evaluate the literature, appropriately assimilate new knowledge, and practice lifelong learning. The program and faculty must create an environment that fosters the acquisition of such skills through fellow participation in scholarly activities as defined in the subspecialty-specific Program Requirements. Scholarly activities may include discovery, integration, application, and teaching. The ACGME recognizes the diversity of fellowships and anticipates that programs prepare physicians for a variety of roles, including clinicians, scientists, and educators. It is expected that the program's scholarship will reflect its mission(s) and aims, and the needs of the community it serves. For example, some programs may concentrate their scholarly activity on quality improvement, population health, and/or teaching, while other programs might choose to utilize more classic forms of biomedical research as the focus for scholarship.	[None]	Scholarship Medicine is both an art and a science. The physic scientist who cares for patients. This requires the critically, evaluate the literature, appropriately ass knowledge, and practice lifelong learning. The pro- must create an environment that fosters the acquir through fellow participation in scholarly activities subspecialty-specific Program Requirements. Sch may include discovery, integration, application, and The ACGME recognizes the diversity of fellowship that programs prepare physicians for a variety of clinicians, scientists, and educators. It is expected scholarship will reflect its mission(s) and aims, and community it serves. For example, some program their scholarly activity on quality improvement, po- and/or teaching, while other programs might choos classic forms of biomedical research as the focus
IV.D.1.	Program Responsibilities	4.13.	Program Responsibilities The program must demonstrate evidence of schol consistent with its mission(s) and aims. (Core)
IV.D.1.a)	The program must demonstrate evidence of scholarly activities, consistent with its mission(s) and aims. (Core)	4.13.	Program Responsibilities The program must demonstrate evidence of schol consistent with its mission(s) and aims. (Core)
IV.D.1.b)	The program in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must allocate adequate resources to facilitate fellow and faculty involvement in scholarly activities. (Core)	4.13.a.	The program in partnership with its Sponsoring In allocate adequate resources to facilitate fellow an involvement in scholarly activities. (Core)

and fundamental seases, such as athology, microbiology, tabolism, antibiotic

hysiology of disease, I biomedical research, as well as the scientific, informed consent.

cs. (Core)

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onomics of health care as cost-effective patient ation health, quality omes. (Core)

sician is a humanistic he ability to think assimilate new program and faculty quisition of such skills es as defined in the Scholarly activities and teaching.

hips and anticipates of roles, including ted that the program's and the needs of the ams may concentrate population health, poose to utilize more us for scholarship.

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IV.D.2.Faculty Scholarly Activity4.14.accomplishments in at least three of the for research in basic science, education, trai care, or population health -Systematic reviews, meta-analyses, revier medical textbooks, or case reports -Contribution to professional committees, or of dicrial boardsIV.D.2.Faculty Scholarly Activity, programs must demonstrate accomplishments in at least three of the following domains: (Core) -Research in basic science, education, translational science, patient care, or population health -Peer-reviewed grantsV.D.2.Faculty Scholarly Activity, programs must demonstrate accomplishments in at least three of the following domains: (Core) -Research in basic science, education, translational science, patient care, or population health -Peer-reviewed grants -Quality improvement and/or patient safety initiatives -Quality improvement and/or patient safety -Quality improvement and/or patient safety -Systematic reviews, meta-analyses, review -Greation of curricula, evaluation tools, didactic educational activities, or editorial boardsFaculty Scholarly Activity -Among their scholarly activity within -Peer-reviewed printelectronic resource, educational committees, or erelectronic educational materials -Contribution to professional committees, or erelectronic educations in educationF	IV.D.3.	Fellow Scholarly Activity	4.15.	Where appropriate, the core curriculum in scholarly a collaborative effort involving all of the pediatric subsp the institution. (Detail)
NumberAmong their scholarly activity, programs raccomplishments in at least three of the for Research in basic science, education, trait Caulty improvement and/or patient safety Systematic roviews, meta-analyses, review medical textbooks, or case reports -Corretion of curricule, evaluation tools, did activity, programs raccomplishments in at least three of the for esserve in medical textbooks, or case reports -Corretion of curricule, evaluation tools, did activity, programs must demonstrate accomplishments in at least three of the following domains: (Core) accomplishments in at least three of the following domains: (Core) -Research in basic science, education, translational science, patient care, or population health -Peer-reviewed grants -Quality improvement and/or patient safety -Systematic reviews, meta-analyses, review activity, programs must demonstrate accomplishments in at least three of the following domains: (Core) -Research in basic science, education, translational science, patient care, or population health -Peer-reviewed grants -Quality improvement and/or patient safety -Systematic reviews, meta-analyses, review articles, chapters in medical textbooks, or case reports -Creation of curricula, evaluation tools, did or electronic educational materials -Contribution to professional committees, or erforation of curricula, evaluation tools, did activity programs must demonstrate dissemination of scholarly activity within and external to the program by the following methods:4.14.Among their scholarly activity activity activity programs raccomplishments in at least three of the following systematic reviews, meta-analyses, review activity activity, programs raccomplishments in at least three of the following methods:IV.D.2.a)Inhorvations in education4.14.Inhorvations in education <th>IV.D.2.b).(2)</th> <th></th> <th>4.14.a.2.</th> <th></th>	IV.D.2.b).(2)		4.14.a.2.	
ND.2.Among their scholarly activity, programs rust care, or population health -Peer-reviewed grants -Quality improvement and/or patient safety -Systematic reviews, meta-analyses, review accomplishments in at least three of the for -Research in basic science, education, trai -Quality improvement and/or patient safety -Systematic reviews, meta-analyses, review accomplishments in at least three of the for -Systematic reviews, meta-analyses, review -Creation of curricule, evaluation tools, did -Contribution to professional committees, or -Research in basic science, education, translational science, patient care, or oppulation health -Peer-reviewed grants -Quality improvement and/or patient safety initiatives -Systematic reviews, meta-analyses, review activation to or discissional committees, or editorial boardsFaculty Scholarly Activity -Research in basic science, education, translational science, patient care, or oppulation health -Peer-reviewed grants -Quality improvement and/or patient safety initiatives -Systematic reviews, meta-analyses, review articles, chapters in medical txxbooks, or case reports -Contribution to professional committees, educational activities, or electronic education amaterials -Contribution to professional committees, educational activities, or electronic education amaterials -Contribution to professional committees, educational activities, or electronic education in grand rounds, posters, workspost, quality improvement presentations, podium presentations, spoil chapters, textbooks, webinars, service on professional committees, or editorial boardsAtta.Among their scholarly activity, programs in adcation in grand rounds, posters, workspost, quality improvement presentations, podium presentations, podium presentations, podium presentations, podium presentations, podium presentations, or eaving as a	IV.D.2.b).(1).(a)	services, health policy, quality improvement, or education, as it relates to pediatric infectious diseases. (Core)	4.14.a.1.a.	Scholarly activity must be in a field such as basic sciences health policy, quality improvement, or relates to pediatric infectious diseases. (Core)
IV.D.2.Faculty Scholarly Activity, programs must demonstrate accomplishments in at least three of the following domains: (Core)Among their scholarly activity, programs must -Quality improvement and/or patient safety -Systematic reviews, meta-analyses, review -Contribution to professional committees, or editorial boardsIV.D.2.Faculty Scholarly Activity4.14.Innovations in education, tra -Contribution to professional committees, or editorial boardsIV.D.2.Faculty Scholarly Activity, programs must demonstrate accomplishments in at least three of the following domains: (Core) -Research in basic science, education, translational science, patient care, or population health -Peer-reviewed grants -Quality improvement and/or patient safety initiatives -Quality improvement and/or patient safety initiatives -Quality improvement and/or patient safety initiatives -Quality improvement and/or patient safety initiatives, -Quality improvement and/or patient safety initiatives, <td>IV.D.2.b).(1)</td> <td>improvement presentations, podium presentations, grant leadership, non- peer-reviewed print/electronic resources, articles or publications, book chapters, textbooks, webinars, service on professional committees, or serving as a journal reviewer, journal editorial board member, or editor; (Outcome)</td> <td>4.14.a.1.</td> <td></td>	IV.D.2.b).(1)	improvement presentations, podium presentations, grant leadership, non- peer-reviewed print/electronic resources, articles or publications, book chapters, textbooks, webinars, service on professional committees, or serving as a journal reviewer, journal editorial board member, or editor; (Outcome)	4.14.a.1.	
IV.D.2.Faculty Scholarly Activity, programs must demonstrate accomplishments in at least three of the following domains: (Core)Among their scholarly activity, programs must demonstrate accomplishments in at least three of the following domains: (Core)IV.D.2.Faculty Scholarly Activity4.14.Haustows, or case reports -Contribution to professional committees, or oppulation health -Peer-reviewed grants -Contribution to professional committees, or or editorial boardsIV.D.2.Faculty Scholarly Activity4.14.Haustows, or case reports -Contribution to professional committees, or editorial boardsIV.D.2.Faculty Scholarly Activity, programs must demonstrate accomplishments in at least three of the following domains: (Core) -Research in basic science, education, translational science, patient care, or population health -Peer-reviewed grants 	IV.D.2.b)		4.14.a.	The program must demonstrate dissemination of within and external to the program by the followir
Among their scholarly activity, programs in accomplishments in at least three of the for •Research in basic science, education, trans care, or population health •Peer-reviewed grants •Quality improvement and/or patient safety •Systematic reviews, meta-analyses, review medical textbooks, or case reports •Creation of curricula, evaluation tools, dic or electronic educational materials •Contribution to professional committees,		Among their scholarly activity, programs must demonstrate accomplishments in at least three of the following domains: (Core) •Research in basic science, education, translational science, patient care, or population health •Peer-reviewed grants •Quality improvement and/or patient safety initiatives •Systematic reviews, meta-analyses, review articles, chapters in medical textbooks, or case reports •Creation of curricula, evaluation tools, didactic educational activities, or electronic educational materials •Contribution to professional committees, educational organizations, or editorial boards		Faculty Scholarly Activity Among their scholarly activity, programs must de accomplishments in at least three of the following •Research in basic science, education, translation care, or population health •Peer-reviewed grants •Quality improvement and/or patient safety initiat •Systematic reviews, meta-analyses, review articl medical textbooks, or case reports •Creation of curricula, evaluation tools, didactic e or electronic educational materials •Contribution to professional committees, educat or editorial boards
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of scholarly activity ving methods:

workshops, quality ons, grant leadership, articles or publications, professional ournal editorial board

cience, clinical care, or education, as it

activity should be a specialty programs at

			Fellow Scholarly Activity
	Where appropriate, the core curriculum in scholarly activity should be a		Where appropriate, the core curriculum in scholarly activity should be a
	collaborative effort involving all of the pediatric subspecialty programs at the		collaborative effort involving all of the pediatric subspecialty programs at
IV.D.3.a)		4.15.	the institution. (Detail)
	Each fellow must design and conduct a scholarly project under the guidance of		Each fellow must design and conduct a scholarly project under the
IV.D.3.b)	the fellowship director and a designated mentor. (Core)	4.15.a.	guidance of the fellowship director and a designated mentor. (Core)
			The program must provide a scholarship oversight committee for each
	The program must provide a scholarship oversight committee for each fellow to		fellow to oversee and evaluate their progress as related to the scholarly
IV.D.3.c)	oversee and evaluate their progress as related to the scholarly project. (Core)	4.15.b.	project. (Core)
	Where applicable, the process of establishing fellow scholarship oversight		Where applicable, the process of establishing fellow scholarship oversight
	committees should be a collaborative effort involving other pediatric		committees should be a collaborative effort involving other pediatric
IV.D.3.c).(1)	subspecialty programs or other experts. (Detail)	4.15.b.1.	subspecialty programs or other experts. (Detail)
, , , ,	The scholarly experience must begin in the first year and continue throughout		The scholarly experience must begin in the first year and continue
IV.D.3.d)		4.15.c.	throughout the duration of the educational program. (Core)
	Fellows must have a minimum of 12 months dedicated to research and		Fellows must have a minimum of 12 months dedicated to research and
	scholarly activity, including the development of requisite skills, project		scholarly activity, including the development of requisite skills, project
IV.D.3.d).(1)	completion, and presentation of results to the scholarship oversight committee. (Core)	4.15.c.1.	completion, and presentation of results to the scholarship oversight committee. (Core)
			Section 5: Evaluation
V.	Evaluation	Section 5	
			Fellow Evaluation: Feedback and Evaluation
			Faculty members must directly observe, evaluate, and frequently
			provide feedback on fellow performance during each rotation or
			similar educational assignment. (Core)
V.A.	Fellow Evaluation	5.1.	
			Fellow Evaluation: Feedback and Evaluation
			Faculty members must directly observe, evaluate, and frequently
			provide feedback on fellow performance during each rotation or
V.A.1.	Feedback and Evaluation	5.1.	similar educational assignment. (Core)
	Faculty members must directly observe, evaluate, and frequently provide		Fellow Evaluation: Feedback and Evaluation
	feedback on fellow performance during each rotation or similar		Faculty members must directly observe, evaluate, and frequently
	educational assignment. (Core)	- 4	provide feedback on fellow performance during each rotation or
V.A.1.a)		5.1.	similar educational assignment. (Core)
	Evaluation must be documented at the completion of the assignment.		Evaluation must be documented at the completion of the assignment.
V.A.1.b)		5.1.a.	(Core)
	For block rotations of greater than three months in duration, evaluation		For block rotations of greater than three months in duration,
V.A.1.b).(1)	must be documented at least every three months. (Core)	5.1.a.1.	evaluation must be documented at least every three months. (Core)
	Longitudinal experiences such as continuity clinic in the context of other		Longitudinal experiences such as continuity clinic in the context of
	clinical responsibilities must be evaluated at least every three months		other clinical responsibilities must be evaluated at least every three
V.A.1.b).(2)		5.1.a.2.	months and at completion. (Core)
	The program must provide an objective performance evaluation based on		The program must provide an objective performance evaluation
	the Competencies and the subspecialty-specific Milestones, and must:		based on the Competencies and the subspecialty-specific Milestones,
V.A.1.c)		5.1.b.	and must: (Core)
V.A.1.0)		5.1.5.	
	use multiple evaluators (e.g., faculty members, peers, patients, self, and	5164	use multiple evaluators (e.g., faculty members, peers, patients, self,
V.A.1.c).(1)		5.1.b.1.	and other professional staff members); and, (Core)
	provide that information to the Clinical Competency Committee for its		provide that information to the Clinical Competency Committee for its
	synthesis of progressive fellow performance and improvement toward		synthesis of progressive fellow performance and improvement
V.A.1.c).(2)	unsupervised practice. (Core)	5.1.b.2.	toward unsupervised practice. (Core)
V.A.1.c).(2)	unsupervised practice. (Core) The program director or their designee, with input from the Clinical	5.1.b.2.	toward unsupervised practice. (Core)

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V.A.1.d).(1)	meet with and review with each fellow their documented semi-annual evaluation of performance, including progress along the subspecialty-specific Milestones; (Core)	5.1.c.	The program director or their designee, with input from the Clinical Competency Committee, must meet with and review with each fellow their documented semi-annual evaluation of performance, including progress along the subspecialty-specific Milestones. (Core)
V.A.1.d).(2)	assist fellows in developing individualized learning plans to capitalize on their strengths and identify areas for growth; and, (Core)	5.1.d.	The program director or their designee, with input from the Clinical Competency Committee, must assist fellows in developing individualized learning plans to capitalize on their strengths and identify areas for growth. (Core)
V.A.1.d).(3)	develop plans for fellows failing to progress, following institutional policies and procedures. (Core)	5.1.e.	The program director or their designee, with input from the Clinical Competency Committee, must develop plans for fellows failing to progress, following institutional policies and procedures. (Core)
V.A.1.e)	At least annually, there must be a summative evaluation of each fellow that includes their readiness to progress to the next year of the program, if applicable. (Core)	5.1.f.	At least annually, there must be a summative evaluation of each fellow that includes their readiness to progress to the next year of the program, if applicable. (Core)
V.A.1.f)	The evaluations of a fellow's performance must be accessible for review by the fellow. (Core)	5.1.g.	The evaluations of a fellow's performance must be accessible for review by the fellow. (Core)
V.A.2.	Final Evaluation	5.2.	Fellow Evaluation: Final Evaluation The program director must provide a final evaluation for each fellow upon completion of the program. (Core)
V.A.2.a)	The program director must provide a final evaluation for each fellow upon completion of the program. (Core)	5.2.	Fellow Evaluation: Final Evaluation The program director must provide a final evaluation for each fellow upon completion of the program. (Core)
V.A.2.a).(1)	The subspecialty-specific Milestones, and when applicable the subspecialty-specific Case Logs, must be used as tools to ensure fellows are able to engage in autonomous practice upon completion of the program. (Core)	5.2.a.	The subspecialty-specific Milestones, and when applicable the subspecialty-specific Case Logs, must be used as tools to ensure fellows are able to engage in autonomous practice upon completion of the program. (Core)
V.A.2.a).(2)	The final evaluation must:	[None]	
V.A.2.a).(2).(a)	become part of the fellow's permanent record maintained by the institution, and must be accessible for review by the fellow in accordance with institutional policy; (Core)	5.2.b.	The final evaluation must become part of the fellow's permanent record maintained by the institution, and must be accessible for review by the fellow in accordance with institutional policy. (Core)
V.A.2.a).(2).(b)	verify that the fellow has demonstrated the knowledge, skills, and behaviors necessary to enter autonomous practice; and, (Core)	5.2.c.	The final evaluation must verify that the fellow has demonstrated the knowledge, skills, and behaviors necessary to enter autonomous practice. (Core)
V.A.2.a).(2).(c)	be shared with the fellow upon completion of the program. (Core)	5.2.d.	The final evaluation must be shared with the fellow upon completion of the program. (Core)
V.A.3.	A Clinical Competency Committee must be appointed by the program director. (Core)	5.3.	Clinical Competency Committee A Clinical Competency Committee must be appointed by the program director. (Core)
V.A.3.a)	At a minimum the Clinical Competency Committee must include three members, at least one of whom is a core faculty member. Members must be faculty members from the same program or other programs, or other health professionals who have extensive contact and experience with the program's fellows. (Core)	5.3.a.	At a minimum the Clinical Competency Committee must include three members, at least one of whom is a core faculty member. Members must be faculty members from the same program or other programs, or other health professionals who have extensive contact and experience with the program's fellows. (Core)
V.A.3.b)	The Clinical Competency Committee must:	[None]	
V.A.3.b).(1)	review all fellow evaluations at least semi-annually; (Core)	5.3.b.	The Clinical Competency Committee must review all fellow evaluations at least semi-annually. (Core)
V.A.3.b).(2)	determine each fellow's progress on achievement of the subspecialty- specific Milestones; and, (Core)	5.3.c.	The Clinical Competency Committee must determine each fellow's progress on achievement of the subspecialty-specific Milestones. (Core)

V.A.3.b).(3)	meet prior to the fellows' semi-annual evaluations and advise the program director regarding each fellow's progress. (Core)	5.3.d.	The Clinical Competency Committee must meet pr semi-annual evaluations and advise the program d each fellow's progress. (Core)
V.В.	Faculty Evaluation	5.4.	Faculty Evaluation The program must have a process to evaluate eacl performance as it relates to the educational progra (Core)
V.B.1.	The program must have a process to evaluate each faculty member's performance as it relates to the educational program at least annually. (Core)	5.4.	Faculty Evaluation The program must have a process to evaluate each performance as it relates to the educational progra (Core)
V.B.1.a)	This evaluation must include a review of the faculty member's clinical teaching abilities, engagement with the educational program, participation in faculty development related to their skills as an educator, clinical performance, professionalism, and scholarly activities. (Core)	5.4.a.	This evaluation must include a review of the facult teaching abilities, engagement with the educationa participation in faculty development related to thei educator, clinical performance, professionalism, a activities. (Core)
V.B.1.b)	This evaluation must include written, confidential evaluations by the fellows. (Core)	5.4.b.	This evaluation must include written, confidential (fellows. (Core)
V.B.2.	Faculty members must receive feedback on their evaluations at least annually. (Core)	5.4.c.	Faculty members must receive feedback on their e annually. (Core)
V.B.3.	Results of the faculty educational evaluations should be incorporated into program-wide faculty development plans. (Core)	5.4.d.	Results of the faculty educational evaluations sho into program-wide faculty development plans. (Co
V.C.	Program Evaluation and Improvement	5.5.	Program Evaluation and Improvement The program director must appoint the Program E Committee to conduct and document the Annual P as part of the program's continuous improvement
V.C.1	The program director must appoint the Program Evaluation Committee to conduct and document the Annual Program Evaluation as part of the program's continuous improvement process. (Core)	5.5.	Program Evaluation and Improvement The program director must appoint the Program E Committee to conduct and document the Annual P as part of the program's continuous improvement
V.C.1.a)	The Program Evaluation Committee must be composed of at least two program faculty members, at least one of whom is a core faculty member, and at least one fellow. (Core)	5.5.a.	The Program Evaluation Committee must be comp program faculty members, at least one of whom is member, and at least one fellow. (Core)
V.C.1.b)	Program Evaluation Committee responsibilities must include:	[None]	
V.C.1.b).(1)	review of the program's self-determined goals and progress toward meeting them; (Core)	5.5.b.	Program Evaluation Committee responsibilities mu of the program's self-determined goals and progre them. (Core)
V.C.1.b).(2)	guiding ongoing program improvement, including development of new goals, based upon outcomes; and, (Core)	5.5.c.	Program Evaluation Committee responsibilities mu ongoing program improvement, including develop based upon outcomes. (Core)
V.C.1.b).(3)	review of the current operating environment to identify strengths, challenges, opportunities, and threats as related to the program's mission and aims. (Core)	5.5.d.	Program Evaluation Committee responsibilities mu of the current operating environment to identify stu challenges, opportunities, and threats as related to mission and aims. (Core)
V.C.1.c)	The Program Evaluation Committee should consider the outcomes from prior Annual Program Evaluation(s), aggregate fellow and faculty written evaluations of the program, and other relevant data in its assessment of the program. (Core)	5.5.e.	The Program Evaluation Committee should consid from prior Annual Program Evaluation(s), aggrega faculty written evaluations of the program, and oth its assessment of the program. (Core)

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V.C.1.d)	The Program Evaluation Committee must evaluate the program's mission and aims, strengths, areas for improvement, and threats. (Core)	5.5.f.	The Program Evaluation Committee must evaluate mission and aims, strengths, areas for improveme (Core)
V.C.1.e)	The Annual Program Evaluation, including the action plan, must be distributed to and discussed with the fellows and the members of the teaching faculty, and be submitted to the DIO. (Core)	5.5.g.	The Annual Program Evaluation, including the act distributed to and discussed with the fellows and teaching faculty, and be submitted to the DIO. (Co
V.C.2.	The program must participate in a Self-Study and submit it to the DIO. (Core)	5.5.h.	The program must participate in a Self-Study and (Core)
	One goal of ACGME-accredited education is to educate physicians who seek and achieve board certification. One measure of the effectiveness of the educational program is the ultimate pass rate. The program director should encourage all eligible program graduates to take the certifying examination offered by the applicable American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS) member board or American Osteopathic		Board Certification One goal of ACGME-accredited education is to ed who seek and achieve board certification. One me effectiveness of the educational program is the ul The program director should encourage all eligibl graduates to take the certifying examination offer
V.C.3.	Association (AOA) certifying board.	[None]	American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS) m American Osteopathic Association (AOA) certifying
V.C.3.a)	For subspecialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) an annual written exam, in the preceding three years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that subspecialty. (Outcome)	5.6.	Board Certification For subspecialties in which the ABMS member bo certifying board offer(s) an annual written exam, i three years, the program's aggregate pass rate of examination for the first time must be higher than percentile of programs in that subspecialty. (Outc
V.C.3.b)	For subspecialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) a biennial written exam, in the preceding six years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that subspecialty. (Outcome)	5.6.a.	For subspecialties in which the ABMS member bo certifying board offer(s) a biennial written exam, in years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those examination for the first time must be higher than percentile of programs in that subspecialty. (Outo
V.C.3.c)	For subspecialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) an annual oral exam, in the preceding three years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that subspecialty. (Outcome)	5.6.b.	For subspecialties in which the ABMS member bo certifying board offer(s) an annual oral exam, in th years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those examination for the first time must be higher than percentile of programs in that subspecialty. (Outc
V.C.3.d)	For subspecialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) a biennial oral exam, in the preceding six years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that subspecialty. (Outcome)	5.6.c.	For subspecialties in which the ABMS member bo certifying board offer(s) a biennial oral exam, in th years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those examination for the first time must be higher than percentile of programs in that subspecialty. (Outc
V.C.3.e)	For each of the exams referenced in V.C.3.a)-d), any program whose graduates over the time period specified in the requirement have achieved an 80 percent pass rate will have met this requirement, no matter the percentile rank of the program for pass rate in that subspecialty. (Outcome)	5.6.d.	For each of the exams referenced in 5.6. – 5.6.c., a graduates over the time period specified in the re- achieved an 80 percent pass rate will have met the matter the percentile rank of the program for pass subspecialty. (Outcome)
V.C.3.f)	Programs must report, in ADS, board certification status annually for the cohort of board-eligible fellows that graduated seven years earlier. (Core)	5.6.e.	Programs must report, in ADS, board certification the cohort of board-eligible fellows that graduated earlier. (Core)

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nd submit it to the DIO.

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on status annually for ted seven years

		Section 6: The Learning and Working Environmer
ing Environment		Section 6. The Learning and Working Livitonine
ust occur in the context of a learning and working asizes the following principles:	r	The Learning and Working Environment Fellowship education must occur in the context o working environment that emphasizes the followi
y and quality of care rendered to patients by		•Excellence in the safety and quality of care rende fellows today
y and quality of care rendered to patients by future practice		•Excellence in the safety and quality of care rende today's fellows in their future practice
onalism		•Excellence in professionalism
ivilege of providing care for patients		•Appreciation for the privilege of providing care f
ll-being of the students, residents, fellows, faculty pers of the health care team	, Section 6	•Commitment to the well-being of the students, re faculty members, and all members of the health c
mprovement, Supervision, and Accountability	[None]	
ity Improvement	[None]	
	[None]	
		Culture of Safety
ires continuous identification of vulnerabilities nsparently deal with them. An effective I mechanisms to assess the knowledge, skills, connel toward safety in order to identify areas for		A culture of safety requires continuous identificative vulnerabilities and a willingness to transparently effective organization has formal mechanisms to knowledge, skills, and attitudes of its personnel t
	[None]	order to identify areas for improvement.
r, residents, and fellows must actively participate is and contribute to a culture of safety. (Core)	6.1.	The program, its faculty, residents, and fellows m participate in patient safety systems and contribu safety. (Core)
		Patient Safety Events Reporting, investigation, and follow-up of safety e
n, and follow-up of safety events, near misses, and ivotal mechanisms for improving patient safety, e success of any patient safety program. tial learning are essential to developing true ty to identify causes and institute sustainable		and unsafe conditions are pivotal mechanisms fo safety, and are essential for the success of any pa program. Feedback and experiential learning are developing true competence in the ability to ident institute sustainable systems-based changes to a
s to ameliorate patient safety vulnerabilities.	[None]	safety vulnerabilities.
Ity members, and other clinical staff members	[None]	
ies in reporting patient safety events and unsafe Il site, including how to report such events; and,	6.2	Residents, fellows, faculty members, and other cl must know their responsibilities in reporting patie and unsafe conditions at the clinical site, includin such events. (Core)
		es in reporting patient safety events and unsafe

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y events, near misses, for improving patient patient safety re essential to entify causes and o ameliorate patient

clinical staff members itient safety events ling how to report

VI.A.1.a).(2).(a).(ii)	be provided with summary information of their institution's patient safety reports. (Core)	6.2.a.	Residents, fellows, faculty members, and other cl must be provided with summary information of th patient safety reports. (Core)
VI.A.1.a).(2).(b)	Fellows must participate as team members in real and/or simulated interprofessional clinical patient safety and quality improvement activities, such as root cause analyses or other activities that include analysis, as well as formulation and implementation of actions. (Core)	6.3.	Fellows must participate as team members in real interprofessional clinical patient safety and qualit activities, such as root cause analyses or other ac analysis, as well as formulation and implementati
VI.A.1.a).(3)	Quality Metrics Access to data is essential to prioritizing activities for care improvement and evaluating success of improvement efforts.	[None]	Quality Metrics Access to data is essential to prioritizing activities improvement and evaluating success of improver
VI.A.1.a).(3).(a)	Fellows and faculty members must receive data on quality metrics and benchmarks related to their patient populations. (Core)	6.4.	Fellows and faculty members must receive data o and benchmarks related to their patient populatio
VI.A.2.	Supervision and Accountability	[None]	Supervision and Accountability Although the attending physician is ultimately res care of the patient, every physician shares in the accountability for their efforts in the provision of programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring In widely communicate, and monitor a structured ch and accountability as it relates to the supervision Supervision in the setting of graduate medical edu safe and effective care to patients; ensures each to development of the skills, knowledge, and attitude the unsupervised practice of medicine; and estab for continued professional growth.
VI.A.2.a)	Although the attending physician is ultimately responsible for the care of the patient, every physician shares in the responsibility and accountability for their efforts in the provision of care. Effective programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, define, widely communicate, and monitor a structured chain of responsibility and accountability as it relates to the supervision of all patient care. Supervision in the setting of graduate medical education provides safe and effective care to patients; ensures each fellow's development of the skills, knowledge, and attitudes required to enter the unsupervised practice of medicine; and establishes a foundation for continued professional growth.	[None]	Supervision and Accountability Although the attending physician is ultimately rescare of the patient, every physician shares in the accountability for their efforts in the provision of programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring In widely communicate, and monitor a structured ch and accountability as it relates to the supervision Supervision in the setting of graduate medical educes afe and effective care to patients; ensures each to development of the skills, knowledge, and attitude the unsupervised practice of medicine; and estab for continued professional growth.
VI.A.2.a).(1)	Fellows and faculty members must inform each patient of their respective	6.5.	Fellows and faculty members must inform each p respective roles in that patient's care when provid care. This information must be available to fellows other members of the health care team, and patient
VI.A.2.a).(1).(a)	This information must be available to fellows, faculty members, other members of the health care team, and patients. (Core)	6.5.	Fellows and faculty members must inform each p respective roles in that patient's care when provid care. This information must be available to fellow other members of the health care team, and patien

clinical staff members their institution's

eal and/or simulated lity improvement activities that include ation of actions. (Core)

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responsible for the ne responsibility and of care. Effective Institutions, define, chain of responsibility on of all patient care.

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patient of their viding direct patient ws, faculty members, ients. (Core)

patient of their viding direct patient ws, faculty members, ients. (Core)

VI.A.2.a).(2)	The program must demonstrate that the appropriate level of supervision in place for all fellows is based on each fellow's level of training and ability, as well as patient complexity and acuity. Supervision may be exercised through a variety of methods, as appropriate to the situation. (Core)	6.6.	The program must demonstrate that the appropria supervision in place for all fellows is based on ea training and ability, as well as patient complexity Supervision may be exercised through a variety o appropriate to the situation. (Core)
VI.A.2.b)	Levels of Supervision To promote appropriate fellow supervision while providing for graded authority and responsibility, the program must use the following classification of supervision:	[None]	Levels of Supervision To promote appropriate fellow supervision while authority and responsibility, the program must us classification of supervision.
			Direct Supervision The supervising physician is physically present w during the key portions of the patient interaction.
VI.A.2.b).(1)	Direct Supervision:	6.7.	The supervising physician and/or patient is not pl with the fellow and the supervising physician is c monitoring the patient care through appropriate to technology.
			Direct Supervision The supervising physician is physically present w during the key portions of the patient interaction.
VI.A.2.b).(1).(a)	the supervising physician is physically present with the fellow during the key portions of the patient interaction; or,	6.7.	The supervising physician and/or patient is not pl with the fellow and the supervising physician is c monitoring the patient care through appropriate to technology.
			Direct Supervision The supervising physician is physically present v during the key portions of the patient interaction.
VI.A.2.b).(1).(b)	the supervising physician and/or patient is not physically present with the fellow and the supervising physician is concurrently monitoring the patient care through appropriate telecommunication technology.	6.7.	The supervising physician and/or patient is not pl with the fellow and the supervising physician is c monitoring the patient care through appropriate to technology.
VI.A.2.b).(2)	Indirect Supervision: the supervising physician is not providing physical or concurrent visual or audio supervision but is immediately available to the fellow for guidance and is available to provide appropriate direct supervision.	[None]	Indirect Supervision The supervising physician is not providing physic visual or audio supervision but is immediately av for guidance and is available to provide appropria supervision.
VI.A.2.b).(3)	Oversight – the supervising physician is available to provide review of procedures/encounters with feedback provided after care is delivered.	[None]	Oversight The supervising physician is available to provide procedures/encounters with feedback provided a delivered.
VI.A.2.c)	The program must define when physical presence of a supervising physician is required. (Core)	6.8.	The program must define when physical presence physician is required. (Core)
VI.A.2.d)	The privilege of progressive authority and responsibility, conditional independence, and a supervisory role in patient care delegated to each fellow must be assigned by the program director and faculty members. (Core)	6.9.	The privilege of progressive authority and respon independence, and a supervisory role in patient c each fellow must be assigned by the program dire members. (Core)

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onsibility, conditional t care delegated to lirector and faculty

	The program director must evaluate each fellow's abilities based on		The program director must evaluate each fellow's abilities based on
VI.A.2.d).(1)	specific criteria, guided by the Milestones. (Core)	6.9.a.	specific criteria, guided by the Milestones. (Core)
VI.A.2.d).(2)	Faculty members functioning as supervising physicians must delegate portions of care to fellows based on the needs of the patient and the skills of each fellow. (Core)	6.9.b.	Faculty members functioning as supervising physicians must delegate portions of care to fellows based on the needs of the patient and the skills of each fellow. (Core)
VI.A.2.d).(3)	Fellows should serve in a supervisory role to junior fellows and residents in recognition of their progress toward independence, based on the needs of each patient and the skills of the individual resident or fellow. (Detail)	6.9.c.	Fellows should serve in a supervisory role to junior fellows and residents in recognition of their progress toward independence, based on the needs of each patient and the skills of the individual resident or fellow. (Detail)
VI.A.2.e)	Programs must set guidelines for circumstances and events in which fellows must communicate with the supervising faculty member(s). (Core)	6.10.	Programs must set guidelines for circumstances and events in which fellows must communicate with the supervising faculty member(s). (Core)
VI.A.2.e).(1)	Each fellow must know the limits of their scope of authority, and the circumstances under which the fellow is permitted to act with conditional independence. (Outcome)	6.10.a.	Each fellow must know the limits of their scope of authority, and the circumstances under which the fellow is permitted to act with conditional independence. (Outcome)
VI.A.2.f)	Faculty supervision assignments must be of sufficient duration to assess the knowledge and skills of each fellow and to delegate to the fellow the appropriate level of patient care authority and responsibility. (Core)	6.11.	Faculty supervision assignments must be of sufficient duration to assess the knowledge and skills of each fellow and to delegate to the fellow the appropriate level of patient care authority and responsibility. (Core)
VI.B.	Professionalism	6.12.	Professionalism Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must educate fellows and faculty members concerning the professional and ethical responsibilities of physicians, including but not limited to their obligation to be appropriately rested and fit to provide the care required by their patients. (Core)
VI.B.1.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must educate fellows and faculty members concerning the professional and ethical responsibilities of physicians, including but not limited to their obligation to be appropriately rested and fit to provide the care required by their patients. (Core)		Professionalism Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must educate fellows and faculty members concerning the professional and ethical responsibilities of physicians, including but not limited to their obligation to be appropriately rested and fit to provide the care required by their patients. (Core)
VI.B.2.	The learning objectives of the program must:	[None]	
VI.B.2.a)	be accomplished without excessive reliance on fellows to fulfill non- physician obligations; (Core)	6.12.a.	The learning objectives of the program must be accomplished without excessive reliance on fellows to fulfill non-physician obligations. (Core)
VI.B.2.b)	ensure manageable patient care responsibilities; and, (Core)	6.12.b.	The learning objectives of the program must ensure manageable patient care responsibilities. (Core)
VI.B.2.c)	include efforts to enhance the meaning that each fellow finds in the experience of being a physician, including protecting time with patients, providing administrative support, promoting progressive independence and flexibility, and enhancing professional relationships. (Core)	6.12.c.	The learning objectives of the program must include efforts to enhance the meaning that each fellow finds in the experience of being a physician, including protecting time with patients, providing administrative support, promoting progressive independence and flexibility, and enhancing professional relationships. (Core)
VI.B.3.	The program director, in partnership with the Sponsoring Institution, must provide a culture of professionalism that supports patient safety and personal responsibility. (Core)	6.12.d.	The program director, in partnership with the Sponsoring Institution, must provide a culture of professionalism that supports patient safety and personal responsibility. (Core)
VI.B.4.	Fellows and faculty members must demonstrate an understanding of their personal role in the safety and welfare of patients entrusted to their care, including the ability to report unsafe conditions and safety events. (Core)	6.12.e.	Fellows and faculty members must demonstrate an understanding of their personal role in the safety and welfare of patients entrusted to their care, including the ability to report unsafe conditions and safety events. (Core)

VI.B.5.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must provide a professional, equitable, respectful, and civil environment that is psychologically safe and that is free from discrimination, sexual and other forms of harassment, mistreatment, abuse, or coercion of students, fellows, faculty, and staff. (Core)	6.12.f.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring In provide a professional, equitable, respectful, and that is psychologically safe and that is free from o sexual and other forms of harassment, mistreatm coercion of students, fellows, faculty, and staff. (6
VI.B.6.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, should have a process for education of fellows and faculty regarding unprofessional behavior and a confidential process for reporting, investigating, and addressing such concerns. (Core)	6.12.g.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Ir have a process for education of fellows and facul unprofessional behavior and a confidential proce investigating, and addressing such concerns. (Co
	Well-Being Psychological, emotional, and physical well-being are critical in the development of the competent, caring, and resilient physician and require proactive attention to life inside and outside of medicine. Well-		Well-Being Psychological, emotional, and physical well-being development of the competent, caring, and resilie require proactive attention to life inside and outsi being requires that physicians retain the joy in me
	being requires that physicians retain the joy in medicine while managing their own real-life stresses. Self-care and responsibility to support other members of the health care team are important components of professionalism; they are also skills that must be modeled, learned, and nurtured in the context of other aspects of fellowship training.		managing their own real-life stresses. Self-care and support other members of the health care team and components of professionalism; they are also ski modeled, learned, and nurtured in the context of fellowship training.
	Fellows and faculty members are at risk for burnout and depression. Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, have the same responsibility to address well-being as other aspects of resident competence. Physicians and all members of the health care team share responsibility for the well-being of each other. A positive culture in a		Fellows and faculty members are at risk for burne Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring In same responsibility to address well-being as othe resident competence. Physicians and all member team share responsibility for the well-being of eac
VI.C.	clinical learning environment models constructive behaviors, and prepares fellows with the skills and attitudes needed to thrive throughout their careers.	[None]	culture in a clinical learning environment models behaviors, and prepares fellows with the skills an to thrive throughout their careers.
VI.C.1.	The responsibility of the program, in partnership with the Sponsoring Institution, must include:	6.13.	The responsibility of the program, in partnership Institution, must include:
VI.C.1.a)	attention to scheduling, work intensity, and work compression that impacts fellow well-being; (Core)	6.13.a.	attention to scheduling, work intensity, and work impacts fellow well-being; (Core)
VI.C.1.b)		6.13.b.	evaluating workplace safety data and addressing and faculty members; (Core)
VI.C.1.c)		6.13.c.	policies and programs that encourage optimal fel member well-being; and, (Core)
VI.C.1.c).(1)	Fellows must be given the opportunity to attend medical, mental health, and dental care appointments, including those scheduled during their working hours. (Core)	6.13.c.1.	Fellows must be given the opportunity to attend r health, and dental care appointments, including t during their working hours. (Core)
VI.C.1.d)	education of fellows and faculty members in:	6.13.d.	education of fellows and faculty members in:
VI.C.1.d).(1)	identification of the symptoms of burnout, depression, and substance use disorders, suicidal ideation, or potential for violence, including means to assist those who experience these conditions; (Core)	6.13.d.1.	identification of the symptoms of burnout, depres use disorders, suicidal ideation, or potential for v means to assist those who experience these cond
VI.C.1.d).(2)	recognition of these symptoms in themselves and how to seek appropriate care; and, (Core)	6.13.d.2.	recognition of these symptoms in themselves and appropriate care; and, (Core)
VI.C.1.d).(3)	access to appropriate tools for self-screening. (Core)	6.13.d.3.	access to appropriate tools for self-screening. (C
VI.C.1.e)	providing access to confidential, affordable mental health assessment, counseling, and treatment, including access to urgent and emergent care 24 hours a day, seven days a week. (Core)	6.13.e.	providing access to confidential, affordable ment assessment, counseling, and treatment, including and emergent care 24 hours a day, seven days a

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	There are circumstances in which fellows may be unable to attend work, including but not limited to fatigue, illness, family emergencies, and		There are circumstances in which fellows may be work, including but not limited to fatigue, illness, f
VI.C.2.	medical, parental, or caregiver leave. Each program must allow an appropriate length of absence for fellows unable to perform their patient care responsibilities. (Core)	6.14.	and medical, parental, or caregiver leave. Each pro an appropriate length of absence for fellows unabl patient care responsibilities. (Core)
VI.C.2.a)	The program must have policies and procedures in place to ensure coverage of patient care and ensure continuity of patient care. (Core)	6.14.a.	The program must have policies and procedures in coverage of patient care and ensure continuity of p
VI.C.2.b)	These policies must be implemented without fear of negative consequences for the fellow who is or was unable to provide the clinical work. (Core)	6.14.b.	These policies must be implemented without fear of consequences for the fellow who is or was unable clinical work. (Core)
VI.D.	Fatigue Mitigation	6.15.	Fatigue Mitigation Programs must educate all fellows and faculty mer recognition of the signs of fatigue and sleep depriv management, and fatigue mitigation processes. (D
VI.D.1.	Programs must educate all fellows and faculty members in recognition of the signs of fatigue and sleep deprivation, alertness management, and fatigue mitigation processes. (Detail)	6.15.	Fatigue Mitigation Programs must educate all fellows and faculty mer recognition of the signs of fatigue and sleep depriv management, and fatigue mitigation processes. (D
VI.D.2.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure adequate sleep facilities and safe transportation options for fellows who may be too fatigued to safely return home. (Core)	6.16.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring In ensure adequate sleep facilities and safe transport fellows who may be too fatigued to safely return he
VI.E.	Clinical Responsibilities, Teamwork, and Transitions of Care	[None]	
VI.E.1.	Clinical Responsibilities The clinical responsibilities for each fellow must be based on PGY level, patient safety, fellow ability, severity and complexity of patient illness/condition, and available support services. (Core)	6.17.	Clinical Responsibilities The clinical responsibilities for each fellow must b level, patient safety, fellow ability, severity and cor illness/condition, and available support services. (
VI.E.1.a)	The program director must have the authority and responsibility to set and adjust the clinical responsibilities and ensure that fellows have appropriate clinical responsibilities and an appropriate patient load. (Core)	6.17.a.	The program director must have the authority and resp adjust the clinical responsibilities and ensure that fellow clinical responsibilities and an appropriate patient load
VI.E.1.a).(1)	This must include progressive clinical, technical, and consultative experiences that will enable each fellow to develop expertise as a pediatric infectious diseases consultant. (Core)	6.17.a.1.	This must include progressive clinical, technical, and c experiences that will enable each fellow to develop exp infectious diseases consultant. (Core)
VI.E.1.a).(2)	Lines of responsibility for the fellows must be clearly defined. (Core)	6.17.a.2.	Lines of responsibility for the fellows must be clearly de
VI.E.2.	Teamwork Fellows must care for patients in an environment that maximizes communication and promotes safe, interprofessional, team-based care in the subspecialty and larger health system. (Core)	6.18.	Teamwork Fellows must care for patients in an environment t communication and promotes safe, interprofession care in the subspecialty and larger health system.
VI.E.3.	Transitions of Care	6.19.	Transitions of Care Programs must design clinical assignments to opt patient care, including their safety, frequency, and
VI.E.3.a)	Programs must design clinical assignments to optimize transitions in patient care, including their safety, frequency, and structure. (Core)	6.19.	Transitions of Care Programs must design clinical assignments to opt patient care, including their safety, frequency, and
VI.E.3.b)	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must ensure and monitor effective, structured hand-off processes to facilitate both continuity of care and patient safety. (Core)	6.19.a.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Ins ensure and monitor effective, structured hand-off facilitate both continuity of care and patient safety

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VI.E.3.c)	Programs must ensure that fellows are competent in communicating with team members in the hand-off process. (Outcome)	6.19.b.	Programs must ensure that fellows are competen with team members in the hand-off process. (Out
VI.F.	Clinical Experience and Education Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must design an effective program structure that is configured to provide fellows with educational and clinical experience opportunities, as well as reasonable opportunities for rest and personal activities.	[None]	Clinical Experience and Education Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Ir design an effective program structure that is com fellows with educational and clinical experience of well as reasonable opportunities for rest and pers
VI.F.1.	Maximum Hours of Clinical and Educational Work per Week Clinical and educational work hours must be limited to no more than 80 hours per week, averaged over a four-week period, inclusive of all in- house clinical and educational activities, clinical work done from home, and all moonlighting. (Core)	6.20.	Maximum Hours of Clinical and Educational Work Clinical and educational work hours must be limit 80 hours per week, averaged over a four-week pe in-house clinical and educational activities, clinic home, and all moonlighting. (Core)
VI.F.2.	Mandatory Time Free of Clinical Work and Education	6.21.	Mandatory Time Free of Clinical Work and Educat Fellows should have eight hours off between sch and education periods. (Detail)
VI.F.2.a)	Fellows should have eight hours off between scheduled clinical work and education periods. (Detail)	6.21.	Mandatory Time Free of Clinical Work and Educat Fellows should have eight hours off between sch and education periods. (Detail)
VI.F.2.b)	Fellows must have at least 14 hours free of clinical work and education after 24 hours of in-house call. (Core)	6.21.a.	Fellows must have at least 14 hours free of clinicated education after 24 hours of in-house call. (Core)
VI.F.2.c)	Fellows must be scheduled for a minimum of one day in seven free of clinical work and required education (when averaged over four weeks). Athome call cannot be assigned on these free days. (Core)	6.21.b.	Fellows must be scheduled for a minimum of one clinical work and required education (when avera weeks). At-home call cannot be assigned on thes
VI.F.3.	Maximum Clinical Work and Education Period Length	6.22.	Maximum Clinical Work and Education Period Le Clinical and educational work periods for fellows hours of continuous scheduled clinical assignme
VI.F.3.a)	Clinical and educational work periods for fellows must not exceed 24 hours of continuous scheduled clinical assignments. (Core)	6.22.	Maximum Clinical Work and Education Period Le Clinical and educational work periods for fellows hours of continuous scheduled clinical assignme
VI.F.3.a).(1)	Up to four hours of additional time may be used for activities related to patient safety, such as providing effective transitions of care, and/or fellow education. Additional patient care responsibilities must not be assigned to a fellow during this time. (Core)	6.22.a.	Up to four hours of additional time may be used f to patient safety, such as providing effective trans and/or fellow education. Additional patient care re not be assigned to a fellow during this time. (Core
VI.F.4.	Clinical and Educational Work Hour Exceptions	6.23.	Clinical and Educational Work Hour Exceptions In rare circumstances, after handing off all other in fellow, on their own initiative, may elect to remain clinical site in the following circumstances: to con- care to a single severely ill or unstable patient; to attention to the needs of a patient or patient's fam- unique educational events. (Detail)
VI.F.4.a)	In rare circumstances, after handing off all other responsibilities, a fellow, on their own initiative, may elect to remain or return to the clinical site in the following circumstances: to continue to provide care to a single severely ill or unstable patient; to give humanistic attention to the needs of a patient or patient's family; or to attend unique educational events. (Detail)	6.23.	Clinical and Educational Work Hour Exceptions In rare circumstances, after handing off all other in fellow, on their own initiative, may elect to remain clinical site in the following circumstances: to con- care to a single severely ill or unstable patient; to attention to the needs of a patient or patient's fam- unique educational events. (Detail)

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VI.F.4.b)	These additional hours of care or education must be counted toward the 80-hour weekly limit. (Detail)	6.23.a.	These additional hours of care or education must be counted toward the 80-hour weekly limit. (Detail)
	A Review Committee may grant rotation-specific exceptions for up to 10 percent or a maximum of 88 clinical and educational work hours to individual programs based on a sound educational rationale.		A Review Committee may grant rotation-specific exceptions for up to 10 percent or a maximum of 88 clinical and educational work hours to individual programs based on a sound educational rationale.
VI.F.4.c)	The Review Committee for Pediatrics will not consider requests for exceptions to the 80-hour limit to the fellows' work week.	6.24.	The Review Committee for Pediatrics will not consider requests for exceptions to the 80-hour limit to the fellows' work week.
VI.F.5.	Moonlighting	6.25.	Moonlighting Moonlighting must not interfere with the ability of the fellow to achieve the goals and objectives of the educational program, and must not interfere with the fellow's fitness for work nor compromise patient safety. (Core)
VI.F.5.a)	Moonlighting must not interfere with the ability of the fellow to achieve the goals and objectives of the educational program, and must not interfere with the fellow's fitness for work nor compromise patient safety. (Core)	6.25.	Moonlighting Moonlighting must not interfere with the ability of the fellow to achieve the goals and objectives of the educational program, and must not interfere with the fellow's fitness for work nor compromise patient safety. (Core)
VI.F.5.b)	Time spent by fellows in internal and external moonlighting (as defined in the ACGME Glossary of Terms) must be counted toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. (Core)	6.25.a.	Time spent by fellows in internal and external moonlighting (as defined in the ACGME Glossary of Terms) must be counted toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. (Core)
VI.F.6.	In-House Night Float Night float must occur within the context of the 80-hour and one-day-off- in-seven requirements. (Core)	6.26.	In-House Night Float Night float must occur within the context of the 80-hour and one-day- off-in-seven requirements. (Core)
VI.F.7.	Maximum In-House On-Call Frequency Fellows must be scheduled for in-house call no more frequently than every third night (when averaged over a four-week period). (Core)	6.27.	Maximum In-House On-Call Frequency Fellows must be scheduled for in-house call no more frequently than every third night (when averaged over a four-week period). (Core)
VI.F.8.	At-Home Call	6.28.	At-Home Call Time spent on patient care activities by fellows on at-home call must count toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. The frequency of at- home call is not subject to the every-third-night limitation, but must satisfy the requirement for one day in seven free of clinical work and education, when averaged over four weeks. (Core)
VI.F.8.a)	Time spent on patient care activities by fellows on at-home call must count toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. The frequency of at- home call is not subject to the every-third-night limitation, but must satisfy the requirement for one day in seven free of clinical work and education, when averaged over four weeks. (Core)	6.28.	At-Home Call Time spent on patient care activities by fellows on at-home call must count toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. The frequency of at- home call is not subject to the every-third-night limitation, but must satisfy the requirement for one day in seven free of clinical work and education, when averaged over four weeks. (Core)
VI.F.8.a).(1)	At-home call must not be so frequent or taxing as to preclude rest or reasonable personal time for each fellow. (Core)	6.28.a.	At-home call must not be so frequent or taxing as to preclude rest or reasonable personal time for each fellow. (Core)